



GENEVA CENTRE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS
ADVANCEMENT AND GLOBAL DIALOGUE

UNITED NATIONS HUMAN RIGHTS COUNCIL

Urgent Debate on the Recent Military Aggression Launched by Israel against the State of Qatar

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BACKGROUND

On 10 September 2025, the Permanent Representative of Pakistan on behalf of Member States of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC) and the Permanent Representative of the State of Kuwait on behalf of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) addressed each one letter to H.E. Mr. Jürg Lauber, President of the United Nations Human Rights Council (UNHRC). Both letters called for an **urgent debate** during the 60th session of the UNHRC in order to discuss the recent military aggression by the State of Israel against the State of Qatar on 9 September 2025. Decided debate was decided by the UNHRC at its meeting on Monday, 15 September, and shall follow the same modalities as UNHRC general debates with a speaking time of one minute and 30 seconds for all.

OPENING REMARKS

H.E. Mr. Volker TÜRK, United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights

Israel's strike on negotiators in Doha on 9 September was a shocking breach of international law, an **assault on regional peace and stability**, and a blow against the integrity of mediation and negotiating processes around the world. As such, High Commissioner Volker Türk condemns it and calls on the UNHRC and on all governments to do the same. The UN Secretary-General has



pointed out that Israel's action was a flagrant **violation of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Qatar**. The members of the UN Security Council also expressed their condemnation.

The **attack violated the right to life** under international human rights law and the principles of international humanitarian law. Targeting parties engaged in internationally supported mediation on its territory undermines **Qatar's key role as a facilitator** and peace broker. It is an attack on global efforts to resolve conflicts peacefully. The High Commissioner urges the UNHRC to reaffirm the central importance of mediation processes and to call for **accountability for unlawful killings**.

Laws exist to defend values central to our societies and to our world. The **rules of war** which govern every party to armed conflict were agreed over decades for the common good. Under those rules, the distinction between civilian and military targets is fundamental. An attack may never be targeted at civilians who are not directly taking part in hostilities. At their core, the main purpose of the rules of war is to minimise the use of armed force and to prevent and ease the suffering of civilians. When countries ignore them, they undermine the protection of civilians everywhere.

In the case of the Israeli attack in Doha, the **Hamas delegation** was in Qatar to negotiate for a ceasefire, a vital step towards peace. Peace is so desperately needed in Gaza, in the occupied West Bank, in Lebanon, in Syria, in Yemen and across the entire region. The Israeli attack was concurrent with other actions which are destroying any prospect of the two-state solution, the only route to sustainable peace. On the same day as the attack, Israel signalled a new phase of its assault on Gaza with a **displacement order** for some one million people to leave Gaza City without necessary provision for their safety and security. This is another blatant contravention of international humanitarian law.

Meanwhile, as funerals were held for those killed in Doha, the Israeli government formally signed off on the so-called E1 project near East Jerusalem. The Prime Minister described this project as fulfilling the government's promise to stop the creation of a Palestinian state. This is the latest in a **long list of illegal facts** on the ground that are bringing the two-state solution closer and closer to a point of no return. Our **hearts break** for the civilians of Gaza, for the Israeli hostages and their loved ones, for those arbitrarily held in Israeli prisons and their families. War without laws means a future of endless cruelty and suffering for civilians, both Palestinian and Israeli. This attack demonstrates the urgent need for member states to step up. Few have done so.

The UN has been on the ground throughout, delivering aid and documenting violations at huge costs. Hundreds of **UN staff have been killed**. Nearly two years after the appalling terror attacks of 7 October 2023 and the ensuing escalation in violence, this carnage has to stop. Member states cannot wait any longer. They have an obligation to take concrete action to stop egregious violations of international law, including those spelled out by the International Court of Justice.

States must **stop the flow of arms to Israel** that risk violating the laws of war. They must apply maximum pressure for a ceasefire, the release of all hostages and those arbitrarily detained, as well as the entry of sufficient humanitarian aid into Gaza. Urging states to do everything possible to support the right to self-determination of the Palestinian people, the High Commissioner commends those states that are leading by their example.



Ms. Jovana JEZDIMIROVIC RANITO, Member, Coordination Committee of UN Special Procedures, and Chair-Rapporteur of the Working Group (WG) on the Use of Mercenaries

Addressing the UNHRC on behalf of the Coordination Committee of UN Special Procedures, Ms. Jovana RANITO qualifies the recent military aggression launched by Israel against the state of Qatar on 9 September 2025 as a **grave breach of the UN Charter**, especially the prohibition of the use of force against the sovereignty and territorial integrity of states. Such illegal actions **violate the right to life**, undermine international multilateral order and risk further destabilisation of the region.

Israel's continued attacks against multiple sovereign states, in addition to the crimes it is committing against the Palestinian people, are **normalising the use of violence** under the guise of self-defence and are sending a deeply troubling signal that might override the rule of law. Israel's latest attack in the region came as a critical moment when Qatar, together with Egypt and the United States, was leading efforts for a ceasefire and the release of hostages. By targeting individuals gathered to discuss these proposals, Israel undermined one of the few credible avenues to restore peace and prevent further destruction in Gaza and open a path to peace.

Killing members of a negotiating team not only violates international law but also breaks the very foundation of the **peace diplomacy** which requires dialogue conducted in good faith rather than the deceptive use of force. The Coordination Committee echoes the UN Secretary-General's condemnation of this attack as a violation of Qatar's sovereignty and territorial integrity. Respect for these principles are not optional. They are the foundation of the United Nations system and must be upheld by all states, regardless of circumstances. The Coordination Committee applauds the **continuous efforts deployed by Qatar** to secure a ceasefire and release of all hostages held by Hamas in Gaza.

This aggression also illustrates the inextricable link between the three pillars of the United Nations - peace and security, human rights and sustainable development. **Peace is a precondition** for realising human rights and achieving sustainable development. When diplomacy is undermined by unilateral, illegal military action, cycles of violence and lawlessness are triggered. Apart from resulting in the loss of lives of innocent people, such actions widen distrust, weaken the rule of law, obstruct humanitarian access and divert resources away from sustainable development.

The effects of such acts erode international norms and encourage impunity, creating conditions in which further human rights violations become more likely. This aggression is the latest in the series of demonstrating the right-based international multilateral system is being substituted by a **might-makes-right system**, testing the entire UN system to the limits. Conflicts continue to inflict immense suffering on people with limited effective international response.

One main reason is that states and other actors are failing to uphold the values and principles enshrined in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the UN Charter. Without a determined effort to respect international human rights law and international humanitarian law, there is a risk of the UN and human rights system collapsing, with devastating consequences. Hence, the **UNHRC cannot remain silent** in the face of a dangerous precedent set by Israel.



The Coordination Committee **strongly urges Israel** to respect international law and to refrain from further actions that jeopardise prospects of peace and threaten regional stability. It must immediately halt its offensive in Gaza City, allow unrestricted access to humanitarian aid and end its illegal occupation of the Palestinian territories as required by the International Court of Justice and the UN General Assembly. It calls on all states to stand in solidarity with Qatar and take collective actions to hold accountable those responsible for this attack.

Accountability is not only a legal imperative but also an essential condition for restoring trust in the mechanisms of diplomacy and conflict resolution. The international community should not allow Israel to be law unto itself, nor should it allow a state to shield another state from accountability for brave and systemic violations of international human rights law and international humanitarian law. At this critical moment, the international community must strengthen support for **mediation and humanitarian relief**. The urgent need for a ceasefire in Gaza, the release of hostages and the delivery of aid cannot be delayed. The people in Gaza have endured immense suffering, with tens of thousands killed and almost an entire territory devastated. They deserve dignity, justice, accountability and a durable peace.

The Coordination Committee as well as Special Procedures mandate holders stand readily to support the Council, the High Commissioner and all relevant actors in monitoring and responding to the human rights implications of the crisis. The principles of the UN Charter, the protection of human rights and the rule of law must guide our collective response. We cannot allow aggression, impunity and disregard for international law to become the new norm. Qatar, the people of Gaza and the wider region look to the UNHRC to **act with resolve and uphold the core values** on which the United Nations was founded. It is critical to re-research human rights as a pathway to address the ongoing crisis and to create a peaceful and sustainable world for all.

VIEWS EXPRESSED BY CONCERNED COUNTRIES

The delegation of **Israel** is not present.

The delegation of **Qatar** takes the floor through **H.E. Ms. Mariam bint Ali bin Nasser Al Misnad**, Minister of State for International Cooperation, who extends her sincere thanks to the UNHRC for its rapid response to convening this emergency debate, which reflects the Council's pivotal role in safeguarding human rights and promoting international peace and security.

On Tuesday, 9 September 2025, Qatar was subjected to a treacherous attack in the form of an airstrike that has **targeted populated areas** in the heart of the capital, Doha, near diplomatic missions, schools, kindergartens, and mosques. This area is inhabited by 5,000 people, including families of citizens and residents and members of the Political Bureau of Hamas and their families. The attack resulted in deaths and injuries, including the martyr Corporal Badr Saad Mohammed Al-Humaidi Al-Dosari, 22 years old, and 18 other wounded. This is not only a flagrant violation of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the State of Qatar, but also constitutes a **major breach of basic human rights** - the rights to life, security, education, and the protection of children, as recognised by international conventions such as the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and the Convention on the Rights of the Child.



This attack represents a violent, flagrant violation of international humanitarian law by **targeting a purely civilian area**. An attack on a member state of the United Nations amounts to state terrorism and a direct threat to regional and international peace and security. What makes this crime even more serious is the fact that it has targeted a state that is playing a mediating role in coordination with the United States and Egypt to reach a ceasefire in Gaza.

Targeting the mediating state is **targeting the principle of negotiation** itself. The Qatari mediation since October 7 has reached tangible results, and targeting the mediating state not only undermines the negotiation process, but also dispels all opportunity to save more lives and achieve peace. This experience confirmed that the Qatari mediation was never a formal act, but rather a concrete practise that has saved lives and restored rights.

This attack was not an isolated incident, but it was rather part of a broader campaign aimed at distorting Qatar's role and **obstructing its diplomatic efforts**. This was confirmed by the statement of the Israeli Prime Minister, who clearly announced the continuation of threats against other countries, a dangerous escalation that even threatens to drag other countries. As for the Arab and Islamic position, the Arab-Islamic Summit held yesterday said unanimously that it condemns the brutal aggression and rejects any attempt to justify it; and considers it as a flagrant violation of international law and the UN Charter.

Regrettably, in today's world, we have become **accustomed to the news of deaths, attacks, and starvation**. Qatar questions - What are we waiting for? What is the message that we are sending to the world if we are unable to stop hostility, hatred, and violence through international treaties and conventions? What message are we sending to future generations regarding the respect of human rights and our trust and confidence in law? **If the rule of law is absent, then the logic of force will prevail**. We gathered here at the United Nations to seek a way to achieve peace. We can normalise life - not death; law - not chaos; unity - not disintegration.

The State of Qatar condemns the treacherous attack by Israel and the targeting of civilians in breach of international law. It calls on the Council and the international community to take practical steps to **hold the aggressor accountable** and prevent impunity; to warn of the danger of targeting mediating states; and to renew Qatar's commitment to the approach of mediation and work for peace. With a **moral and legal duty** to do so despite this aggression, Qatar is confident that the UNHRC will not accept any violation of human rights principles and will not tolerate this flagrant violation. In closing, Qatar is confident that the Council will place respect for international law as a priority for the sake of stability and preserving the role of mediation as an essential tool for ending conflicts and ensuring that people enjoy their freedom and security.

INTERACTIVE DIALOGUE

Statements by Regional and Cross-Regional Groups

Algeria on behalf of the Arab group denounces that the attack by Israel against the Qatari capital, Doha, is a crime which will go down in the lengthy history of Israel's violations of the UN Charter and established practise. The Arab group condemns this attack, as well as the attacks against other Arab states such as Syria and Yemen, and this escalation of violence may aggravate the instability in the region. The Arab group is gravely concerned at this attack on a state acting as



mediator. It undermines the mediation which seeks to end the war in Gaza and is an aggravation, a violation of the UN Charter. The Arab group stands in solidarity with Qatar. The war in the region is fuelled by total impunity and I call on the international community to act urgently to end these violations and require all parties to respect international law.

The **European Union** expresses its full solidarity with Qatar, its strategic partner, which alongside Egypt and the United States plays a crucial role as mediator of the conflict in Gaza. The focus of the international community must remain on reaching a ceasefire, the release of all hostages, and unimpeded access of humanitarian assistance to Gaza. The EU strongly supports the determination expressed by the Prime Minister of Qatar to continue this country's mediation role. The EU has consistently called on Israel to respect international law, including international human rights law and international humanitarian law. While urging all parties to refrain from any actions that jeopardise mediation channels and regional stability and remain committed to the two-state solution, it recalls that the EU and other international partners have listed Hamas as a terrorist organisation. Recently adopted new sanctions regimes underline the EU's principled stance against terrorism in all its forms.

Ghana on behalf of the African group commends the convening of this urgent debate that demonstrates the Council's ability to respond swiftly to human rights challenges worldwide. The African group expresses deep concern regarding the armed attack by Israel against the State of Qatar on 9 September 2025. The group underscores the importance of adherence to international law and the principles enshrined in the UN Charter and calls for restraint, dialogue and peaceful resolution to the situation. Furthermore, the African group recognises the important role of states engaged in mediation efforts and the facilitation of peaceful dialogue and underscores that any measures directed against a state actively contributing to such efforts raises serious concerns under international law, particularly with respect to the principles of sovereignty, non-intervention and the peaceful resolution of disputes. Such actions not only challenge the integrity of international norms but also risk undermining the safeguarding of human rights across the global community. Lastly, the African group reaffirms the importance of the principles of justice, peace and equality in the international arena and further affirms that efforts to mediate and promote peace must be respected and that no actor should face reprisal for pursuing dialogue and reconciliation. Welcoming Qatar's commitment to continue its mediating efforts, the group urges the UNHRC and its Council, its relevant mechanisms, and the High Commissioner – to monitor and report on incidents of attacks against mediating states, and to provide recommendations in strengthening their protection under international law.

Kuwait on behalf of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) appreciates the holding of this urgent debate following the blatant aggression by Israel against the state of Qatar, while the latter was undertaking its humanitarian role as a mediator for a ceasefire ending the crisis in Gaza and releasing the detainees. The GCC countries insist on the fact that protecting civilians, respecting international law, promoting human rights is a collective responsibility that the whole international community should fulfil. It is our duty today to send a strong message, a clear one, that aggression on the sovereignty of countries jeopardising the lives of civilians, spreading terror and hampering mediation are acts that cannot be accepted and the perpetrators should be held accountable. The GCC countries call for joint international efforts in order to respect international humanitarian law; protect countries that undertake mediation roles that protect



and promote human rights; and work on safeguarding international peace and security. In this context, the GCC countries invite all states to adhere to the joint statement by Qatar.

The **League of Arab States** condemns in the strongest terms the brutal Israeli military attack that targeted residential buildings in the Qatari capital, Doha, on 9 September. This attack constitutes a flagrant and totally unacceptable violation of the sovereignty of the sisterly State of Qatar and a grave breach of international law, the UN Charter and all established international norms. This crime comes at a time when Qatar, alongside Egypt and the United States, is making strenuous and sincere efforts to mediate a ceasefire and end the devastating war on the Gaza Strip, which confirms that the attack represents a dangerous escalation and an unacceptable violation that threatens security and peace in the region and puts its stability at stake. The League of Arab States affirms its full solidarity with the State of Qatar, its government and its people, and its unconditional support for any measures it takes to protect its sovereignty and preserve the security and safety of its citizens and territory. Israel's practices violate the most basic rules of international law and international legitimacy resolutions, which places a clear legal and moral responsibility on the international community to compel Israel to cease its dangerous escalation and continued attacks, respect the sovereignty and stability of states, and refrain from targeting diplomatic efforts seeking peace.

Pakistan on behalf of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC group) condemns in the strongest terms the Israeli aggression against Qatar on 9 September 2025 in blatant violation of international law and the UN Charter. The OIC group strongly denounces this attack on the mediation process that Qatar has hosted commendably alongside regional and international countries to address the catastrophic humanitarian crisis in the OPT, particularly in Gaza. This unjustifiable and unprovoked attack constitutes a dangerous escalation threatening the very foundation for the enjoyment of all human rights by all peoples in the region, as well as an attack on the sovereignty, security and territorial integrity of the State of Qatar under the pretext of countering terrorism. Initiatives such as mediation by Qatar and other countries offer a starting point towards a just and lasting regional peace with equal rights and dignity for all peoples in the region, especially the people under occupation in Palestine.

South Africa on behalf of a Cross-Regional Group composed of 77 states¹ who stand united in defense of the rule of law, human rights, peace and security, founded upon freedom, equality, and respect for international law. They stand to condemn the use of force against peace-loving countries. They stand to support Qatar, its sovereignty, and territorial integrity, and condemn in the strongest terms the heinous armed attacks in Doha launched by Israel on 9 September 2025. The Cross-Regional Group expresses its deep concern over the precedent of targeting a State that is engaged in mediation efforts and facilitating dialogue between parties to an armed conflict.

¹ Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, Bolivia, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Chad, China, Colombia, Comoros, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Egypt, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Honduras, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Morocco, Mozambique, Niger, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Sri Lanka, State of Palestine, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Togo, Tunisia, Türkiye, Turkmenistan, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Venezuela, Yemen.



Such attacks on mediating states do not only constitute a dangerous precedent that may deter neutral actors from engaging in conflict resolution and peace-building, but also undermine international and regional peace and security, obstruct peaceful settlement of disputes, and jeopardize the promotion and protection of human rights. In this regard, they join the UN Secretary-General, the High Commissioner for Human Rights, and many others who strongly condemned and rejected the Israeli attacks on Doha. They also welcome the UN Security Council press statement SC/16163 issued on 11 September 2025, in which UNSC members expressed their condemnation of the recent strikes in Doha, the territory of a key mediator, on 9 September 2025, and expressed deep regret at the loss of civilian life. ‘We cannot allow the world to descend into a lawless era.’ It is high time that the international community uses every appropriate and possible tool to make sure that Israel abide by the principles of the UN Charter and the rules of international law. No one should be above the law. Today’s urgent debate is instrumental to communicating this resounding message. Accordingly, the Cross-Regional Group:

- Strongly condemns all attacks, threats, or acts of coercion directed against neutral or mediating States engaged in good offices between parties to an armed conflict or political dispute;
- Reaffirms that such actions constitute a violation of international law, including the principles of sovereignty, non-intervention, and the peaceful settlement of disputes;
- Recognizes the crucial role played by neutral and mediating States in facilitating dialogue, negotiation, and the peaceful settlement of disputes between conflicting parties;
- Further recognizes that mediation is a cost-effective and efficient tool for conflict prevention, management and resolution, as well as for sustaining peace;
- Welcomes the commitment of the State of Qatar to continue its efforts in mediating conflicts through peaceful means;
- Calls for robust measures to ensure protection of mediating states from attacks by any party to the conflict, and their immunity from the consequences of the conflict itself;
- Urges the UNHRC and its relevant mechanisms, the UN Secretary-General, and the High Commissioner for Human Rights to monitor and report on incidents of attacks against mediating States, and to provide recommendations on strengthening their protection under international law.

The Cross-Regional Group remains committed to supporting mediation efforts and good offices as indispensable tools for the promotion of peace, security, and the protection of human rights.

Views Expressed by State Delegations

Middle East and North Africa²

Algeria strongly condemns the heinous Israeli aggression that targeted Doha, and expresses its full and unwavering solidarity with the brotherly state of Qatar in this alarming circumstance. The deliberate expansion of Israel’s multifaceted and indiscriminate aggression, most notably the targeting of the negotiation team working to end the brutal assault on Gaza, clearly demonstrated that the occupying power has no genuine intention to pursue peace. This reckless act reveals a

² As defined by UNICEF, 2021.



complete disregard for diplomacy and confirms once again that Israel recognises no limits to its brutality nor respect for international law and fundamental humanitarian principles. It further proves that the release of hostages is neither important nor a priority for Israel. This dangerous escalation is made possible by the continued lack of accountability. While calls for accountability often resonate loudly within the UNHRC during country-specific debates, a troubling silence prevails when it comes to Israel. The failure to impose consequences only emboldens further crimes to erode the credibility of the international legal system. This extremely serious situation demands a resolute and urgent response. The international community must assume its responsibility and Israeli impunity and prevent this aggression from plunging the region into further instability and insecurity.

Bahrain stresses that this session at this urgent debate comes at a critical and highly sensitive time. The principles of international law, human rights and fundamental freedoms, and efforts to promote international peace and security are facing a real test. This calls for solidarity and cooperation from all international actors to establish a culture of peace and respect for international law and international human rights law, to preserve international peace and security, and to ensure that states implement their obligations to protect, respect, and promote human rights and fundamental freedoms. Bahrain strongly condemns the attack launched by Israel against Qatar on 9 September 2025, considering it a violation of Qatar's sovereignty, security, and stability, as well as of international law and the UN Charter. The Israeli attack on Qatar poses a serious threat to regional stability and undermines peace efforts, particularly in light of the ongoing war in the Gaza Strip, for which Qatar, along with its partners, Egypt and the United States, have made tireless efforts to achieve a permanent ceasefire and the release of hostages and detainees. In conclusion, Bahrain affirms its full solidarity with Qatar in all measures it takes to protect its security, sovereignty, and the safety of its citizens and residents. It calls for continued diplomatic efforts at all levels to achieve an irreversible peace process that guarantees the fulfillment of the rights of the Palestinian people, spares the region the evil of war and destruction, and provides a safe and stable environment for coexistence, sustainable development, growth, and prosperity for all peoples of the region.

Djibouti expresses its deep indignation, condemning in the strongest terms the airstrike carried out on 9 September 2025 by Israel against the State of Qatar, in blatant violation of international law, the UN Charter, and Qatari sovereignty and integrity. This heinous and unprecedented act represents a particularly serious escalation, posing direct threats to regional peace and stability, as the attack against Qatar constitutes a direct threat to collective security and peace, and targets the stability of the entire region. This military attack is all the more shocking given that the State of Qatar and its authorities have consistently been at the forefront of mediation efforts aimed at facilitating negotiations towards establishing a ceasefire to the ongoing Israeli aggression against the Palestinian people. Djibouti expresses its full solidarity and support to the government and the brotherly people of Qatar and calls on the international community, particularly the UN Security Council, to assume its responsibilities to put an end to this violation, prevent the recurrence of such acts, and avert any further dangerous escalation in the region.

Egypt condemns in the strongest and harshest terms Israel's brutal and unjustified aggression against Qatar. This blatant aggression not only constitutes a flagrant violation of the sovereignty of an Arab state that is a member of the United Nations and a key mediator in efforts to end the



war in Gaza. It is also a gross violation of international law and the human rights principles on which the UNHRC is founded, foremost among which are the rights to life, security and human dignity. This attack is but the latest episode in a long history of Israeli violations in the occupied Palestinian territories and other countries, including the targeting and killing of innocent civilians, forced displacement, destruction of infrastructure, terrorising populations and depriving them of the basic necessities of life through policies of starvation and blockade. This is a systematic policy based on the use of excessive force as a tool to impose a *fait accompli*, in clear defiance of the United Nations Charter and international law, and a direct threat to regional and international stability and security. Egypt affirms its full solidarity with the State of Qatar and calls on the UNHRC and the international community to take a clear and decisive stance to stop Israel's repeated attacks in the region; and to ensure the protection of civilians, justice for victims, and accountability for the perpetrators of these crimes. The time has come to put an end to the lack of international accountability for Israel's repeated violations, which have encouraged Israel to continue its aggression against peoples and humanity and to persist in its flagrant violations of international law. The time has come to hold Israel accountable for these crimes. Silence and complacency of the international community are no longer an acceptable option.

Iraq expresses its strong condemnation and denunciation of the blatant aggression launched by the occupying power against the sisterly State of Qatar, its sovereignty, territorial integrity, and the rights of its people, and its targeting of Hamas leaders. This aggression further heightens tensions in the region and leads to the expansion of the conflict. This aggression is a continuation of the systematic policy of killing employed by the occupying power, undermining the mediation process led by Qatar in its efforts to stop genocide, ethnic cleansing, and the use of starvation against the Palestinians. In this regard, Iraq reiterates its firm stance in standing by the government and people of the State of Qatar, and its full support in confronting any attacks that undermine its sovereignty or threaten its national security. It calls for holding accountable those who undermine the security and stability of the region, and for holding the occupying power legally and politically responsible for these actions, in compliance with the principles of the United Nations Charter and the rules of international law. The international community must not stand idly by in the face of these violations, which may affect the countries of the region at any moment under unacceptable pretexts.

Jordan sends a sincere message of solidarity that human values and human rights principles are incompatible with the Israeli government's persistent behaviour, continued aggression and catastrophic actions. Its treacherous and condemnable attack on Doha last week not only targeted the mediation role to achieve a ceasefire based on the US President's proposal, but also constituted a violation of many rights for which this Council is responsible. International law is clear - anyone who violates the principle of distinction between targets is classified as a war criminal. What is needed today is to put an end to this recklessness, starting with practical steps to ensure that the Council fulfils its role and uses its mechanisms to expose and hold accountable those responsible for crimes. Jordan advocates for peace, which guarantees security and tranquillity for all. Jordan stands on the side of truth, law and legitimacy, and will continue to pursue its just cause, because it believes that the future of the region and the world must not be held hostage by reckless hands. Human rights are there to protect every human being from tyranny and to deter the aggressor. In conclusion, the eyes of the free world are on the



UNHRC today, and every day, to see its actions, its defence of our shared values and their application without exception.

Kuwait expresses its strong condemnation and denunciation of the brutal and cowardly aggression perpetrated against the sisterly State of Qatar by the unjust Israeli forces, which resulted in the death of a number of martyrs and the injury of a number of innocent civilians. Kuwait affirms that this treacherous aggression constitutes a flagrant violation of all international laws and norms, a serious threat to the security and stability of the region, and a direct undermining of international security and peace. It reiterates its position that the United Nations and the international community must shoulder their responsibility to maintain international peace and security, take serious and effective steps to stop Israel's systematic aggression against the countries of the region, and hold the perpetrators of these crimes against unarmed civilians accountable. In conclusion, Kuwait remains steadfast in its support for the sisterly State of Qatar in the measures it is taking to preserve its security, stability and sovereignty and to protect the safety of its citizens and residents.

Lebanon stresses that the State of Qatar has always been at the forefront of diplomatic efforts to resolve conflicts in various parts of the world, and it has never spared any effort for this noble humanitarian cause. Therefore, the Israeli aggression against it is, above all else, an assault on the philosophy of values upon which the United Nations was founded, and on the goals for which it was established. The UNHRC is called upon today to rise firmly to its responsibility to condemn and hold accountable the perpetrators of this aggression, which is also an assault on every person's right to live in safety – which people lack in Lebanon due to the daily assaults by the occupying force, in blatant violation of UN Security Council resolution 1701, and which the Palestinian people in Gaza and the West Bank are deprived of in a persistent challenge to the decisions of the International Court of Justice.

Libya condemns this shameful aggression by Israel against another country, and stands in solidarity with the Qatari people and government. Libya supports Qatar in all ways necessary. This latest Israeli attack shows how the occupying power flouts international law and all conventions. It uses force in international relations, and this reflects the impunity that just encourages Israel to commit such crimes. Targeting Qatar, a state that is acting as a mediator, shows that this state does not wish to have peace, but rather continues to meet up this barbaric war against civilians. This bloody aggression and war are indescribable. Libya calls for all concrete measures possible to halt the occupying power, also through diplomatic and political sanctions with the prohibition to export arms.

Morocco strongly condemns the aggression targeting the sovereignty of the sisterly State of Qatar, considering this aggression a grave violation of international law and a serious threat to the security and safety of the entire region. Morocco reaffirms its full solidarity with Qatar in the face of anything that could affect its security, the integrity of its territory and the peace of mind of its citizens and residents. In this regard, it calls on the international community to deal with this situation responsibly and firmly. In accordance with the vision of His Majesty King Mohammed VI, Chairman of the Al-Quds Committee of the Organisation of Islamic Cooperation, Morocco affirms that the two-state solution, through the establishment of a Palestinian state on the June 1967 borders with East Jerusalem as its capital, is the only way to achieve a just solution for the



Palestinian people and to bring about security and stability in the region. In this context, Morocco reiterates its categorical rejection of the provocative actions and statements by Israeli authorities regarding the displacement of Gaza residents and settlement practices in the West Bank, which are clear violations of international law and international humanitarian law.

Oman expresses its strong condemnation and denunciation of the brutal Israeli aggression that targeted the territory of the sisterly State of Qatar on 9 September 2025. This aggression constitutes a flagrant violation of the sovereignty of a member state of the United Nations and a grave breach of international law and the United Nations Charter. This aggression, which was not limited to targeting Qatari territory only, but also extended to one of the negotiating elements residing in a country sponsoring the ceasefire efforts in Gaza, constitutes a dangerous escalation that threatens the stability of the region and undermines the political and diplomatic efforts aimed at stopping the bloodshed, it sends negative messages about Israel's intentions toward the entire negotiating process, which undermines any future peace process foundations on trust and seriousness. Based on the above, Oman reiterates its categorical rejection of this provocative aggression, affirms its full solidarity with Qatar, and calls on the international community to take a firm and practical stance that ensures respect for the sovereignty of states, puts an end to these blatant violations, and holds accountable those responsible. Those responsible for it, thus establishing the principle of non-impunity. Oman further stresses that continued international silence regarding these practices will undermine the multilateral international order and encourage further escalation and aggression. This calls for urgent and serious action to ensure the protection of international peace and security, enforce respect for international law, and preserve opportunities for a peaceful solution to any future threats.

Saudi Arabia denounces that Israel's actions no longer just isolated violations, but rather systematic behaviour based on indiscriminate killing, suffocating siege, deliberate starvation and forced displacement, in repeated scenes that violate all international laws and norms. The treacherous and sinful attack on the sisterly State of Qatar is but the latest episode in a long series of crimes that Israel has become accustomed to committing. Saudi Arabia affirms its unwavering stand alongside the State of Qatar in support of its sovereignty, security and stability, and in support of all measures it takes. It condemns this blatant aggression in the strongest terms and considers it not only an attack on a specific country, but also an attack on the security of the entire region and an undermining of mediation efforts and diplomatic endeavours aimed at achieving a ceasefire in Gaza, releasing detainees and alleviating the suffering of civilians. Respect for the Charter of the United Nations, the sovereignty of states, international humanitarian law and international human rights law is not a luxury but a necessity and an obligation. The protection of human rights and dignity is a principle and a priority. Therefore, serious international action must be taken to stop this recklessness and hold the perpetrators accountable, without double standards or selectivity.

The **State of Palestine** strongly condemns Israel's aggression against Qatar, which constitutes a blatant violation of international law and the UN Charter, as well as an attack on the sovereignty of a UN member state. Even more alarming, this assault targeted members of the negotiating team working toward a ceasefire in Gaza, where Israel continues to commit genocide, findings further reinforced this morning by the UNHRC-mandated Commission of Inquiry. This further demonstrates that Israel, a government composed of war criminals as identified by the ICC, has



never been interested in peace, nor does it seek it now. This aggression did not occur in a vacuum. Since its inception, Israel has consistently violated fundamental principles of international law, committing the most egregious crimes with total impunity. Decades of international inaction have directly fueled this barbaric attack and the wider instability in the region. This is the inevitable consequence when impunity replaces justice. What is urgently required now is concrete, collective action against Israel and all those complicit in its crimes. This must include sanctions, an arms embargo, and genuine accountability measures. The international legal system is being reduced to a tool of injustice. To prevent this, member states must end the selective and discriminatory application of the law and act in full accordance with the very obligations they claim to uphold. This is no longer about Palestine. It is now clear that no state is immune when accountability is applied selectively, where for some, the law is enforced, but when it comes to Israel, it is inverted to guarantee full immunity from any consequences.

Sudan states that this brutal aggression against Qatar confirms more than ever before that the United Nations Charter that brings us together at the United Nations, within the Human Rights Council, international law and multilateralism are all under threat. When a state is attacked whilst it is playing a leading role in mediation and in peace-building, one is also attacking international peace and security. Sudan condemns in the strongest terms this attack by Israel against the state of Qatar. Standing in solidarity with Qatar and its people, Sudan praises the peaceful role played by Qatar in Sudan and its good offices, in particular in the humanitarian sphere. This aggression is a direct attack in reality on the mediation efforts underway in Doha to bring an end to the catastrophe unfolding in the Palestinian territories and attempt to find a peaceful settlement.

The **Syrian Arab Republic** condemns in the strongest terms the brutal Israeli aggression that targeted the Qatari capital, Doha, which constituted a direct threat to the security and safety of civilians and a flagrant violation of the sovereignty of Qatar and the provisions of international law. Syria considers this attack not to be an isolated incident, but rather part of a continuous Israeli policy of aggression aimed at destabilising the region, as it aims to undermine efforts to bring peace to the region and thwart initiatives seeking to achieve stability, foremost among which are Qatar's efforts to support an end to the aggression against the Palestinian people and alleviate their humanitarian suffering. This aggression is one episode in a continuous series of Israeli attacks, whether in Palestine, where the occupation continues its policies of killing, destruction and displacement of innocent people, or in Syria, where repeated attacks violate its sovereignty and threaten its security and stability in flagrant violation of international law and the Charter of the United Nations. Syria renews its full solidarity with Qatar, its leadership, government and people, and calls on the international community to shoulder its legal and moral responsibilities and take a clear and firm stance to put an end to these serious violations, and ensure the protection of civilians and the preservation of regional and international peace and security by taking concrete measures to hold Israel accountable for its repeated attacks and end the policy of impunity that has encouraged it to continue its aggression.

Tunisia condemns in the strongest terms the treacherous and cowardly attack perpetrated by Israel against the State of Qatar on 9 September 2025, in flagrant violation of all international laws and conventions. Tunisia expresses its sympathy and solidarity with Qatar, its leadership and people, in the wake of this brutal aggression, emphasizing the danger of the occupying power's



continued arrogant aggressive approach. Not content with nearly two years of genocidal war and the policy of starvation against the brotherly Palestinian people, its brutal attacks have extended to a number of Arab and Islamic countries, including Qatar, which is sponsoring mediation efforts to achieve a ceasefire in the Gaza Strip. Tunisia reiterates its principled and unwavering position in support of the Palestinian people in their efforts to regain their legitimate rights, which will not lapse with time, foremost among which is the establishment of an independent, fully sovereign state on all of Palestine, with Jerusalem as its capital. In this context, Tunisia also calls on the international community, particularly the UN Security Council, to assume its legal, moral, and humanitarian responsibilities and act with all seriousness and resolve to put an end to the killing, starvation, and terrorism perpetrated by the occupying power in the Palestinian territories.

The **United Arab Emirates** has condemned in the strongest terms the blatant and cowardly Israeli attack that targeted Qatar. The UAE expresses its sincere condolences and solidarity with Qatar over the martyrdom of a member of Qatar's Internal Security Force, and reaffirms its full solidarity with Qatar and our steadfast support in confronting all threats to its security and stability. The UNHRC must remain steadfast in defending the universality of international law and the indivisibility of human rights. Any act of aggression that undermines state sovereignty contradicts the very foundations of which the UNHRC gathers to promote and protect. This attack represents a serious violation of the sovereignty of an Arab Gulf state and United Nations member, in a clear breach of international law, and a dangerous escalation that further threatens regional stability and international peace, therefore undermining the very core principles of human rights. In conclusion, the region cannot afford to descend into further instability fueled by aggressive rhetoric, hate speech, and abandonment of the principles enshrined in the UN Charter.

Yemen condemns most vigorously the cowardly Israeli attack on Qatar violating principles of international law and order. This is a cowardly attack against the sovereignty of a state and jeopardises regional and international peace and security. Israel is enjoying immunity and it is attacking other countries such as Yemen where infrastructure, civilian sites, airports and aeroplanes have been targeted and destroyed. These acts of aggression are unprecedented escalation of the situation and violate the UN Charter, principles of international law and international humanitarian law. Yemen condemns the way the occupying Israeli forces are pursuing such policies and calls upon the international community to assume its legal and moral responsibilities by taking the necessary measures to bring an end to these repeated attacks and aggressions and hold into account the perpetrators of such crimes.

Africa³

Chad expresses its outrage and reiterates its condemnation of this Israeli attack against Qatar, which unfortunately claimed a number of lives. Calling for the respect for international law, the UN Charter and state sovereignty, Chad reiterates its solidarity and support for the authorities and all of the Qatari people. Chad would call on the international community to take efforts to prevent any escalation which might jeopardise peace and stability in the region. Chad hails the responsible and wise stance taken by the state of Qatar and would urge it to continue its efforts for mediation in spite of the increasing tension. Dialogue must prevail. There is no military

³ Except for MENA countries.



solution to the conflict in the Middle East. And, Mr. President, there will be no military solution to any kind of conflict in our world. Chad advocates for the continuation of the political process that involves all actors concerned as well as the de-escalation of hostilities to avoid any worsening of the situation.

The **Gambia** unequivocally condemns the recent Israeli airstrikes on the state of Qatar which have resulted in devastating loss of life, widespread destruction of civilian infrastructure, and heightened instability across the Gulf region. These actions constitute a flagrant violation of international law, including the sovereignty of Qatar and the core principles enshrined in the United Nations Charter. The Gambia extends its deepest condolences and unwavering solidarity to the government and peoples of Qatar during this time of immense grief and challenge. The Gambia reaffirms its resolute support for Qatar's sovereignty, territorial integrity, and the right to security. Respect for state sovereignty is the bedrock of the international order. Any act of aggression that disregards this principle not only undermines global peace and security but also poses a profound threat to human rights worldwide. The Gambia urgently calls upon the international community and the UNHRC in particular to take immediate and decisive action to halt further escalation, ensure accountability for these violations, and prioritise the protection of civilian lives. Remaining steadfast in its commitment to dialogue, diplomacy, and peaceful coexistence, the Gambia pledges its full support to all efforts aimed at restoring peace, stability, and security in the Middle East and beyond.

Ghana is deeply concerned by the unprovoked Israeli armed attack on the southern state of Qatar resulting in the loss of lives and extensive damage to public property. Ghana strongly condemns this armed attack which cannot be justified under any circumstance. The attack also constitutes a clear violation of international law and an affront to sovereignty of Qatar. Such attack equally undermines the ongoing pursuit of peace between the states of Palestine and Israel. Standing in solidarity with the people of Qatar in these challenging times, Ghana commends Qatar for its tireless and impressive commitment towards the resolution of the conflict between the states of Israel and Palestine and further appeals that this condemnable incident will not derail Qatar's efforts in negotiating a peaceful diplomatic resolution of the conflict.

Mali condemns the aggression against Qatar and expresses its solidarity with the people and government of Qatar and its institutions. Targeting a mediator that is striving to find a solution to hostage release and the de-escalation of violence makes this increasingly complicated. Mali invites all to respect international law, international humanitarian law and the UN Charter, and also reminds that the two-state solution is crucial for peace and stability in the region.

Mauritania most categorically condemns the Israeli attack on the capital of Qatar, violating the sovereignty of this country and international peace and security, Mauritania stands in solidarity with the people and state of Qatar. This brutal aggression targeted a mediator who works tirelessly to find an agreement to bring an end to the genocide that the Palestinian people are subjected to. This is a dangerous precedent and yet another example of the lack of interest that Israel has in seeking peace. Israel is persisting in its genocide, in its war, and this undermines the peace and security internationally as well as regionally. It is against collective security interests. Israel is continuing to violate international laws. Therefore, Mauritania calls upon the international



community to use all possible measures to ensure respect of international law and to maintain the credibility of the international order.

Nigeria expresses deep concern over the Israeli airstrike on 9 September 2025 in Doha, Qatar. Nigeria underscores the primacy of respecting the sovereignty of all nations, adhering to international law, particularly in matters involving the use of force across borders. This development raises serious concern about regional stability and the prospect of ongoing diplomatic efforts aimed at resolving the Israeli-Palestine conflict. Nigeria acknowledges Qatar's longstanding role in fostering dialogue and mediation in the region. In this context, Nigeria urges all parties to exercise maximum restraint, avoid escalation, and recommit to peaceful engagement. Nigeria extends its heartfelt sympathy to all those affected by the incident and reiterates its unwavering support for initiatives that promote discernment, dialogue, and durable peace. Finally, Nigeria remains steadfast in its commitment to working alongside members of the international community within the framework of the United Nations and other multilateral fora to advance peace, security, and the rule of law in the Middle East and beyond.

Rwanda stands in solidarity with the government and the people of the State of Qatar and unequivocally condemns the deadly attack in Qatar launched by Israel, which endangered civilians and further inflamed an already fragile situation. Rwanda reaffirms the sovereignty, territorial integrity, and security of all member states. The UN Charter, international law, and the peaceful settlement of dispute must guide all actions. Any use of force against these principles weakens collective security. Rwanda underlines the indispensable role of mediator states in preventing escalation and paving the way to durable political solutions. In this spirit, Rwanda commends Qatar's constructive engagement in the Great Lakes region, consistent with the African Union framework and complementary to the Washington Peace Agreement, to facilitate inter-Congolese dialogue aimed at ending violence, safeguarding human rights, and paving the way for comprehensive political resolution. Rwanda invites the Council to recommend practical measures to safeguard mediators and mediating states, and to ensure accountability under international law.

Senegal, though its highest authorities, has already expressed serious concern following the attacks of the Israeli forces in Doha against the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Qatar, a country which is working to bring peace between the parties to the conflict. This is a grave attack on international law and a threat to international peace and security. Senegal expresses its support and solidarity to the government and people of Qatar. Pursuant to the fundamental principles of the United Nations Charter, Senegal calls imperatively for international law to prevail in interstate relations, particularly in the current context where multilateralism and international rule of law that are based on rule of law are being sorely tested. The drama unfolding in Gaza is clearly witness to this. Senegal reiterates its support to dialogue between nations at the Council to seek a peaceful settlement of disputes which can show peace and stability and prosperity which are vital for the full enjoyment of human rights.

Somalia is particularly alarmed at the attack targeted at state-engaged mediation and humanitarian dialogue, undermining not only threatening peace efforts but also weakening the protection of civilians, obstructing humanitarian access, and risk discouraging states from contributing to conflict prevention and resolution. Somalia welcomes the statement of the High



Commissioner for Human Rights and the condemnation expressed by many states, thereby echoing the call for full respect of international humanitarian law and the protection of mediating states under all circumstances. Somalia reaffirms its solidarity with human Qatar and urges the international community to ensure that no state is above the law and those who seek peace are supported, not targeted. The international community must move beyond mere condemnation and enforce international law in order to achieve a lasting peace and stability in the region.

South Africa expresses its solidarity with Qatar and condemns the strike carried out by Israel which targeted a civilian compound located in Doha. This attack constitutes a violation of the UN Charter, global norms and international law breaching the principles of sovereignty and territorial integrity while also undermining the safety of civilians and protected persons amounting to war crimes. It strikes against the very heart of mediation processes given the critical role that Qatar plays in efforts to facilitate a ceasefire in Gaza. It demonstrates that Israel does not want to end its genocidal war against the Palestinian people. As such, South Africa believes that the international community should end Israel's impunity and hold it accountable. Israel's belief that it is exempt from accountability has given rise to its genocidal attacks on the Palestinian people. It is time for the international community to demonstrate through practical countermeasures that Israel does not enjoy some form of special immunity from accountability. Accordingly, South Africa calls on Israel to desist from such attacks; to immediately halt the unbearable suffering that it is inflicting on the Palestinian people; and to bring a decisive end to its unlawful occupation of Palestine once and for all which lies at the root of this attack.

Tanzania notes with deep concern the recent escalation of hostilities in the Middle East at a time when the world is already bound to multiple conflicts that have brought immense human suffering. Our collective capacity to endure further crises is severely strained. Additional instability only undermines global peace, security, and development. Tanzania reaffirms the enduring principles of the United Nations Charter enshrining the principles of respect for sovereignty and territorial integrity as well as the peaceful settlement of disputes. Tanzania calls upon all parties to exercise maximum restraint and to enhance dialogue and diplomacy as the only sustainable means of resolving their differences. In this moment of heightened global fragility, Tanzania urges the international community to strengthen multilateral cooperation and collective action to safeguard peace and stability and to uphold our shared humanity. Above all, the international community must ensure that human rights and international humanitarian law are fully respected and protected, with special attention to the safety of civilians, the dignity of those displaced, and the urgent humanitarian needs arising from the conflict.

Uganda condemns the attack in Doha on 9 September 2025 and regrets the loss of civilian life and destruction of property. The attack constitutes a violation of Qatar's sovereignty and territorial integrity contrary to international law and Uganda stands in solidarity with Qatar. Any further escalation in the region is of deep concern to us which could have grave consequences. Uganda calls for de-escalation. Qatar alongside the United States and Egypt has played a vital role in mediation efforts in the region including the release of hostages, efforts which Uganda fully support. Uganda further notes the strike could impair negotiations including for a permanent ceasefire in Gaza and urges Qatar to continue playing its mediation role. This situation is a reminder of the urgency for a just and comprehensive peace in the Middle East. Uganda urges the international community and the parties in particular to exert all efforts for peace based on



relevant UN resolutions to achieve a two-state solution with two states, Israel and Palestine living side by side in peace and security.

Asia and the Pacific⁴

Bangladesh unequivocally condemns the recent Israeli military aggression against the state of Qatar. Such acts constitute a clear violation of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Qatar, as well as of international law and the principles of the UN Charter. Acts that target a mediator undermine every channel towards de-escalation and peace process. Bangladesh stands in steadfast solidarity with the government and the people of the brotherly state of Qatar in the face of this unlawful and unprovoked attack. This incident is yet another indication of Israel's continued disregard for regional stability, international peace, and established international norms. Such actions undermine global efforts towards peace and security. Bangladesh calls on all parties to respect the inviolability of states engaged in mediation and to desist from any action that international law prohibits or that jeopardises regional stability. On this premise, Bangladesh calls for a clear condemnation of the attacks on mediators and on sovereign territories as unacceptable and constituting a threat to broader regional understandings. Bangladesh call upon the international community to take appropriate measures to ensure accountability and to uphold respect for international law and the UN Charter.

Brunei Darussalam draws attention to the holding of the emergency Arab-Islamic summit it held in Doha yesterday and underscores its full support on this outcome. Standing in full solidarity with the government and the people of the state of Qatar, Brunei reiterates its strong condemnation of Israel's attack on the state of Qatar which constitutes a grave and unacceptable violation of international law and UN Charter, in particular the fundamental principles of sovereignty and territorial integrity of states. Such violation poses a dangerous threat to regional security and stability and undermines ongoing efforts to achieve long-lasting peace, including the ongoing negotiations for ceasefire in Gaza in which Qatar continues to play a pivotal role as mediator. The entrenched impunity long afforded to Israel has enabled the continuation of its acts of aggression and emboldened its persistent disregard of international law. This must be stopped. Such violations must be addressed and accountability and justice must be upheld. The very credibility of the UN and the multilateral system is at its stake. Brunei urgently calls on the international community to take firm and decisive action to compel Israel to cease all illegal acts and violence that endanger both regional and global peace and stability. Lastly, it reaffirms that the plight of the Palestinian people lies at the core of the conflict in the Middle East and must not be ignored.

China states that the attack launched by Israel on 9 September 2025 is a clear violation of Qatar's territorial sovereignty and national security, openly disobeyed the international law and UN Charter, and blatantly undermined the efforts on peace process. China firmly rejects and categorically condemns such acts. Respecting other countries' sovereignty and territorial integrity is part of the basic norms of international relations. Yet Israel disregards this norm and frequently initiates military operations to other neighbouring countries. As a vital party for good offices in the negotiation of ceasefire in Gaza, Qatar has made enormous efforts to promote the ceasefire and restore peace, which have been widely recognised by the international community.

⁴ Except for MENA countries.



Yet it was during the discussion on ceasefire agreement in Qatar that delegation of Hamas was attacked by Israel. Such act is a deliberate attempt to derail the negotiation process. Abuse of military power is never a solution to any problem. China strongly calls upon all parties, Israel in particular, to take more positive efforts for the cessation of conflict and resumption of negotiation, to earnestly observe the international humanitarian law and human rights law, and to respect the right to life of people in other neighbouring countries. In closing, China stands ready to work with the international community to play a constructive role in the efforts of ending conflict and de-escalating the tension in the region.

India is deeply concerned about the recent attacks in Doha and their impact on the security situation in the region. India unequivocally condemns the violation of the sovereignty of Qatar. Such actions threaten peace, stability and security not only in the region but across the world. India firmly believes that differences must be resolved peacefully through dialogue and diplomacy in full conformity with the principles of the UN Charter and international law. Any escalation must be avoided, and respect for the sovereignty and territorial integrity of states must be upheld. India strongly urges restraint in diplomacy to ensure that peace and security in the region are not compromised, and stands firmly in support of peace and stability in the region and against terrorism in any form or manifestation. India calls upon the international community to remain united in efforts towards attaining peace and upholding the rule of law. As a close partner, India reiterates its solidarity with Qatar and its people.

Indonesia expresses its deepest solidarity with Qatar in the wake of Israel's aggressions on Doha. Indonesia condemns in the strongest terms this unlawful act which amounts to a grave violation of UN Charter and international law. Striking a state serving as a mediator is a blatant betrayal to the peace process, and every path to peace will be under attack if such assault continues with impunity. It has destroyed trust and undermined hope to end the suffering in Gaza. This cannot continue. The international community must act decisively. Indonesia welcomes the communique agreed by the Arab Islamic Emergency Summit yesterday, and stands ready to support its follow-up. But lasting peace in the Middle East will never be achieved without a two-state solution. Any denial of this fundamental right is unacceptable. Indonesia stands firmly with Qatar, with Palestine, and with all nations that courageously uphold justice, defend sovereignty, and protect humanity's shared values.

Iran condemns the military aggression launched by the Israeli regime against Qatar. This aggression sends a clear message not to Israel, whose history is defined by systematic genocide, repeated aggression and hollow pride in the commission of these crimes but to us as a stark warning that because of our inaction and passivity and our failure to protect moral and legal principles an evil entity has been allowed to destroy global security and order. This apartheid regime neither respects the law nor the language of civilised nations nor does it believe in negotiation, peace or stability. Israel halted its genocidal campaign for only two weeks and that solely when confronted by the Iranian armed forces. If the international community fails to respond decisively Israel's aggression and expansion will continue unchecked spreading like a cancer and threatening all neighbouring nations. States are duly bound to defend their people and humanity by any means necessary. Finally, Iran reaffirms once again its full solidarity with the people and government of Qatar.



Japan strongly condemns the attack by Israel in Doha on 9 September 2025. This action undermines ongoing diplomatic efforts, including by Qatar, and threatens Qatar's sovereignty and security, and consequently jeopardises regional stability. Although Japan has not joined the joint statement delivered by South Africa, as it is not fully convinced that the UN Human Rights Council is the best forum to address this issue, Japan expresses its solidarity with Qatar and once again strongly urges Israel to immediately return to negotiations and to work in good faith towards a ceasefire in Gaza and the release of hostages. These are urgent priorities. Peace and stability in the Middle East are of paramount importance to the region and to the international community as a whole. Japan urges all parties concerned to refrain from any action, including acts of terrorism, that could undermine regional stability and to maintain respect for international law, including international humanitarian law and international human rights law. In closing, Japan strongly calls for a de-escalation of the conflict.

Malaysia strongly condemns the Israeli military aggression on Qatar on 9 September 2025. This heinous act is an assault on Qatar's sovereignty, a flagrant violation of international law and the UN Charter, and threatens regional peace and security. Malaysia further condemns Israel's attempt to manipulate counter-terrorism narratives to justify its illegal and unlawful attack. Such claims are an utter distortion, undermining Qatar's role as a mediator and sabotaging ongoing peace efforts. It is evident that Israel blatantly disregards international peace and security, emboldened by its unchecked impunity. The unlawful attack on Qatar not only recklessly endangered civilian lives, but also severely compromised crucial diplomatic efforts and further destabilised the already volatile region. Malaysia urges the UNHRC and the international community to strongly condemn Israel's unjustified actions and hold it fully accountable for the attack on Qatar and the atrocities committed on the Palestinians in Gaza. Accountability must move beyond mere rhetoric and be premised on action. Those responsible for violations of international law must not be allowed to act with impunity. The failure to act decisively will only embolden Israel. Malaysia stands in full solidarity with the government and the people of Qatar, reaffirming its unwavering support for their sovereignty, territorial integrity, security and stability.

The **Maldives** strongly condemns the brutal, unprovoked attacks carried out by the Israeli occupation forces against the sovereignty and security of Qatar on 9 September 2025. The Maldives rejects this path of destruction and stands unwavering in defence of human dignity, justice and the right to live free from oppression and occupation. From Palestine to Yemen, from Syria to Lebanon and now in Qatar, Israel has acted with arrogance, impunity and contempt for the very foundations of international law. Yet Israel is shielded by double standards that undermine the very foundations of international law. The Maldives condemns Qatar's vital and constructive role in facilitating mediation efforts, including its work towards achieving a ceasefire. Qatar's steadfast commitment to dialogue, diplomacy and peace has alleviated suffering and earned the profound respect of the international community. Standing in solidarity with the government and people of Qatar, the Maldives reiterates its call on the international community to uphold its responsibility to maintain international peace and security and to hold Israel accountable for its continued violations. It further urges the international community to make immediate and effective measures to deter Israel from committing further violations of international law.



Pakistan condemns in the strongest possible terms the illegal and unprovoked Israeli aggression against Qatar. Nearly two years into its genocidal campaign in Gaza, Israel's latest crime against Qatar is part of a broader pattern of vandal aggression in the region. It is rooted in utter disregard for international law and denial of inherent human dignity of the victims. Qatar's role in advancing ceasefire talks merits the commendation of the world. Instead, Israel's attack on mediators has undermined diplomacy and peaceful settlement, as well as the aspirations of all peoples in the region to live in peace. While regional countries are working to foster a culture of peace, Israel only seeks to perpetuate the culture of impunity. Pakistan stands in unwavering solidarity with Qatar and fully supports its right to defend its sovereignty, territorial integrity, and the safety of all persons within its territory. Pakistan reaffirms its support for a just and lasting peace in the Middle East and the end to Israel's prolonged occupation of Palestine and other Arab lands. The carnage in Gaza and the West Bank, including East Jerusalem, must be brought to an end.

The **Philippines** deplores the attack in Doha on 9 September, which constitutes a grave violation of international law, particularly the fundamental principles of state sovereignty and territorial integrity. These principles are the bedrock of international order, peace and security, which are indispensable for the realisation and full enjoyment of human rights by all. They are sacrosanct and must be respected by all states, big or small, at all times. The Philippines recalls states' solemn obligation under the UN Charter and the 1982 Manila Declaration on the Peaceful Settlement of International Disputes to resolve conflicts by peaceful means and to refrain from any action that does not advance the cause of peace and the rule of law. The Philippines stresses the urgent need for parties to the conflict in Gaza to agree to an immediate and permanent ceasefire, uphold obligations under international humanitarian law, ensure the protection of civilians, and work towards a just, lasting, and comprehensive peace in the Middle East. The Philippines stands in solidarity with the people of Qatar and with friends and partners in the international community who walk the path of peace, adhere to the rule of law, and respect human rights, bound together by our common humanity and the pursuit of the common good.

The **Republic of Korea** aligns itself with the UN Security Council press statement issued on 11 September 2025, in which UNSC members expressed their condemnation of the recent strikes on Doha, the territory of a key mediator. These attacks are unacceptable as they violate the principles of the UN Charter, including respect for sovereignty and territorial integrity and risk for the escalating instability in the region. Korea is also deeply concerned that these Israeli attacks targeting Hamas were carried out within the territory of Qatar, which has played a vital role in easing regional tensions and addressing the dire human rights and humanitarian crisis that has persisted since the terrorist attacks by Hamas two years ago. By striking a mediator, these attacks jeopardise ongoing negotiations to secure an immediate ceasefire, ensure the release of all hostages, and facilitate humanitarian aid. Korea highly appreciates Qatar's commitment to mediation despite these recent attacks, and reaffirms its support for all diplomatic efforts towards a peaceful resolution. No state under any circumstances is exempt from the obligation to respect international law. Korea sincerely hopes that a comprehensive and lasting resolution of the conflict, grounded in the vision of a two-state solution, will be achieved without delay.

Singapore qualifies the Israel's airstrikes in Doha on 9 September 2025 are a blatant violation of the sovereignty of Qatar. It expresses alarm at reports that the attack happened in a residential area near schools and embassies, resulting in the loss of life, including a member of Qatar's



internal security forces and injuring civilians as well. Singapore has consistently taken a principled position in support of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of all countries. All states, big or small, must observe international law and the principles of the UN Charter. For a small state like Singapore, this is an existential issue. The attack is also an egregious and dangerous action that undermines ongoing negotiations on a ceasefire and the release of hostages in Gaza, as well as Qatar's tireless efforts to secure such an agreement. Lastly, Singapore calls on all parties to avoid escalating the situation.

Sri Lanka condemns the attacks on Qatar, which risk further escalating volatility and undermining regional security. Sri Lanka strongly emphasises the need to exercise restraint and the importance of employing dialogue and diplomacy rather than military aggression over sovereign countries while upholding the universally accepted international norms and laws. The UNHRC has a special duty to address the devastating impact of continuing violence and hostility on the people in the Middle East region, especially the dire humanitarian situation in the occupied Palestinian territories. In this context, Sri Lanka calls on the Council to avoid double standards in its approach and the treatment of situations of human rights violations, and ensure that the rights of all are promoted and protected equally, regardless of geography and other considerations.

Thailand denounces the airstrike on the residential building in Doha on 9 September 2025, such an act constitutes a blatant violation of Qatar's sovereignty and a fragment breach of international law as well as the UN Charter. This unlawful use of force serves only to heighten regional tensions and undermine the stability and safety not only of the state of Qatar, but also the wider region as a whole. It also poses a direct threat to international peace and security. Thailand highly appreciates the state of Qatar's role in mediating the conflict through peaceful means and facilitating negotiations for the rescue and releases of hostages, which include Thai nationals. Thailand reaffirms its principled stance against all forms of violence and stands in full solidarity with the Qatari authorities in their efforts to save that peace, security and stability in the region and beyond.

Viet Nam condemns the use of force in violation of international law in the United Nations Charter infringing upon the sovereignty and territorial integrity of states. Viet Nam calls on all relevant parties to exercise restraint, avoid actions that could escalate the tensions and resolve differences through peaceful means in strict accordance with international law and the UN Charter. These efforts are essential to creating a conducive environment for negotiating a comprehensive and sustainable ceasefire in the ongoing Israel-Palestine conflict in the interests of security, peace and stability in the region and the world.

Latin America and the Caribbean

Bolivia strongly condemns the strikes in Doha committed by Israel. These unacceptable actions are added to a list of unacceptable actions and violations of human rights and international humanitarian law that strive to undermine efforts for dialogue. The effects on the civilians are well known as well as reports of starvation in Gaza, attacks on doctors, on humanitarian workers, journalists and others. The world is witnessing daily acts of intimidation and harassment committed against international actors that describe the reality of the Palestinian people. Now, Israel has attacked a sovereign country that is trying to act as a mediator. These attacks are



unacceptable and they violate the basic principles of the UN Charter and undermine multilateralism and diplomacy. The reaction of the international community in the face of these atrocities is crucial in an attempt to uphold the credibility of the UN multilateral system. There should not be impunity. Bolivia expresses its full solidarity with the people and the government of Qatar, and calls for preservation of the dialogue and mediation efforts to try to arrive at a diplomatic solution to this crisis.

Brazil recalls that the first day of #HRC60 was marked by warnings about the erosion of international law and its negative impact on human rights. Today, the Council is confronted with another spillover from the Israeli military campaign against the State of Palestine. Brazil expresses solidarity with the State of Qatar following the recent Israeli attack against Doha strongly condemns it as a blatant violation of fundamental principles of international law. The Israeli attack also undermines ongoing efforts to secure a ceasefire agreement in the Gaza Strip, given Qatar's important role as a mediator. Brazil is extremely concerned by the human rights situation in Gaza, notably the indiscriminate attacks against civilians and journalists, the famine imposed on its population, and the risk of mass forced displacement and reinvasion of Gaza City. All related human rights violations in the OPT and the wider regions must be investigated and perpetrators held accountable. In closing, Brazil reiterates the appeal for permanent ceasefire in the Gaza Strip, the full withdrawal of Israeli forces from the territory, the release of the remaining hostages, and the immediate lifting of all restrictions on humanitarian aid.

Colombia strongly condemns the air strikes carried out by Israeli forces in Doha on 9 September 2025, which constitute a flagrant violation of international law and the sovereignty of a mediating State. It is particularly serious that the attack took place in Qatar, a country that actively promotes negotiation and the search for political solutions. Impunity for these actions erodes the multilateral system and weakens the principles of international law. Colombia reiterates its invitation to member states to join the Hague Group and move forward with the adoption of concrete measures to ensure accountability for violations of international law. Colombia calls for the preservation of peace and the guarantee of unrestricted respect for international humanitarian law, human rights and the protection of the lives and property of the civilian population, principles that must be safeguarded by the international community as a whole. Acknowledging Qatar's commitment to peace and diplomacy, as well as its efforts to promote negotiated political solutions, Colombia reiterates its full support for the government and people of Qatar, and renews its call for a peaceful settlement of the question of Palestine and the implementation of the two-state solution.

Costa Rica expresses its solidarity with the government of the people of Qatar for the strikes by Israel against Hamas leaders in Qatari territory on 9 September 2025, which contravenes international law and its territorial sovereignty. Costa Rica reiterates its call to avoid an escalation of violence in the region and reaffirms its commitment to respect the sovereignty of States, international law and the peaceful resolution of conflicts through dialogue. Costa Rica's participation in this urgent debate demonstrates its commitment to the principles of international law, international humanitarian law and international human rights law. For Costa Rica, dialogue and mediation will always be the best tools for building bridges and resolving disputes with a view to achieving lasting peace.



Cuba describes the military aggression against Qatar on 9 September 2025 as another episode in the long history of violations of international law and the UN Charter committed by Israel, which is known to be protected by the United States and therefore acts in such an irresponsible manner, repeatedly undermining regional peace, security and stability. The attack on 9 September in Doha, which Cuba condemns in the strongest terms, also represents a very serious affront to human rights. It is yet another extrajudicial execution committed by Israel, which is not content with illegally occupying Palestinian and other Arab territories for decades, or with committing outright genocide in Gaza for almost two years, before the eyes of the international community. Israel uses hunger as a method of warfare and launches indiscriminate attacks on the Palestinian civilian population, causing more deaths of children, journalists, doctors and humanitarian workers than any other recent conflict. Cuba reiterates its solidarity with the government and people of Qatar, victims of Israeli aggression. These actions are locating the region and the world full in the face of a conflagration with unprecedented consequences. Israel is demonstrating once again its non-intention, deliberate lack of intention, to engage in any peace process rather to sabotage it. This criminal act is only possible thanks to the political and military support of the United States. The way the international community responds will be decisive for the multilateral system. Cuba will not remain indifferent. It will continue to defend international law and peace and the rights of the Palestinian people.

The **Dominican Republic** expresses its solidarity with the state of Qatar and condemns the aggression in Doha on 9 September 2025. This is a flagrant violation of its sovereignty and territorial integrity. As a country committed to peace that maintains friendly and cooperative relations with all States, the Dominican Republic advocates for the use of dialogue and preventive diplomacy as the only mechanism to guarantee international peace and security, avoiding the escalation and spread of conflicts. This statement is based on the defence of the principles and norms that guarantee peaceful coexistence. In this regard, the Dominican Republic reaffirms its commitment to the UN Charter and the prohibition of the unilateral use of force. Any act of violence against a State that plays a mediating role constitutes an attack on the principles promoted by the United Nations. The Dominican Republic calls for restraint in warmongering rhetoric and for dialogue to be prioritised as the only way to reduce tensions and restore confidence. Lastly, the Dominican Republic supports the UN system monitoring and reporting incidents against mediating States and making recommendations for their protection. Lasting peace and security are only possible through dialogue and compliance with international obligations by all parties.

Jamaica laments the developments which have necessitated this urgent debate today. The Jamaican government reaffirms its unwavering commitment to the principles of sovereignty and territorial integrity as well as the peaceful settlement of disputes as enshrined in the UN Charter. For this reason, consistent with CARICOM's statement on the matter, Jamaica strongly condemns the recent Israeli airstrike on residential premises in Doha, even as the state of Qatar was expending diplomatic efforts towards mediation for a ceasefire in Gaza. This act represents a grave violation of international law and a disregard for international norms and principles. Jamaica welcomes the UNGA's recent endorsement of the New York Declaration for the peaceful settlement of the question of Palestine. In this regard, Jamaica reiterates its call for an immediate, unconditional and sustained ceasefire, the unimpeded delivery of humanitarian assistance to



Gaza, and the safe return of all hostages. Jamaica remains steadfast in its condemnation of violence against civilians and reaffirms its commitment to a two-state solution as the only viable path to lasting peace in the region. Jamaica joins the international community in urging restraint, dialogue and respect for international law as essential pillars for regional and global stability.

Mexico expresses its solidarity with Qatar for the strikes in Doha on 9 September 2025 which constitute a violation of its territorial integrity and sovereignty. Mexico stands for peace in line with its principles of foreign policy enshrined in its federal constitution and calls once again for strict adherence to international law and international humanitarian law. Mexico supports the press statement issued by the UN Security Council on 11 September and supports the mediating role of Qatar in this conflict. It encourages Qatar to continue in these efforts, while urging all parties concerned to get involved seriously in this process. Lastly, Mexico calls for an immediate permanent ceasefire in Gaza, the release of hostages and the guarantee of full access to humanitarian aid. It is the devastating suffering of the population of Gaza that compels the international community to do so.

Paraguay urges all parties involved to make a commitment to inclusive constructive dialogue that will help to forge the way to lasting peace in the region. Admitting that the seriousness of these events cannot be denied, Paraguay stresses that the fight against terrorism is a shared responsibility by all international actors who are committed to peace. On this point, the government of Paraguay has been categorical, and has recently recognised Hamas as a terrorist organisation due to its responsibility or its liability in violations of peace, human rights, and security for the international community. Paraguay reaffirms its firm, unmovable position in combating terrorism in all its forms. It values the crucial role of the government of Qatar as mediator and commends the diplomatic efforts that are helping to forge the way to peace.

Peru expresses its deep concern in the face of the attack by Israel against Qatar. This is a serious threat to peace and international security and is also a violation of international law. Peru reaffirms its steadfast commitment to the purposes and principles of the UN Charter in particular territorial integrity and sovereignty. Similarly, Peru underscores the obligation to guarantee at all times protection and security for civilians. In light of this, Peru appeals to all parties involved to immediately halt hostilities in the Gaza Strip and to avoid any military escalation that could deteriorate the situation and lead to human suffering as well as international insecurity. Peru believes that the only route to peace is dialogue, diplomacy and the strict respect for international law.

Uruguay condemns the attacks by Israel in the city of Doha and expresses its solidarity with the Qatari government and people. These attacks are a flagrant violation of international law and of the sovereignty and security of Qatar and worsen the already appalling security situation in the Middle East. Furthermore, these attacks have a clear impact on the protection of human rights and deserve the attention of the UNHRC. Uruguay reiterates its urgent call to spare no efforts and to ensure that there is no undermining of efforts to achieve a negotiated solution to the crisis in Gaza.

Venezuela, through a press release on 9 September, strongly condemned the cowardly attack of Israel against the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Qatar. This aggression is an act of state



terrorism and a flagrant violation of international law and a threat to the principles of peaceful coexistence of states. This mode of sovereignty has become a method by Israel and the US to violate international law and basic principles of coexistence, using diplomacy to bring about negotiations in good faith, and then shelling the country. This happened with Iran in the negotiations on the nuclear programme and now Qatar, the mediator in the Israeli genocide in Palestine, attacking the negotiating team that was trying to bring about a ceasefire in Gaza shows once again the real nature of Israel. Far from trying to find peace, it is destabilising peace and the damage inflicted by Israel on this country is hard to calculate. A new doctrine against peace has emerged and the mediator is susceptible to any act of aggression becoming an enemy to this party and the conflict that it was trying to bring an end to. Venezuela reaffirms its commitment to peace and self-determination of peoples and defence of international law.

Eastern Europe

Armenia is deeply concerned about the targeting of residential areas in Doha, which has resulted in civilian casualties and significant material damage. The fundamental principles of the UN Charter serve as a solid foundation for Armenia's position. The preservation of peace and security crucially reside upon the respect for territorial integrity, state sovereignty and independence. Furthermore, international humanitarian law requires that civilians and civilian objects be protected at all times. In the immediate term, priority must be to end hostilities and silence weapons in order to prevent further human suffering. It is equally important to avoid any actions that could lead to escalation or further destabilise regional security and stability. The UNHRC has the responsibility to approach such matters with impartiality, ensuring that the promotion and protection of human rights remain at the heart of our collective efforts. Armenia considers that the most effective and sustainable path to peace, security and the full enjoyment of human rights lies in dialogue based on multinational cooperation and respect of international law.

Azerbaijan is deeply concerned by the 9 September attack on the state of Qatar and expresses its full support for the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Qatar. It calls for strict adherence to the UN Charter and international law to avoid further aggravation of regional situation. Since the eruption of the ongoing crisis, Qatar has been making pivotal efforts to find a negotiated solution. Azerbaijan highly appreciates and commends Qatar's effort to facilitate negotiations between the parties. In this context, Qatar is concerned that the airstrikes on Qatar risk disrupting the negotiation process at the expense of prolonging the crisis in Gaza which has already led to serious humanitarian tragedy. Further delay in ending the crisis must be avoided. It is imperative to pre-empt any measure that would further deteriorate security environment in the Middle East or undermine remaining prospects for lasting solution. Instead, relevant parties should endeavour to reach a permanent ceasefire in Gaza and to alleviate flights of its residents. Good faith dialogue and de-escalation need to be prioritised.

Belarus is concerned about the militarisation of foreign policy and international relations in general, which manifests itself, among other things, in the increasing use of force instead of dialogue and negotiations for the peaceful resolution of disputes, in military attacks in violation of the UN Charter and international law against sovereign states that are not involved in conflicts and are engaged in peacekeeping efforts. Belarus expresses its support for the mediation efforts



of the State of Qatar, and hopes for the speedy release of hostages and the end of the Palestinian-Israeli conflict.

Estonia describes the 9 September airstrikes by Israel against the sovereign state of Qatar as unacceptable. Estonia underlines the primacy and universality of international law, which means it applies equally in all situations, without exception. Estonia is concerned by the alarming trend of its gradual erosion, which undermines not only the rules-based international order, but also the security of all nations. Expressing its full support and solidarity with the state of Qatar, Estonia condemns breaches of sovereignty and territorial integrity in every circumstance. In this context, Estonia recalls last week the Russian Federation violated the airspace of Poland, another reminder that principles of sovereignty and territorial integrity must be defended consistently and everywhere. Estonia stands firmly for accountability in cases of violations of international law. There can be no selective application of justice. Perpetrators must be held responsible wherever and whenever violations occur. To conclude, respect for international law and principles of UN Charter are essential in assuring peace, stability and upholding human rights.

Hungary, as a friend of Qatar, stands in support of Qatar's sovereignty and territorial integrity following airstrikes last week targeting Hamas leaders in Doha and expresses its full solidarity with the government and the people of Qatar. Hungary highly values Qatar's mediation efforts and is grateful for its role in securing the release of hostages taken by Hamas following the horrific attacks against Israel on 7 October 2023. The conflict in the Middle East has been a matter of deep concern and has captured the attention of the international community. Hungary reaffirms its support to efforts aiming at achieving sustainable peace and stresses the importance of diplomatic engagement and dialogue in order to restore regional stability. At the same time, Hungary has not accepted and will not accept any hostile approach towards Israel in any international forum.

Kyrgyzstan condemns in the strongest terms the aggression against Qatar, as reflected in the final communiqué adopted by the Extraordinary Arab-Islamic Summit yesterday. Kyrgyzstan stands in full solidarity with Qatar and stress that targeting diplomatic and humanitarian facilities undermines regional peace and jeopardises vital mediation efforts. The UNHRC must remain firm in upholding sovereignty, territorial integrity, and the protection of civilians. Therefore, Kyrgyzstan calls for full accountability, the exercise of restraint, and renewed commitment to dialogue in order to prevent further escalation and safeguard international law.

New Zealand is deeply concerned by Israel's strikes in Doha, and its Foreign Minister has publicly declared that Israel's actions violate Qatar's sovereignty, risk escalation, and undermine efforts by Qatar, the United States, and Egypt to end the conflict in Gaza. The strikes take us further away from peace. New Zealand reiterates the need for an immediate ceasefire, the release of all hostages, and full humanitarian access into Gaza. All parties must abide by their obligations under international law, including the provisional measures ordered by the International Court of Justice. The violence needs to stop. A permanent end to the fighting must be found. New Zealand will continue to advocate for the parties to urgently work towards a two-state solution. This is the best path to a durable and lasting peace.



The **Russian Federation** strongly condemns Israel's attack on 9 September 2025 on a residential complex in Doha, which targeted senior members of the Palestinian movement Hamas hosted there. It is extremely worrying that the Israeli Air Force struck a neighbourhood where foreign embassies, residential buildings, busy roads, as well as several schools and kindergartens are located. This massive air strike in the middle of the working day could have claimed the lives of many more innocent people. There can be no justification for this gross violation of state sovereignty and the creation of a serious threat to the safety of civilians. Russia fully shares the UN Secretary-General's assessment that Israeli attacks on Qatar are unacceptable and constitute an infringement of the territorial integrity of an independent state. What is particularly cynical is that Doha, as one of the key mediators between the Palestinians and Israelis, has been working tirelessly over the past few months to end the bloodshed in Gaza and secure the release of those being held captive. This strike is not only a blow to Qatar as a sovereign state not involved in the Arab-Israeli conflict, but also to the efforts of mediators and the possibility of a diplomatic solution to the Palestinian-Israeli conflict. It is clear that Israel's incursion will have serious consequences both for the situation in Gaza and for security in the wider Middle East region. In light of this, Russia calls on Israel to refrain from reckless and aggressive actions that provoke a spiral of violence in the region.

Slovenia strongly condemns the Israeli attack on Doha, another grave violation of international law, targeting the crucial mediator between Israel and Hamas. This attack is part of a consistent pattern documented extensively by this Council of defying international mechanisms. UN Security Council resolutions, binding orders of the ICJ, and the UNHRC mandates are being disregarded, fostering a pervasive sense of impunity. The consequences of this conflict are a profound human rights catastrophe. Civilians, amongst them the youngest ones, are starved and killed. Humanitarian and medical workers and those who report from Gaza are brutally attacked. The erosion of human dignity in Gaza is devastating. Now even peace negotiators are targeted. Amidst this, a clear reminder - hostages are freed through diplomacy, not destruction. Peace cannot be achieved by undermining peacemakers. Slovenia condemns the attack on Qatar's sovereignty and commend its mediation efforts. Nobody is above the law. Slovenia appeals for a renewed commitment to negotiations in good faith. Impunity and further aggression are not the answer.

Ukraine deems unacceptable the strike carried out on September 9 against the capital of the state of Qatar, Doha, targeting a densely populated area where, among others, foreign diplomatic missions are located. The strike on the territory of a state that acts as a mediator in the peace negotiations to resolve the situation in the Gaza Strip is a gross violation of international law and contradicts the efforts of the international community for de-escalation in the region. Ukraine expresses solidarity with the government and the people of the state of Qatar and emphasises the inadmissibility of violating of its sovereignty. Ukraine supports the efforts of the Qatari side aimed at achieving a sustainable ceasefire in the Gaza Strip and resolving the situation through diplomatic means. Ukraine is convinced of the need for all parties to refrain from actions that could negatively affect the mediation efforts of the state of Qatar and lead to additional aggravation of the security situation in the region. Lastly, Ukraine calls on all parties to immediately cease violence and return to the negotiation process.



Western Europe and Others

Australia is deeply alarmed by the conflict in the Middle East and joins the UN Security Council and others in expressing its condemnation of Israel's strikes in Doha on 9 September 2025. These strikes were a violation of Qatar's sovereignty. They have risked escalation across the region and imperilled work on a ceasefire. Qatar, alongside the US and Egypt, has been a tireless mediator. It has consistently called for dialogue with the aim of reaching what all want, a ceasefire, the release of hostages and the urgent flow of humanitarian aid. The humanitarian situation in Gaza is unacceptable. Australia does not want to see the threat of wider escalation looming over the region. Australia does not want to see the purposes and principles of the UN Charter undermined. Australia has been clear that Palestinian civilians cannot pay the price of defeating Hamas, nor should other countries that are facilitating dialogue, negotiation and peaceful settlement of disputes. Australia urges the state of Gaza not to be deterred from its commendable efforts to mediate conflicts through peaceful means.

Belgium condemns Israel's violation of Qatar's territorial integrity and urges Israel to respect international law, including the principle of the sovereignty of other countries in the region. Expressing its solidarity with the government and people of Qatar, Belgium praises Qatar's determination to continue its role as mediator in the conflict and calls on all stakeholders to avoid any action which might jeopardise the mediation and regional stability. Belgium advocates for the full respect of international law, the release of all hostages, and the immediate implementation of a ceasefire. Lastly, Belgium remains profoundly concerned by the humanitarian catastrophe in Gaza and insists on the immediate delivery of humanitarian aid.

Canada condemns the strikes carried out by the Israeli Defence Forces in Doha. These acts constitute a clear violation of Qatar's sovereignty and territorial integrity, endanger civilians, and threaten to broaden the conflict in the region. Canada extends its condolences and solidarity to the government of Qatar, to the family of Corporal Badr Sa'ad Mohammed al-Hamid Humaidi al-Desari, and to the injured security personnel. Canada reaffirms the need for strict adherence to international law, including the protection of civilians. While Hamas remains a terrorist organisation that must immediately release all hostages and disarm, peace and security cannot be pursued at the expense of sovereignty, international law, or humanitarian principles. Qatar, together with Egypt and the United States, continues to play a vital role in mediation efforts to achieve a lasting ceasefire in Gaza, secure the release of hostages, and a surge in life-saving humanitarian assistance for Palestinian civilians. These efforts must be safeguarded. Canada calls urgently for a meaningful return to negotiations to secure an immediate and permanent ceasefire in Gaza.

Cyprus describes the Israeli airstrikes in a residential area in Doha as a violation of international law - a breach of Qatar's sovereignty and territorial integrity which also caused civilian casualties. Along these lines, Cyprus welcomes the UN Security Council press statement, condemns such airstrikes and stands firmly in solidarity with Qatar. Cyprus acknowledges and values Qatar's leadership and long tradition in peaceful mediation. Qatar, alongside Egypt and the United States, is a vital facilitator for peace. Priority must be to secure the release of all hostages, achieve an immediate ceasefire, and deliver urgent humanitarian aid at massive scale for the civilians of



Gaza. Cyprus urges all parties to uphold international law and refrain from acts that undermine stability and security in the region.

Finland denounces that Israeli strikes on Qatari territory are unacceptable. They constitute a clear violation of international law and breach Qatar's sovereignty and territorial integrity. Stressing that the strikes posed a serious threat to civilians, Finland deeply regrets the loss of civilian life and the injuries incurred. International law, including international human rights law, must always be respected. Finland condemns terrorism in all its forms and manifestations. The role of peace negotiations is critical and only a sustainable peace based on a two-state solution will ensure the security of all parties in the region, including Israel. Finland pays tribute to Qatar for its long-term commitment and steadfast efforts in bringing peace to the region. All efforts to find a lasting and comprehensive peace in the region must continue. Dialogue is the only way to peace.

France condemns the Israeli strikes which impacted Qatar on 9 September 2025. These are unacceptable, regardless of the motive. France reiterates its commitment to respecting Qatar's sovereignty and expresses its solidarity with the Emir of Qatar, Sheikh Tamim al-Thani, and the people of Qatar. These Israeli strikes constitute a violation of international law and pose a new threat for regional stability. Nothing should turn us away from the aim of reaching ceasefire context and freeing all hostages still detained by Hamas in Gaza. Reiterating its unequivocal condemnation of the hideous crimes of Hamas - a terrorist movement, France calls on all parties to recommit in good faith to negotiations in Gaza towards a ceasefire. Stressing that Qatar is playing a crucial mediation role in this conflict alongside Egypt and the United States, France recalls its support for the determination expressed by the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Qatar to pursue its mediation role. As there is alternative to the cycle of violence, France reiterates its call for an immediate and permanent ceasefire. The unconditional freeing of all hostages and a massive entry of humanitarian aid with no obstacle. These aims must be supported by a political solution based on a two-state solution, as recalled by the High Commissioner. This is the only solution that will guarantee lasting and sustainable peace.

Germany joins UNHRC member states in condemning the violation of Qatar's territorial sovereignty. It is unacceptable and poses a risk to achieving a negotiated deal which would secure the release of all remaining hostages and end the war in Gaza. Expressing its strong and sincere appreciation for Qatar's crucial mediation role in this conflict, Germany urges that everything possible be done right now so that a permanent ceasefire can promptly be reached, the people of Gaza can receive desperately needed humanitarian assistance, and the hostages can return to their families. For Germany, it is clearly up to Hamas to lay down arms, unconditionally release all hostages, and abandon terror against the state of Israel. The violence that the world has seen over the last month is an outcome of Hamas' horrific terrorist attack on Israel on 7 October 2023.

Iceland unequivocally condemns the Israeli airstrike in Doha on 9 September 2025, a clear violation of international law and of the sovereignty of Qatar. Qatar has played an important role in facilitating mediation, working alongside Egypt and the United States in pursuit of a ceasefire in Gaza and the release of hostages. To target representatives engaged in these sensitive negotiations is to undermine dialogue, destroy trust and push prospects for progress further out



of reach. Such actions can have grave repercussions for future attempts to resolve conflicts through negotiation. Rest assured, Iceland has condemned in the strongest terms the terrorist attack by Hamas on 7 October 2023 and calls for the immediate and unconditional release of all hostages. At this critical juncture, what is required is restraint and full respect for international law. Iceland urges all parties to return to diplomacy and to work in good faith toward the permanent ceasefire in Gaza. Equally urgent is the need to ensure safe, unhindered and sustained humanitarian assistance to Gaza. Restrictions on humanitarian access are unacceptable. Iceland calls on Israel to uphold its humanitarian obligations as required under international law. The path forward must be one of dialogue, accountability and genuine commitment to a just and lasting political solution.

Ireland is deeply concerned by the military aggression by Israel on Qatar, an attack on a country engaged in efforts to mediate a ceasefire agreement for the war in Gaza. Such actions around this action is a violation of Qatar's sovereignty and territorial integrity and a breach of international law. The action undermines efforts to reach a ceasefire agreement and the release of the remaining hostages, which must be a priority for the international community. Ireland calls on the international community to support continued dialogue and to continue to support the efforts by the mediators, Egypt, Qatar, and the United States, to reach an immediate and permanent ceasefire, secure the unconditional release of all hostages held by Hamas, and allow immediate and unimpeded humanitarian access at scale into Gaza. Urging all parties to refrain from actions that jeopardise mediation channels or regional stability, Ireland calls on Israel to respect international law, international humanitarian law, and international human rights law. Ireland will continue to work with partners in the international community to ensure accountability for grave breaches of international law. The international community must find a way to move away from the path of violence towards a durable peace.

Luxembourg expresses its full solidarity with Qatar and condemns the attack of 9 September by Israel which targeted the Hamas leadership in Doha and killed six people in a residential area. This attack is a clear violation of Qatar's sovereignty and territorial integrity and thus of international law, setting a dangerous precedent in a conflict that is already spiralling out of control and taking on a regional dimension. Given the ongoing negotiation mediated by Qatar and Egypt between Israel and Hamas, this development greatly jeopardises the chances of securing a negotiated release of the hostages whose situation must remain central to global efforts alongside achieving a ceasefire in Gaza. Luxembourg remains strongly committed to the two-state solution. Luxembourg supports Qatar's determination to continue this mediation role and urges all parties to refrain from any actions that may jeopardise negotiations and regional stability. The role and position of mediators must be safeguarded by the international community as their integrity is key to the peaceful resolution of conflicts around the world. It is imperative to avoid any further escalation and to ensure that negotiations are conducted in good faith.

The **Netherlands** expresses its solidarity with the State of Qatar in light of the recent Israeli strikes in Doha on 9 September 2025. It condemns these attacks and underlines that Qatar's sovereignty and territorial integrity must be respected. The Netherlands reiterates the urgent need to reach a ceasefire in the Gaza Strip; to secure the release of all hostages; to enable a drastic increase in humanitarian aid; and to launch a process towards a sustainable solution to the conflict. This attack is clearly a step in the wrong direction and risks undermining ongoing efforts. The



Netherlands highly values the important mediating role of Qatar and commends its continued commitment to this task. At the same time, the Netherlands reiterates its position that Hamas is a terrorist organisation that must lay down its weapons and can have no role in the future of the Gaza Strip.

Norway is deeply concerned about the latest escalation in the Middle East, the Israeli strikes in Qatar's capital, Doha, and the new offensive in Gaza. The Israeli attack in Doha was not only an attack on an urgent ongoing effort to broker peace. It constitutes a clear violation of international law, violating Qatar's sovereignty and territorial integrity. Hamas representatives in Qatar were engaged in negotiations for a ceasefire in Gaza, including the release of Israeli hostages facilitated by Qatar, Egypt, and the United States. This attack will make it even more difficult to secure the so urgently needed ceasefire in Gaza. Norway urges the international community to stand together to protect the space for peace, diplomacy, and mediation. Our common security depends on it. Another escalation must be avoided. More than ever, an immediate end to the war in Gaza and a political solution to the longstanding conflict are needed.

Portugal strongly condemns the airstrike carried out in Doha by Israel. This unprovoked attack constitutes a serious violation of international law, against the territorial integrity and sovereignty of a UN member state, and further heightens the risk of escalation in the region. Portugal deeply regrets the Qatari civilian casualties and expresses its full solidarity with the victims, their families and the Qatari authorities. Respect for international military law and international human rights law is not negotiable, and accountability must ensue. No effort towards peace can succeed while violence continues. Portugal very much values the role Qatar has played and continues to play in the release of hostages and in efforts to facilitate a peaceful resolution to the conflict in Gaza. Palestinians, Israelis and those living in neighbouring states must be spared from further suffering. Portugal once again reiterates the urgency of an immediate and permanent ceasefire, then unconditional release of all hostages, and of ensuring unimpeded access of humanitarian assistance at scale into and throughout Gaza. The two-state solution is crucial to achieve a lasting peace and stability, not just in Gaza but in the region, and Portugal call on all parties to refrain from any actions that may hinder the path to peace.

Spain strongly condemns the attacks of 9 September 2025 in Doha perpetrated by Israel and expresses its solidarity with the Qatari authorities and people. The characterisation of these attacks has been outlined eloquently by the High Commissioner whose statement Spain fully aligns itself from the first word until the last full stop. In the face of the humanitarian catastrophe unfolding in Gaza, Spain calls for a permanent and immediate ceasefire. There is no military alternative to the diplomatic route to attain lasting peace in the region. Spain reiterates that the practical implementation of a two-state solution is the only road to peace and to satisfy the legitimate expectations of Israelis and Palestinians for a situation of stable security. Spain rejects violence and the systematic human rights violations suffered by hundreds of thousands of civilians in Gaza and across other occupied Palestinian territories. Calling for the immediate and unrestricted entrance of humanitarian aid, Spain affirms that Israel must act in line with international law and international human rights law. The mandate of the UNHRC is a core fundamental instrument for the United Nations to work for peace - the peace all want to see and desperately yearn for both in Israel and in Palestine.



Sweden states that Israel's attack in Doha on 9 September 2025 is unacceptable. The attack violated Qatar's sovereignty and territorial integrity and was in clear violation of international law. The attack risks further destabilising the region and impeding the joint Qatari, Egyptian, and American undertaking for a ceasefire and the release of hostages in Gaza. Sweden welcomes Qatar's commitment to continue its mediation efforts despite these attacks. Sweden's demands on the terrorist organisation Hamas remain clear - release all the hostages and disarm. There can be no place for Hamas in future governance of Gaza. To conclude, any further escalation must be avoided. Reiterating its call for restraint and diplomacy, Sweden stands in full solidarity with Qatar and the Qatari people.

Switzerland welcomes the holding of this urgent debate on the negative repercussions on human rights of the airstrikes undertaken in Doha against Hamas leaders engaged in ceasefire negotiations. Switzerland notes that as a result, there have been serious human rights violations and civilians were killed or injured. Switzerland expresses solidarity with Qatar and condemns these attacks, which constitutes an unacceptable violation of Qatar's territorial integrity and sovereignty. This also represents a key obstacle to negotiation efforts being undertaken by Qatar with a view to reaching a ceasefire agreement in Gaza. As regards the steps proposed by Qatar to respond to these strikes, Switzerland proposes to bring this discussion to the UN General Assembly, because it believes that the Human Rights Council must remain a place for debate on human rights issues. Switzerland recalls that international law, including the UN Charter, international humanitarian law and human rights law, must be respected in all context by all actors. Switzerland calls for an immediate ceasefire in Gaza, the freeing of all hostages and free humanitarian access in line with international humanitarian law. There is no military solution to the conflict in the Near Eastern. Lastly, Switzerland calls for all parties to commit to a constructive solution through a political negotiation founded on a stood-leg solution and international law.

Türkiye adds its firm voice to the global condemnation of Israel's attack in Qatar and reaffirms its staunch solidarity with Qatar. The heinous attack targeting Qatar's sovereignty and security is another flagrant violation of international law, as well as another clear evidence of Israel's expansionist policies and its adoption of terrorism as a state policy. Israel's continuing aggression and genocidal intent have been worsening the humanitarian crisis in Gaza. Israel's wider policies are no longer confined to Palestine but are destabilising the wider region, including Lebanon, Syria, Iran, Yemen, Tunisia and most recently Qatar, a mediator state. Mediators must be aided, not bound. Israel's impunity poses a serious threat to international peace and security and the rules-based international order. Asking how can the international community allow such contempt of international law to be the new normal defining current times, Türkiye reiterates its call for accountability and for urgent, concrete measures by the international community to help end Israel's impunity and prevent further aggression and escalation.

The **United Kingdom** wholly condemns Israel's strikes on Doha. The UK stands in full and unwavering solidarity with Qatar and extend our condolences for the Qatari personnel tragically killed and injured. As the High Commissioner stressed last week, such actions pose serious risks to mediation efforts in Gaza and risks further escalation in the region. The UK firmly supports the efforts of Qatar, the US, and Egypt to achieve a ceasefire in Gaza, to secure the release of hostages, and to end this conflict. The UK urges all parties to re-engage meaningfully to reach a



negotiated deal. The conflict in Gaza continues to have a devastating impact. The hostages have endured unimaginable suffering for almost two years. Palestinian civilians face repeated displacement, death, and injury. But it is abhorrent that famine is unfolding in parts of Gaza City. The UK reiterates its unequivocal condemnation of Hamas and the atrocities committed on 7 October. Hamas must release all hostages and can play no part in the future governance of Gaza. However, the strikes on Qatar are unacceptable and will do nothing to deliver peace in the Middle East or to safeguard Israel's long-term security. A political solution is the only way to achieve lasting peace and security for Palestinians and Israelis alike.

Views Expressed by National Human Rights Institutions

The **National Human Rights Committee of Qatar** expresses its strong condemnation of the Israeli military aggression that targeted the civilian area in Doha, which is populated with homes, schools, kindergartens, diplomatic missions, and other civilian facilities. These attacks led to the killing of six civilians, including a member of the internal security force who was performing his duties in addition to several injuries and casualties. They also led to the worsening of health for some individuals with chronic illnesses as a direct result of the fear and panic. In this context, the Commission recorded the interruption of studies for more than a thousand students due to damage of schools and severe psychological impact. It recommends the Council to condemn the Israeli attacks and the resulting violations of human rights; and to adopt a resolution aimed at ensuring accountability and contributing to ending impunity for these violations, which constitute some of the most heinous crimes. The National Human Rights Committee reaffirms its readiness to cooperate with international human rights bodies and mechanisms and to provide them with detailed information.

Views Expressed by Non-Governmental Organizations

Maat for Peace, Development and Human Rights welcomes this urgent debate to respond to the aggression, Israeli aggression on Qatar, which has led to the killing of a member of Qatari internal security and to civilian casualties. Hoping that peace-loving nations will put an end to the arrogance of Israel before it is too late, Maat reaffirms that the continuation of the aggression by the Israeli occupation authorities will lead to chaos and humanitarian catastrophe. It will lead to generations that do not recognise international law, international human rights law, generations who will only understand the language of revenge and force. The occupation authorities killed civilians in OPT in Lebanon, in Syria, and now in Qatar. Maat calls on the members of the Human Rights Council to agree on a draft resolution to put an end to Israeli hostilities on the sovereignty of state. It further calls on states to stop the transport of weapons and ammunitions to their occupation authorities.

The **International Association of Democratic Lawyers (IADL)** strongly condemns Israel's attempt to assassinate the leadership of Hamas in Qatar as they discuss a new US-inspired proposal. IADL expresses deep solidarity and appreciation to Qatar for its role as a mediator. Israel has a long history of political assassinations targeting Palestinian leaders and peace negotiators on foreign soil, including terrorist attacks in European capitals. In July 2024, Hamas political bureau chair Ismail Aniya was assassinated in Tehran. Israel recently targeted resistance leaders and political opponents in Lebanon, Syria, Iran, Palestine, Yemen, Iraq, and Tunisia.



These blatant crimes are the result of the impunity granted to Israel by its Western allies over the last eight decades. The UN Human Rights Council must call on the UN Security Council to fully investigate the Doha attack and act under Chapter 7 to restore international peace and security. If the UN Security Council fails to fulfil its responsibility, the UN General Assembly must take the lead. The Human Rights Council must take all measures to protect Hamas' negotiating delegation and the mediators working to end a world genocide and end the cleansing of Gaza. The Human Rights Council must unequivocally reaffirm the right of the Palestinian people to resist colonial domination, apartheid, and foreign occupation by all means, including armed struggle. Member states must assist the Palestinian people's exercise of their right to self-determination and independence.

United Nations Watch points out that the High Commissioner quoted the UN Secretary General, but what changed since 2011? When the United States killed Bin Laden, who was living in a million-dollar compound close to Pakistan's top military academy, the UN chief at the time celebrated that 'justice has been done to such a mastermind of international terrorism.' Why has the UN now changed its position? To understand this double standard, it only needs to be recalled what Saudi Foreign Minister al-Jubeir said long before today's debate in 2018 - The Qataris since the mid-1990s have been sponsoring radicals. They have been inciting people. They have become a base for the leadership of the Muslim Brotherhood, which begot us Takfir wa al-Hijrah, which begot al-Qaeda. The Qataris allow their senior religious clerics to go on TV and justify suicide bombings. The Qataris harbour and shelter terrorists. The head of al-Qaeda in the Arabian Peninsula entered Saudi Arabia on a Qatari passport. They captured al-Qaeda types coming with Qatari passports. The Qataris know this. The Americans know this. The world knows this. The Qataris pay ransom to terrorist groups, including 500 million to Hezbollah in Iraq, 50 million to Qasem Soleimani. The Qataris use their media platforms to spread hate. The Qataris send weapons to al-Qaeda militias in Libya. There is a list of terror financiers that the UN puts out, and a number of them are living openly in Qatar, raising money and giving it to bad people. Why do the Qataris get away with it? All of this from the Saudi Foreign Minister. It is not the accuser here the true enabler of terrorism.

The **Institute for NGO Research** denounces that yet again, the UNHRC is being exploited, wasting its precious time and resources that it claims it does not have because of Qatar, the world's leading sponsor of Islamist terrorism. Qatar now cries about sovereignty and dealing with the consequences of harbouring Hamas terrorists. Highlighting the rank hypocrisy, there were no urgent UNHRC debates when Iran attacked Qatar in June, nor when Iran targeted Israeli civilians with more than a thousand drones and 550 ballistic missiles. It is rich to hear Qatar complain about international law when it routinely violates with impunity UN Security Council Resolution 1373, legally binding under Chapter 7 of the UN Charter. For more than 10 years, Qatar has offered warm welcome to the butchers of Hamas, putting them up in luxury hotels and financing their war crimes, crimes against humanity, and genocide. Qatar continued to illegally do so even after the October 7 atrocities. Qatar could have pressured Hamas to immediately release all the Israeli hostages, 48 still being tortured in Gaza. But instead, Qatar chose to be complicit in this monstrous crime. Qatar could have handed over Hamas leaders to the ICC for prosecution, but it refused. The evidence is clear. Qatar is unwilling and unable to uphold its obligations under



Resolution 1373. Instead of exploiting the UNHRC, its leaders should be held accountable for international crimes.

Partners for Transparency condemns Israel's military aggression against the State of Qatar on 9 September, which killed six people, injured others, and caused serious damage to vital infrastructure, in flagrant violation of international humanitarian law and the Charter of the United Nations. Targeting the negotiators' headquarters while they were at a known location for peace talks constitutes a flagrant violation of the sovereignty of the State of Qatar and the provisions of international humanitarian law, undermines the principles of international peace and security, and opens the door to a dangerous escalation that threatens regional stability. This aggression came at a time when diplomatic and mediation efforts to reach a truce and ceasefire in Gaza were at their most difficult, undermining peace mechanisms and threatening the fundamental rights of peoples to security and development. Partners for Transparency recommends that the UNHRC clearly condemn this aggression; establish a transparent international follow-up mechanism to investigate violations related to this attack; and ensure the protection of civilians and civilian areas from targeting in the future.

The **International Youth and Student Movement for the United Nations (ISMUN)** firmly condemns the military aggression led by Israel against Doha. ISMUN stands with Qatar and commend its efforts to facilitate mediation and put an end to the carnage in Gaza. Israel once again demonstrates its contempt for the UN Charter and international law by committing systematic acts that meet the definition of genocide under the 1948 Convention targeting the Palestinian people. People around the world are raising their voices to insist that this genocide must stop and that peace and justice must finally prevail in the Middle East. ISMUN calls on the Human Rights Council to adopt an emergency resolution urging states to impose sanctions and to sever all direct or indirect support for the occupation. It also urges the Council to call on the UN Security Council to adopt binding measures in accordance with the United Nations Charter. Inaction in the face of genocide is not an option. International law and the conscience of the peoples demand immediate action. Turning a blind eye to such crimes against humanity is a betrayal not only of international law but also of the future of humanity. The lack of action of the international community weakens the strength of international law and its institutions.

International-Lawyers.org stresses that this urgent debate takes place at a time where the violations of principles and norms before the UNHRC has taken its ugliest form. International Lawyers condemns the Israeli aggression on Qatar as a flagrant violation of the sovereignty of states and of international humanitarian law, and calls on the UNHRC and the international community to take serious measures to put an end to this aggressive policy that is now targeting everybody. This aggression is part of the wider violations against the Palestinian people. Around the clock, these practises are crimes of genocide. They impose commitments on the states. They must implement these commitments in accordance with the Convention Against Genocide and International Norms. International-Lawyers.org calls on the Council to unequivocally condemn the aggression; to stop support war crimes and crimes of genocide by stopping export of weapons to the Israeli occupier; to stand against the policy of forced displacement; and to enhance accountability through the measures of the ICJ and fact-finding missions.



Bachehaye Asemane Kamran Rehabilitation Institute expresses its grave concern over the military aggression launched by Israel against the State of Qatar on 9 September 2025. According to UN and media reports, the airstrike in Doha's Leqtaifiya district killed at least six people, including five Hamas members and one Qatari security officer, amid ongoing ceasefire negotiations. This act constitutes a clear violation of Article 2(4) of the UN Charter, which prohibits the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State, and breaches core rules of international humanitarian law protecting civilians. This attack cannot be seen in isolation. Only months earlier, Israel's 12-day aggression against Iran left nearly 5,000 killed or injured, including 287 children. Such repeated violations reveal a systematic disregard for international law and regional peace. The Institute urges the UNHRC to establish an independent fact-finding mission to investigate these aggressions, and further calls upon states parties to the Rome Statute to refer the situation to the International Criminal Court, ensuring accountability, justice for victims, and the restoration of peace and security.

Arab-European Center of Human Rights and International Law (AECHRIL) expresses its strongest condemnation and denunciation of the recent bombing of the territory of Qatar by the Israeli army, in an unacceptable violation of the sovereignty of the State of Qatar, the rules of international law and the Charter of the United Nations. Such acts of aggression constitute a flagrant threat to regional and international peace and security and pose a serious risk to stability in the region. The Arab-European Center categorically rejects the pretexts put forward by Israel under the banner of 'combating terrorism' to justify its violations and attacks, and consider this a blatant attempt to legitimise the violation of international law and undermine the foundations of the international system based on respect for the sovereignty of states. The Arab-European Center calls on the international community and the UN Security Council to shoulder their legal and moral responsibilities and take urgent and concrete measures to stop the war on Gaza, end all Israeli acts of aggression against civilians and infrastructure, and prevent further escalation that threatens to widen the conflict in the region. The Arab-European Center also affirms the right of Qatar and all other states to protect their territories and sovereignty in accordance with international law. Lastly, it demands an end to all Israeli practices that fuel chaos and instability in the region, and that Israel be compelled to respect international humanitarian law and international legitimacy resolutions.

The **Geneva Institute for Human Rights (GIHR)** expresses its deep concern over Israel's criminal attack on the State of Qatar on 9 September 2025, in flagrant violation of the Charter of the United Nations as well as the principles and rules governing international human rights law and international humanitarian law. This attack sets a dangerous precedent that threatens the entire international legal system. It directly undermines international efforts to bring peace to the region. This attack is an act of aggression and a flagrant violation of article 2(4) of the UN Charter, which prohibits the use or threat of force against the independence or territorial integrity of any State. It also constitutes a clear breach of the 1949 Geneva Conventions and threatens regional and international security and peace. Targeting civilian facilities and causing the death of civilians constitutes an international crime that cannot be tolerated. The GIHR calls on the UNHRC to condemn this attack unequivocally; conduct an independent and transparent international investigation into this attack; and ensure international protection for negotiators and host countries and respect for the sovereignty of states. In closing, the GIHR affirms that the



preservation of human dignity is not achieved through slogans, but through practical commitment to international law, counting on the UNHRC to take effective action in this regard.

Jameh Ehyagaran Teb Sonnati Va Salamat Iranian strongly condemns the recent acts of aggression perpetrated by the Israel against Qatar. Such hostile actions represent a blatant violation of international norms and regional stability. Israel's provocative behavior towards Qatar reflects not only its disregard for international law but also its growing pattern of aggression against any nation that dares to challenge its occupation and apartheid policies. This shows again that Israel creates instability rather than peace. Its occupation, expansion, and interference in other countries' affairs are part of a wider policy based on military force and silencing dissent. The international community must not remain silent in the face of such aggressions including a few months ago aggression against Iran. Therefore, it calls upon the global community to hold Israel accountable and to stand in solidarity with nations such as Qatar and Iran that champion peace and justice in an increasingly volatile region. Lastly, it urges all states to take concrete diplomatic and legal measures to deter further Israeli aggression and uphold the principles of international law.

The **Organization for Defending Victims of Violence** strongly condemns the recent Israeli attack on the sovereign State of Qatar, an unjustifiable act of aggression that represents a grave violation of international law, the principles of jus in bello, and the foundational norms of state sovereignty. This blatant act of hostility not only undermines regional stability but also sets a dangerous precedent that threatens international law. The escalating conflicts in the Middle East reveal a disturbing pattern of persistent aggression that undermines regional peace security. For Israel, aggression has become routine. Israel's repeated resort to unilateral military actions has deeply destabilized the region. The consequences of this recklessness extend beyond borders, affecting international peace and security. A state's right to self-defense, as affirmed by article 51 of the UN Charter is a fundamental obligation to protect its citizens' lives, security and territorial integrity. Accordingly, the right to self-defense is not merely a matter of State discretion, but a 'human right owed by the government to its people.' When the international community fails to stand firmly against atrocities in Gaza, Israel grew emboldened, expanding its attacks into Syria, Lebanon, Iran and most recently targeting Qatar during a ceasefire meeting. The Organization calls on the international community to hold Israel accountable for all these unlawful acts and hold Israeli officials accountable.

The **Cairo Institute for Human Rights Studies** points out that Israel's recent strike on Qatar is not just an attack on another State's sovereignty. It has undermined ongoing negotiations and repeatedly obstructed diplomatic efforts to end the genocide in Gaza. Israel appears determined to pursue illegal objectives through military means rather than a diplomatic solution. This attack is not isolated. In the same week, Israel struck Sana'a, Yemen, killing 35 people; targeted the Freedom Flotilla in Tunisian waters; and continued to bomb multiple regions of Syria. These actions constitute clear violations of international law and the UN Charter, yet the international community has failed to take collective action to make Israel stop. For years, Palestinians have endured systematic violations, including apartheid, war crimes, crimes against humanity, extensively documented by the UNHRC and its Special Procedures. Yet certain states, including some EU members, the United States, and the United Kingdom, continue arms transfers and commercial activities that sustain these violations. As highlighted in recent reports by Special



Rapporteur Francesca Albanese, companies continue to profit from an economy built on occupation and oppression. The Cairo Institute urges states to suspend arms transfers, halt transactions that sustain violations, and ensure accountability. Anything less is condoning impunity, undermining international law and encouraging acts of military aggression.

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