

## HUMAN RIGHTS COUNCIL – 52nd SESSION

### ACTION ON DRAFT RESOLUTIONS

(3 – 4 April 2023)



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*Photo credits: General view of the 52nd session of the Human Rights Council. Palais des Nations, room XX, Geneva, Switzerland. September 12, 2022. UN Photo by Pierre Albouy*

#### **Abbreviations:**

**DDPA:** Durban Declaration and Programme of Action

**High Commissioner:** United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights

**HRC, Council:** Human Rights Council

**IHL:** International Humanitarian Law

**GA, Assembly:** General Assembly

**NHRIs:** National Human Rights Institutions

**NGOs:** Non-governmental organizations

**OHCHR, the Office:** United Nations Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights

**OIC:** Organization of Islamic Cooperation

**PBIs:** Project Budget Implications

**UN:** United Nations

Draft Text	Main Sponsors	Text of the Draft	Action on the Draft
Item 2 – Annual report of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights and reports of the Office of the High Commissioner and the Secretary-General			
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.27</a> Advancing human rights in <b>South Sudan</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Albania, Norway, United States of America</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors<sup>1</sup>:</i> Albania, * Andorra, * Australia, * Austria, * Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, * Bulgaria, * Canada, * Croatia, * Cyprus, * Czechia, Denmark, * Estonia, * Finland, Germany, Greece, * Iceland, * Ireland, * Italy, * Latvia, * Liechtenstein, * Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, * Monaco, * Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), * New Zealand, * North Macedonia, * Norway, * Portugal, * Romania, Slovakia, * Slovenia, * Spain, * Sweden, * Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America</p>	<p>Welcomes and expresses its appreciation to the Government of South Sudan for its <b>continued cooperation with the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights</b>, [...];</p> <p>Notes the ongoing <b>cooperation</b> of the Government of South Sudan with the African Union, the Intergovernmental Authority on Development and the United Nations Mission in South Sudan, including its Human Rights Division;</p> <p>Commends the <b>vital role played by human rights defenders</b>, women – including women peacebuilders and women human rights defenders – youth, the media and civil society organizations in promoting human rights and the importance of promoting the inclusive, equitable and non-discriminatory participation in governance, constitution making, electoral and transitional justice processes of all parts of society, including groups that are marginalized and in vulnerable situations;</p> <p>Expresses its deep <b>concern</b> at the harassment, intimidation, arbitrary arrest and enforced disappearance of, and other attacks against, human rights defenders, members of civil society organizations, media workers and humanitarian workers, and other individuals, as well as undue restrictions on the rights to freedom of opinion and expression, online and offline, and to the freedom of peaceful assembly and of association.</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> United Kingdom of Great Britain And Northern Ireland</p> <p><i>6 Additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> Germany, Sudan, Côte d’Ivoire, Eritrea,</p> <p><b>Country concerned:</b> South Sudan</p> <p><b>Programme Budget Implications (PBIs):</b> Yes (5 828 700 USD)</p> <p><b>Explanations of votes before the vote:</b> South Africa</p> <p><a href="#">Adopted with 19 in favor.</a></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>For: 19</b> Argentina, Belgium, Chile, Costa Rica, Czechia, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Honduras, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mexico, Montenegro, Paraguay, Romania, Ukraine, UK, U.S.</p> <p><b>Abstain: 19</b> Bangladesh, Benin, Cameroon, Gambia, Gabon, India, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Morocco, Nepal, Pakistan, Qatar, South Africa, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam.</p> <p><b>Against: 9</b> Algeria, Bolivia, China, Côte d’Ivoire, Cuba, Eritrea, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan.</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted by vote: 19 - 11 - 17 (HRC 49)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right; margin-top: 10px;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (05:05:49)</a></p>

<sup>1</sup> Here and later, the Co-sponsors are noted as listed in the draft text

\* State not a member of the Human Rights Council

<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.43</a> Human rights situation in the <b>Occupied Palestinian Territory</b>, including East Jerusalem, and the obligation to ensure accountability and justice</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Pakistan (on behalf of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation, except Albania)</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Chile, Pakistan and State of Palestine*</p>	<p>Demands that Israel, the occupying Power, <b>end</b> its occupation of the Palestinian territory occupied since 1967, including East Jerusalem, and stresses that all efforts to end the Israeli-Palestinian conflict should be grounded in respect for international humanitarian law and international human rights law and relevant United Nations resolutions;</p> <p>Stresses the imperative of <b>credible, timely and comprehensive accountability</b> for all violations of international law in order to attain justice for the victims and establish a just and sustainable peace;</p> <p>Affirms that <b>no State shall recognize as lawful</b> a situation created by a serious breach by a State of an obligation arising under a peremptory norm of general international law, [...];</p> <p>Expresses grave <b>concern at the restrictions imposed by Israel</b> that impede the access of Christian and Muslim worshippers to holy sites in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and calls upon Israel to <b>ensure non-discrimination on grounds of religion or belief</b> and the preservation of and peaceful access to all religious sites;</p> <p><b>Condemns all acts of violence</b>, including all acts of terror, provocation, incitement and destruction, including unlawful lethal and other excessive use of force by Israeli occupying forces against Palestinian civilians, [...].</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Pakistan <i>13 Additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> France, U.S.</p> <p><b>Country concerned:</b> Israël, Palestine</p> <p><b>Programme Budget Implications (PBIs):</b> Yes (23 400 USD)</p> <p><b>Explanations of votes before the vote:</b> China <a href="#">Adopted with 38 in favor.</a></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>For: 38</b> Algeria, Argentina, Bangladesh, Belgium, Benin, Bolivia, Chile, China, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Eritrea, Finland, France, Gabon, Gambia, Germany, Honduras, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Maldives, Mexico, Montenegro, Morocco, Pakistan, Paraguay, Qatar, Romania, Senegal, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, United Arabs Emirates, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam</p> <p><b>Abstain: 7</b> Cameroon, Czechia, Georgia, India, Nepal, Ukraine, UK</p> <p><b>Against: 2</b> U.S, Malawi</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted by vote: 37-3-7 (HRC 49)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (06:00:04)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.38</a> Promotion and protection of human rights in <b>Nicaragua</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Costa Rica, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Paraguay, Peru</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Australia,* Austria,* Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Brazil,* Bulgaria,*</p>	<p>Decides to <b>renew, for a period of two years, the mandate of the Group of Human Rights Experts on Nicaragua</b> as established in its resolution 49/3;</p> <p>Request the Group of Human Rights Experts on Nicaragua to <b>submit a report to the Human Rights Council at its fifty-fifth and fifty-eighth sessions, during an interactive dialogue</b>, and to <b>present oral updates</b> to the Council at its fifty-fourth and fifty-seventh sessions;</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Ecuador <i>9 Additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> Georgia, Costa Rica, Finland (on behalf of EU), U.S., Chile, Paraguay, Ukraine,</p> <p><b>Country concerned:</b> Nicaragua</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (5 252 600 USD from 2023 to 2025)</p> <p><b>Explanations of votes before the vote:</b> Belgium, Argentina, UK, Cuba, China <a href="#">Adopted with 21 in favor.</a></p>

	<p> <i>Canada,* Chile, Colombia,* Costa Rica, Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czechia, Denmark,* Dominican Republic,* Ecuador,* Estonia,* Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece,* Guatemala,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Italy,* Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Marshall Islands,* Monaco,* Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the),* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Paraguay, Peru,* Portugal,* Romania, Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Switzerland,* Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America</i> </p>	<p>           Requests the High Commissioner to strengthen monitoring and engagement, including by <b>preparing comprehensive and gender-responsive reports on the situation of human rights in Nicaragua</b>, building on previous reports of the High Commissioner and the reports and recommendations of Human Rights Council mechanisms and those of the treaty bodies, including on justice and due process for political dissidents and groups in vulnerable situations, and to present them to the Council at its fifty-fourth and fifty-seventh sessions, to be followed by an interactive dialogue, and to present an oral update to the Council at its fifty-third, fifty-fifth, fifty sixth and fifty-eighth sessions, and an oral update followed by an interactive dialogue before the end of 2023 and 2024.         </p>	<p> <b>For: 21</b> Argentina, Belgium, Chile, Czechia, Costa Rica, Finland, France, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malawi, Mexico, Montenegro, Morocco, Paraguay, Romania, Ukraine, UK, U.S.         </p> <p> <b>Abstain: 21</b> Bangladesh, Benin, Bolivia, Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire, Gabon, Honduras, India, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Malaysia, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, Qatar, Senegal, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan         </p> <p> <b>Against: 5</b> Algeria, China, Cuba, Eritrea, Viet Nam         </p> <p> <b>Voting history:</b> Adopted by vote: 20-7-20 (HRC 49)         </p> <p> <a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (05:40:11)</a> </p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Explanations of vote and General comments after the vote (Item 2)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>Algeria</b> on L.27, expressing preference for resolution L.36 on technical cooperation for South Sudan, as it enjoys consent from the country concerned</li> <li>● <b>China</b> on L.27, reaffirming its position</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: right;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (06:17:41)</a></p>			

Item 3 – Promotion and protection of all human rights, civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights, including the right to development			
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.1</a> <b>Mandate of Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights defenders</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Norway</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Argentina, Armenia,* Australia,* Austria,* Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Brazil,* Bulgaria,* Canada,* Chile, Colombia,* Costa Rica, Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czechia, Denmark,* Ecuador,* Estonia,* Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece,* Guatemala,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Israel,* Italy,* Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta,* Marshall Islands,* Mexico, Monaco,* Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the),* New Zealand,* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Paraguay, Peru,* Portugal,* Republic of Moldova,* Romania, Slovakia,* Slovenia,* South Africa, Spain,* Sweden,* Switzerland,* Tunisia,* Ukraine and United States of America</p>	<p>Welcomes the work and takes note with appreciation of the report of the <b>Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights defenders</b>, and strongly urges all States to take <b>concrete steps to create</b>, in law and in practice, a safe and enabling environment in which human rights defenders can operate free from hindrance and insecurity; Urges all States to <b>cooperate</b> with and assist the Special Rapporteur in the performance of his or her tasks, [...]; Encourages all concerned United Nations agencies and organizations, within their mandates, to <b>provide all possible assistance and support</b> to the Special Rapporteur for the effective fulfilment of his or her mandate, including in the context of country visits and through suggestions on ways and means of ensuring the protection of human rights defenders.</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Norway <i>17 additional co-sponsors</i> <b>General Comments:</b> Finland (on behalf of EU), Costa Rica, Chile, U.S., Lithuania, China <b>PBIs:</b> Yes (764 700 USD for total period) <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> None <b>Adopted without a vote.</b></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 46)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: center;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (06:22:15)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.2</a> <b>Mandate of Special Rapporteur on minority issues</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by :</i> Austria, Mexico, Slovenia</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors :</i> Albania,* Armenia,* Australia,* Austria,* Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Brazil,* Chile, Costa Rica, Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czechia, Denmark,* Ecuador,* Estonia,* Finland, Georgia, Germany, Greece,* Guatemala,* Hungary,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Italy,* Liechtenstein,* Luxembourg, Mexico, Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the),* New</p>	<p>Decides to extend the mandate of Special Rapporteur on minority issues for a period of <b>three years</b> under the same terms [...]; Calls upon all States to <b>cooperate with and assist the Special Rapporteur</b> in the performance of the tasks and duties mandated to him or her, to provide him or her with all the necessary information requested and to seriously consider responding promptly and favourably to the request of the Special Rapporteur to visit their countries in order to enable him or her to fulfil his or her duties effectively; Encourages specialized agencies, regional organizations, national human rights institutions and non-governmental</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Austria <i>4 additional co-sponsors</i> <b>General Comments:</b> None <b>PBIs:</b> Yes (764 700 USD total from 2023 to 2025) <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> None <b>Adopted without a vote.</b></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 46)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: center;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (06:37:30)</a></p>

	<p><i>Zealand,* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Paraguay, Peru,* Republic of Moldova,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Sweden,* Switzerland,* Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America</i></p>	<p>organizations to develop and maintain regular dialogue and cooperation with the mandate holder, and to continue to contribute to the promotion and protection of the rights of persons belonging to national or ethnic, religious and linguistic minorities.</p>	
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.4</a> <b>Freedom of religion or belief</b></p>	<p><u>Submitted by:</u> <i>Sweden (on behalf of the EU)</i></p> <p><u>Co-sponsors:</u> <i>Albania,* Andorra,* Argentina, Armenia,* Australia,* Austria,* Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Bulgaria,* Canada,* Chile, Colombia,* Costa Rica, Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czechia, Denmark,* Ecuador,* Estonia,* Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece,* Guatemala,* Hungary,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Israel,* Italy,* Japan,* Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta,* Marshall Islands,* Monaco,* Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the),* New Zealand,* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Paraguay, Peru,* Poland,* Portugal,* Republic of Moldova,* Romania, San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Türkiye,* Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America</i></p>	<p>Stresses that <b>everyone has the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion or belief</b>, which includes the freedom to have or not to have, or to adopt, a religion or belief of one’s choice, and the freedom, either alone or in community with others and in public or private, to manifest one’s religion or belief in teaching, practice, worship and observance, including the right to change one’s religion or belief;</p> <p>Emphasizes that freedom of religion or belief and freedom of expression <b>are interdependent, interrelated and mutually reinforcing</b>, and stresses the role that these rights can play in the fight against all forms of intolerance and discrimination based on religion or belief;</p> <p>Expresses deep <b>concern at emerging obstacles</b> to the enjoyment of the right to freedom of religion or belief, and at instances of religious intolerance, discrimination and violence [...];</p> <p>Also emphasizes that States should exercise due diligence to <b>prevent, investigate and punish acts of violence against persons</b> belonging to religious minorities, regardless of the perpetrator, and that failure to do so may constitute a human rights violation;</p> <p>Strongly encourages government representatives and leaders in all sectors of society and respective communities <b>to speak out against acts of intolerance and violence based on religion or belief</b>;</p> <p>Urges States to step up their <b>efforts to promote and protect freedom of thought, conscience and religion or belief, [...]</b>.</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Sweden (on behalf of EU) <i>7 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> None</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (816 600 USD for total period)</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> None</p> <p><b>Adopted without a vote.</b></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 49)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (06:40:36)</a></p>

<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.5/Rev.1</a> <b>Torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment: mandate of the Special Rapporteur</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Denmark</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Andorra,* Argentina, Armenia,* Australia,* Austria,* Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Brazil,* Bulgaria,* Canada,* Chile, Colombia,* Costa Rica, Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czechia, Denmark,* Ecuador,* Estonia,* Fiji,* Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece,* Guatemala,* Hungary,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Italy,* Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta,* Mexico, Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the),* New Zealand,* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Paraguay, Peru,* Poland,* Portugal,* Republic of Moldova,* Romania, San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Switzerland,* Türkiye,* Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America State</p>	<p>Decides to extend the mandate of Special Rapporteur on torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment for a further period of <b>three years</b>:</p> <p>(a) <b>To seek, receive, examine and act on information</b> from Governments, intergovernmental and civil society organizations, individuals and groups of individuals regarding issues and alleged cases concerning torture or other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment;</p> <p>(b) To <b>conduct country visits</b> [...] to enhance further <b>dialogue with them, and to follow up on recommendations</b> made in reports after visits to their countries;</p> <p>(c) To <b>study, in a comprehensive manner, trends, developments and challenges</b> in relation to combating and preventing torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment, and to make recommendations and observations concerning appropriate measures to prevent and eradicate such practices;</p> <p>(d) To <b>identify, exchange and promote best practices on measures to prevent, punish and eradicate</b> torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment;</p> <p>(e) To integrate a <b>gender perspective and a victim-centred approach</b> throughout the work of his or her mandate.</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Denmark <i>5 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> Chile, Lithuania</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (816 600 USD from 2023 to 2025)</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> None <b>Adopted without a vote.</b></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 43)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (06:45:28)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.6</a> <b>Promoting human rights and the Sustainable Development Goals through transparent, accountable and efficient public service delivery</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Azerbaijan, Ecuador, Georgia, Kenya, Malaysia, Thailand, Türkiye</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Australia,* Azerbaijan,* Canada,* Chile, Costa Rica, Ecuador,* France, Georgia, Germany, Kenya,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Montenegro, Norway,* Peru,* Portugal,* Romania, Spain,* Thailand,* Türkiye,* Ukraine and United States of America</p>	<p>Encourages States to <b>promote, instil and integrate human rights principles in the national public service</b>, including in the design and implementation of digital technologies in public services;</p> <p>Encourages <b>international cooperation and national efforts</b>, including by strengthening capacity-building and the training of public servants, to cover such areas as human rights, gender equality, the rule of law and good governance within the public service, and the provision of technical assistance, such as the voluntary exchange of knowhow and technology on mutually agreed terms;</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Azerbaijan <i>42 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> Finland (on behalf of EU)</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (102 700 USD for 2024)</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> None <b>Adopted without a vote.</b></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 37)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (06:53:23)</a></p>

		<p>Invites all relevant special procedures of the Human Rights Council, within their respective mandates, to pay due attention to the <b>role of public services in the promotion and protection of human rights and the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals</b>, including the progress towards achieving gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls;</p>	
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.7</a> <b>The human right to a clean, healthy and sustainable environment</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Switzerland, Costa Rica, Maldives, Morocco, Slovenia</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Armenia,* Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Bulgaria,* Chile, Costa Rica, Croatia,* Cyprus,* Ecuador,* Estonia,* Finland, France, Germany, Greece,* Italy,* Latvia,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Maldives, Marshall Islands,* Mexico, Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia,* Paraguay, Peru,* Portugal,* Romania, Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Switzerland,* Tunisia* and Ukraine</p>	<p>Welcomes the work undertaken by the <b>Special Rapporteur</b> on the issue of human rights obligations relating to the enjoyment of a safe, clean, healthy and sustainable environment,[...];</p> <p><b>Calls upon States:</b> (a) To respect, protect and fulfil human rights, including in all actions undertaken to address environmental challenges, including the rights to life and to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health, to a clean, healthy and sustainable environment, to an adequate standard of living, to adequate food, to safe drinking water and sanitation, and to housing and cultural rights;</p> <p>(b) To adopt and implement strong laws ensuring, among other things, the rights to participation, to access to information and to justice, including to an effective remedy, in environmental matters;</p> <p>(f) To provide for effective remedies for human rights violations and abuses, [...].</p> <p>Recognizes the <b>important role played by individuals and civil society organizations</b>, including human rights defenders and environmental human right defenders, in the promotion and protection of human rights as they relate to the enjoyment of the human right to a clean, healthy and sustainable environment, including biodiversity and ecosystems;</p> <p>Calls upon all <b>States to conserve, protect and restore healthy ecosystems and biodiversity</b> and to ensure their sustainable management and use by applying a human rights based approach that emphasizes participation,</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Maldives <i>27 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>Amendments:</b> L.64 introduced by Russian Federation (L.63 and L.65 to L.78 not considered )</p> <p><b>Costa Rica:</b> the core group rejects the proposed amendment and encourages for a vote</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> France</p> <p><b><u>Voting on Amendments:</u></b> <i>In favor: 2; Abstainstions: 12; Rejected 31</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> Costa Rica, Chile, Lithuania</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (168 900 USD for the mandate period)</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> U.S. (called for a vote), India, UK, Pakistan, Germany, Mexico, China,</p> <p><b><u>Adopted without a vote.</u></b></p> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted by vote: 43-4-9 (HRC 48)</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (24:33)</a></p>



<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.8</a> <b>Freedom of opinion and expression:</b> Mandate of Special Rapporteur on the promotion and protection of the right to freedom of opinion and expression</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Netherlands, Canada</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Andorra,* Argentina, Armenia,* Australia,* Austria,* Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Brazil,* Bulgaria,* Canada,* Chile, Colombia,* Costa Rica, Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czechia, Denmark,* Ecuador,* Estonia,* Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece,* Guatemala,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Israel,* Italy,* Japan,* Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta,* Marshall Islands,* Mexico, Monaco,* Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the),* New Zealand,* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Paraguay, Peru,* Portugal,* Republic of Moldova,* Romania, San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Switzerland,* Tunisia,* Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America</p>	<p>inclusion, transparency and accountability in the management of natural resources.</p> <p>Decides to extend the mandate of Special Rapporteur on the promotion and protection of the right to freedom of opinion and expression for a further period of <b>three years</b>; Urges all States to <b>cooperate</b> fully with and assist the Special Rapporteur in the performance of his or her tasks, to provide all necessary information requested by him or her and to consider favourably his or her requests for visits and for implementing his or her recommendations; Requests the Secretary-General to provide the <b>assistance necessary to the Special Rapporteur to fulfil the mandate</b>, in particular by placing adequate human and material resources at his or her disposal.</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Netherlands, Canada <i>11 additional co-sponsors</i> <b>General Comments:</b> Malaysia, Lithuania, Paraguay, <b>PBIs:</b> Yes (788 100 USD for the mandate period) <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> None <a href="#">Adopted without a vote.</a></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 43)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: center;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (06:59:55)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.10</a> Adequate housing as a component of the right to <b>an adequate standard of living and the right to non-discrimination</b> in this context</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Finland, Brazil, Germany, Namibia</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Armenia,* Austria,* Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Brazil,* Canada,* Chile, Costa Rica, Croatia,* Cyprus,* Denmark,* Ecuador,* Estonia,* Finland, Georgia, Germany, Greece,*</p>	<p>Welcomes the work of the Special Rapporteur on adequate housing as a component of the right to an adequate standard of living, and on the right to non-discrimination in this context, including the undertaking of country missions; Further requests the Special Rapporteur, in fulfilling the mandate, to <b>pay special attention to the human rights and fundamental freedoms</b> of, inter alia, women, children, young persons, older persons, persons with disabilities and</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Finland <i>21 additional co-sponsors</i> <b>General Comments:</b> U.S., Ukraine, <b>PBIs:</b> Yes (1 573 500 USD for the mandate period) <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> None <a href="#">Adopted without a vote.</a></p>

	<p><i>Iceland,* Italy,* Latvia,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Marshall Islands,* Mexico, Montenegro, Namibia,* Netherlands (Kingdom of the),* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Paraguay, Peru,* Portugal,* Romania, Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Sweden,* Türkiye,* Ukraine and United States of America</i></p>	<p>persons in vulnerable situations, and to mainstream a gender perspective into the performance of the mandate; Takes note of the reports by the Special Rapporteur, including his most recent report on the <b>climate crisis and the right to adequate housing</b>; [...], and calls upon States: (a) To continue <b>to cooperate fully with the Special Rapporteur</b> in the discharge of his or her mandate and to respond favourably to his or her requests for information and visits; (b) To enter into a <b>constructive dialogue with the Special Rapporteur</b> with respect to the follow-up to and implementation of his or her recommendations.</p>	<p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 49)</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (07:10:14)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.11</a> Question of the realization in all countries of <b>economic, social and cultural rights</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by: Portugal</i></p> <p><i>Co-sponsors: Albania,** Argentina, Armenia,** Australia,** Austria,** Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina,** Bulgaria,** Cabo Verde,** Chile, Costa Rica, Croatia,** Cyprus,** Czechia, Denmark,** Ecuador,** Egypt,** Estonia,** Finland, France, Germany, Greece,** Iceland,** Ireland,** Latvia,** Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta,** Mexico, Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the),** North Macedonia,** Norway,** Paraguay, Peru,** Portugal,** Romania, Slovakia,** Slovenia,** South Africa, Spain,** Sweden,** Tunisia,** Ukraine and United States of America</i></p>	<p>Urges all States <b>to respect, protect and fulfil all economic, social and cultural rights</b> by strengthening legal frameworks, adopting adequate policies and programmes and allocating sufficient resources for their implementation;</p> <p>Also calls upon all States that have not yet signed, <b>ratified</b> or acceded to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights to consider doing so as a matter of priority, and States parties to consider reviewing their reservations thereto;</p> <p>Acknowledges the need to strengthen the fulfilment of the right to social security, which contributes significantly to <b>mitigating or preventing many of the adverse impacts associated with crises</b>, as demonstrated by the rapid and extensive emergency social protection measures taken by States in response to the COVID-19 pandemic;</p> <p>Urges all States to guarantee that the right to social security is exercised <b>without discrimination, and stresses the importance of a universal, comprehensive and inclusive social protection system</b>, [...];</p> <p>Also urges all States to design social protection systems that promote <b>women’s economic security</b> and take into consideration <b>women’s unequal</b> share of unpaid or</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Portugal <i>21 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> China, Chili, U.S., Lithuania <b>PBIs:</b> Yes (204 300 USD for the mandate period) <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> None <b>Adopted without a vote.</b></p> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 46)</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (07:17:18)</a></p>

		<p>underpaid care and domestic work, and aim to address this imbalance;</p> <p>Underlines the importance of providing human rights <b>training</b> and <b>education</b> for all, [...];</p> <p>[States] To consider establishing and/or strengthening <b>national mechanisms</b> for the implementation of, reporting on and follow-up to human rights obligations and recommendations, [...] in achieving the SDGs, as well as international and national commitments made at United Nations conferences and summits.</p>	
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.15</a> <b>Mental Health and Human Rights</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by: Portugal, Brazil</i></p> <p><i>Co-sponsors: Albania,* Australia,* Austria,* Belgium, Brazil,* Bulgaria,* Chile, Costa Rica, Croatia,* Cyprus,* Ecuador,* Estonia,* Finland, France, Georgia, Greece,* Guatemala,* Ireland,* Israel,* Italy,* Latvia,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta,* Mexico, Monaco,* Montenegro, Norway,* Paraguay, Peru,* Portugal,* Romania, Slovakia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Türkiye* and Ukraine</i></p>	<p>Takes note of the <b>report of the Special Rapporteur</b> on the right of everyone to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health on the elements that are needed to set a rights-based global agenda for advancing the right to mental health;</p> <p>Reaffirms the obligation of States to <b>respect, protect and fulfil all human rights and fundamental freedoms</b> and to ensure that policies and services relating to mental health comply with international human rights law;</p> <p>Calls upon States to <b>abandon</b> all practices and treatments that fail to respect the rights, autonomy, will and preferences of all persons on an equal basis with others, and that lead to power imbalances, stigma, discrimination, harm and human rights violations and abuses in mental health settings, which may involve forced institutionalization and substituted decision-making in law and in practice;</p> <p>Further calls upon States to adopt all necessary measures to <b>ensure that everyone who requires mental health support is recognized, first and foremost, as a person</b> before the law, in accordance with the human rights model of disability, and to ensure that, in all fields, including law and health, language, especially in connection with disability and mental health, reflects a human rights model that does not reinforce stigma, prejudice or ableism;</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Portugal <i>22 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> Mexico</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (314 600 USD for total period)</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> U.S <i>Adopted without a vote.</i></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 43)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (07:29:43)</a></p>

		<p>Urges States to adopt prevention strategies to address <b>depression and suicide</b>, [...];</p> <p>Encourages States to promote the effective, <b>full and meaningful participation of persons</b> with psychosocial disabilities [...] in the design, implementation and monitoring of law, policies, services and programmes relevant to realizing, without discrimination, the right of everyone to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of mental health.</p>	
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.18</a> <b>The negative impact of unilateral coercive measures on the enjoyment of human rights</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Azerbaijan (on behalf of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries)</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Azerbaijan and Russian Federation*</p>	<p>Urges all States to <b>stop</b> adopting, maintaining, implementing or complying with unilateral coercive measures not in accordance with international law, international humanitarian law, the Charter of the United Nations and the norms and principles governing peaceful relations among States, in particular those of a coercive nature with extraterritorial effects, which create obstacles to trade relations among States, thus impeding the full realization of the rights set forth in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and other international human rights instruments, in particular the right of individuals and peoples to development;</p> <p>Urges States to <b>resolve their differences through dialogue and peaceful means</b> and to avoid the use of economic, political or other measures to coerce another State with regard to the exercise of its sovereign rights;</p> <p>Strongly condemns the continued unilateral application and enforcement by certain powers of such measures as tools of pressure, including political and economic pressure, against any country, particularly against least developed and developing countries, with a view to preventing these countries from exercising their right to decide, of their own free will, their own political, economic and social systems;</p> <p>Requests the <b>Special Rapporteur [...] to continue her work on identifying and proposing concrete measures</b> to ensure the removal of unilateral coercive measures affecting the enjoyment of human rights of victims and on the human</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Azerbaijan (on behalf of NAM) <i>additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> Eritrea</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> None</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> Finland, Costa Rica, U.S., Mexico, France, China</p> <p><b>Call for a vote by the Finland on behalf of the European Union</b></p> <p><b>Adopted with 33 in favor.</b></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>For: 33</b> Algeria, Argentina, Bangladesh, Benin, Bolivia, Cameroon, Chile, China, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Eritrea, Gabon, Gambia, Honduras, India, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Morocco, Nepal, Pakistan, Paraguay, Qatar, Senegal, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam</p> <p><b>Abstain: 1</b> Mexico</p> <p><b>Against: 13</b> Belgium, Czechia, Finland, France, Montenegro, Luxembourg, Lithuania, Germany, Georgia, Romania, Ukraine, UK, U.S.</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted by vote: 26-14- 6 (HRC 49)</p> </div>

		rights impact of secondary sanctions and overcompliance, [...].	<a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (07:39:22)</a>
<a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.20</a> Promotion and protection of human rights and the implementation of the <b>2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development</b>	<i>Submitted by:</i> Luxembourg, Azerbaijan, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Ecuador, Fiji, Portugal, Rwanda, Sierra Leone, Thailand, Uruguay  <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania, * Argentina, Azerbaijan, * Belgium, Brazil, * Bulgaria, * Canada, * Chile, Costa Rica, Croatia, * Cyprus, * Czechia, Denmark, * Ecuador, * Estonia, * Fiji, * Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, * Israel, * Italy, * Latvia, * Lithuania, Luxembourg, Marshall Islands, * Mexico, Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), *North Macedonia, * Norway, * Portugal, * Romania, Rwanda, * Samoa, * Sierra Leone, * Spain, * Sweden, * Thailand, * Tunisia, * Türkiye, * Ukraine, United States of America and Uruguay*	Expressing concern at the <b>interlinked global crises that negatively affect</b> progress in the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, reversing years of progress and development, including in ending poverty, combating inequalities and achieving gender equality; Decides to organize <b>three full-day</b> intersessional meetings for dialogue and cooperation on human rights and the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, which will provide a space for States, relevant United Nations and regional human rights mechanisms, United Nations agencies, funds and programmes, national human rights institutions, local and regional governments, and civil society organizations to voluntarily share good practices, achievements, challenges and lessons learned concerning integrated and gender responsive approaches in the promotion and protection of human rights and the implementation of the 2030 Agenda.	<b>Introduced by:</b> Luxembourg, Chile <b>Amendments:</b> L.46 (introduced by Russian Federation) <b>Voting on Amendments:</b> 0 in favor <i>31 additional co-sponsors</i> <b>General Comments:</b> Belgium, U.S. <b>PBIs:</b> Yes (745 300 total requirement for 2024) <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> None <b>Adopted without a vote.</b> <b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 43)  <a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (08:15:57)</a>
<a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.21</a> <b>Cooperation with regional human rights organizations</b>	<i>Submitted by:</i> Belgium, Armenia, Mexico, Senegal, Thailand  <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania, * Andorra, * Armenia, * Australia, * Austria, * Belgium, Bulgaria, * Chile, Costa Rica, Croatia, * Cyprus, * Czechia, Denmark, * Ecuador, * Estonia, * Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, * Guatemala, * Ireland, * Italy, * Latvia, * Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, * Mexico, Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), * Norway, * Peru, * Portugal, * Republic	Welcomes the <b>progress</b> made by Governments in the establishment of regional and subregional organizations working in the field of human rights, and their achievements in all regions of the world; Notes with appreciation the critical role played by the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights in <b>advancing cooperation</b> between international organizations and regional organizations in all their variety and at all their levels of formalization, working in the field of human rights; Requests the High Commissioner to hold, in 2025, a <b>workshop</b> on regional human rights organizations to take stock of developments since the workshop held in 2022, including a thematic discussion on the role of regional	<b>Introduced by:</b> Belgium <i>18 additional co-sponsors</i> <b>General Comments:</b> Senegal, Lithuania <b>PBIs:</b> Yes (274 400 USD for mandate period) <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> U.S., <b>Adopted without a vote.</b> <b>Voting history:</b> New Initiative.  <a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (08:27:08)</a>

	<p><i>of Moldova,* Romania, Senegal, Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Switzerland,* Thailand,* Türkiye* and Ukraine</i></p>	<p>organizations in relation to the right to a clean, healthy and sustainable environment, based on concrete and practical experience of regional organizations working in the field of human rights, in order to share information on best practices, lessons learned and possible new forms of cooperation, with the participation of relevant experts from international, regional, subregional and interregional human rights organizations, as well as Member States, observers, national human rights institutions and non-governmental organizations.</p>	
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.24</a> <b>The Right to Food</b></p>	<p><u>Submitted by:</u> <i>Cuba</i></p> <p><u>Co-sponsors:</u> <i>Algeria, Andorra,* Armenia,* Austria,* Belarus,* Belgium, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Croatia,* Cuba, Cyprus,* Denmark,* Ecuador,* Egypt,* Estonia,* Finland, France, Germany, Greece,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Italy,* Luxembourg, Malta,* Monaco,* Montenegro, Pakistan, Paraguay, Peru,* Portugal,* Romania, Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Syrian Arab Republic,* Tunisia,* Türkiye* and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)*</i></p>	<p>Reaffirms that hunger constitutes an <b>outrage and a violation of human dignity</b>, and therefore requires the adoption of urgent measures at the national, regional and international levels for its elimination;</p> <p>Also reaffirms the <b>right of everyone to have access to safe, sufficient and nutritious food</b>, consistent with the right to adequate food and the fundamental right of everyone to be free from hunger, so as to be able to fully develop and maintain his or her physical and mental capacities;</p> <p>Recognizes the importance of giving due consideration to the adverse impact of <b>climate change on the full realization of the right to food</b>;</p> <p>Reaffirms the need to ensure that programmes delivering safe, sufficient, nutritious and culturally accepted food are inclusive and accessible to <b>persons with disabilities</b>;</p> <p>Invites all relevant international organizations, including the <b>World Bank</b> and the <b>International Monetary Fund</b>, to avoid any actions that could have a negative impact on the realization of the right to food;</p> <p>Reiterating that food should not be used as an instrument of political or economic pressure, and reaffirming in this regard the importance of international cooperation and solidarity, and the <b>absolute necessity of refraining from unilateral measures</b> that are not in accordance with international law and the Charter of the United Nations and that endanger the food security and nutrition of affected countries,</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Cuba <i>40 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> Finland (on behalf of EU), France</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> None</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> U.S. <i>Adopted without a vote.</i></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 49)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right; margin-top: 10px;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (08:35:31)</a></p>

<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.22 Rev.1</a> Contribution of the Human Rights Council with regard to the <b>human rights implications of drug policy</b></p>	<p><i><b>Submitted by:</b> Switzerland, Albania, Brazil, Colombia, Greece, Guatemala, Mexico, Paraguay, Portugal, Uruguay</i></p> <p><i><b>Co-sponsors:</b> Albania,* Argentina, Australia,* Austria,* Belgium, Brazil,* Colombia,* Costa Rica, Cyprus,* Ecuador,* Germany, Greece,* Guatemala,* Iceland,* Israel,* Italy,* Latvia,* Luxembourg, Malta,* Mexico, Netherlands (Kingdom of the),* Paraguay, Portugal,* Romania, Sierra Leone,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Switzerland,* Türkiye,* Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Uruguay*</i></p>	<p>Calls upon States to mainstream a <b>gender perspective</b> into and ensure the involvement of women in all stages of the development, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of drug policies and programmes and to develop and disseminate gender-sensitive and age-appropriate measures that take into account the specific needs and circumstances faced by women and girls with regard to all aspects of the world drug problem, [...];</p> <p>Also calls upon States to <b>adapt their drug policies to address the specific needs of women</b>, including pregnant and postpartum women, children, young persons, older persons and members of groups in a situation of vulnerability such as minorities, Indigenous Peoples, persons with disabilities and members of other affected communities;</p> <p>Urges States to <b>adopt a systemic approach to preventing and eliminating racial discrimination</b> at all stages of the development, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of drug policies and programmes.</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Switzerland, Colombia</p> <p><b>Amendments:</b> <b>L.47, L.48, L.50, L.51, L.53</b> (introduced by Russian Federation); <b>L.58</b> (introduced by Saudi Arabia); <b>L.60, L.59</b> (introduced by Egypt), <b>L.61</b> (introduced by Singapore). Mexico called for a vote.</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote on L.47:</b> Montenegro (called for a no) <b><u>Voting on Amendment:</u></b> 12 in favor, 21 against and 14 abstentions</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote on L.48:</b> Luxembourg <b><u>Voting on Amendment:</u></b> 12 in favor, 22 against and 13 abstentions</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote on L.50:</b> Germany, Mexico <b><u>Voting on Amendment:</u></b> 13 in favor, 23 against and 11 abstentions</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote on L.51:</b> Paraguay <b><u>Voting on Amendment:</u></b> 12 in favor, 23 against and 11 abstentions</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote on L.53:</b> France <b><u>Voting on Amendment:</u></b> 6 in favor, 23 against and 16 abstentions</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote on L.58:</b> Belgium, Mexico <b><u>Voting on Amendment:</u></b> 22 in favor, 20 against and 5 abstentions (<i>adopted</i>)</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote on L.59:</b> Paraguay <b><u>Voting on Amendment:</u></b> 25 in favor, 18 against and 4 abstentions (<i>adopted</i>)</p>
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<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.23</a> <b>Birth registration and the right of everyone to recognition everywhere as a person before the law</b></p>	<p><b><i>Submitted by:</i></b> Mexico, Türkiye  <b><i>Co-sponsors:</i></b> Albania,* Andorra,* Argentina, Australia,* Austria,* Belgium, Brazil,* Bulgaria,* Chile,* Costa Rica, Croatia,* Denmark,* Ecuador,* Estonia,* Finland, France, Germany, Guatemala,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Latvia,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mexico, Montenegro, North Macedonia,* Norway,* Peru,* Portugal,* Romania, Slovakia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Türkiye* and Ukraine</p>	<p>Recalling the <b>obligation of States</b> to register all children, without discrimination of any kind, immediately after birth, [...]; Expressing <b>concern</b> also that unregistered children and registered children who do not have a birth certificate may have limited or no access to services and the enjoyment of all the rights to which they are entitled, [...]; Expresses deep concern at the fact that, according to the United Nations Children’s Fund, the births of <b>166 million children under the age of 5 worldwide have never been officially registered</b>, despite ongoing efforts to increase the global rate of birth registration; Also expresses deep concern at the fact that, according to the United Nations Children’s Fund, about <b>70 million children under the age of 5 who are registered worldwide</b></p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Mexico, Türkiye 18 additional co-sponsor <b>General Comments:</b> Finland (on behalf of the EU) <b>PBIs:</b> Yes (120 600 USD for the mandate period) <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> U.S. <b><i>Adopted without a vote.</i></b></p> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 43)</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (02:37:00)</a></p>



		<p><b>do not have proof of registration in the form of a birth certificate;</b>          [Calls upon States] To identify and reform laws and policies in order to <b>enable immediate birth registration</b> for all and to prevent all forms of discrimination against women and children in accessing birth registration and the realization of their right to recognition everywhere as a person before the law, and identify and reform laws and policies that prevent women from passing on their nationality to their children;          To identify and <b>remove</b> physical, administrative, procedural, financial, practical and any other barriers that discriminate or impede access to birth registration and the issuance of birth certificates [...];          To <b>establish or strengthen existing institutions</b> at all levels responsible for birth registration [...].</p>	
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.25</a>          Mandate of Independent Expert on the <b>effects of foreign debt</b> and other related international financial obligations of States on the full enjoyment of all human rights, particularly economic, social and cultural rights</p>	<p><i>Submitted by: Cuba</i>   <i>Co-sponsors: Algeria, Belarus,* Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Cuba, Egypt,* Malaysia, Pakistan, Tunisia* and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)*</i></p>	<p>Expresses its <b>appreciation</b> for the work and contributions of the Independent Expert on the effects of foreign debt and other related international financial obligations of States on the full enjoyment of all human rights, particularly economic, social and cultural rights;          Decides to <b>extend the mandate</b> of Independent Expert on the effects of foreign debt and other related international financial obligations of States on the full enjoyment of all human rights, particularly economic, social and cultural rights, for a period of three years, [...];          Encourages the Independent Expert to <b>cooperate</b>, in accordance with the mandate, with the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, special rapporteurs, independent experts and members of the expert working groups of the Human Rights Council and its Advisory Committee on issues relating to economic, social and cultural rights and the right to development.</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Cuba  <i>14 additional co-sponsors</i>  <b>General Comments:</b> None  <b>PBIs:</b> Yes (37 500 USD for total mandate period)  <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> Mexico, UK, Finland (on behalf of the EU), U.S., France  <b>Adopted with 32 votes in favor.</b></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>For: 32</b> Algeria, Argentina, Bangladesh, Benin, Bolivia, Cameroon, Chile, China, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Eritrea, Gabon, Gambia, Honduras, India, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, Paraguay, Qatar, Senegal, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam</p> <p><b>Against: 5</b> Czechia, France, U.S., UK, Ukraine</p> <p><b>Abstain: 10</b> Belgium, Finland, Georgia, Germany, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mexico, Montenegro, Morocco, Romania</p> </div>

			<p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted by vote: 29-14-4 (HRC 49)</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (08:47:45)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.26</a> Promotion of the enjoyment of the cultural rights of everyone and respect for cultural diversity</p>	<p><b>Submitted by:</b> Cuba</p> <p><b>Co-sponsors:</b> Algeria, Armenia,* Austria,* Belarus,* Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil,* Chile, Cuba, Cyprus,* Democratic People's Republic of Korea,* Ecuador,* Egypt,* France, Greece,* Italy,* Mexico, Pakistan, Paraguay, Portugal,* Russian Federation,* Spain,* Switzerland,* Syrian Arab Republic* and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)*</p>	<p>Reaffirms that <b>cultural rights are an integral part of human rights, which are universal, indivisible, interrelated and interdependent</b>;</p> <p>Recognizes the <b>right of everyone to take part in cultural life</b> and to enjoy the benefits of scientific progress and its applications;</p> <p>Reaffirms that States have the <b>responsibility to promote and protect cultural rights</b>, and that these rights should be guaranteed for all, without discrimination;</p> <p>Also recognizes that respect for and the promotion of cultural rights are <b>essential</b> for development, peace, the eradication of poverty, the building of social cohesion and the promotion of mutual respect, tolerance and understanding between individuals and groups, in all their diversity.</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Cuba 54 additional co-sponsors</p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> U.S., UK, China, Cuba</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> none</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> None</p> <p><b>Adopted without a vote.</b></p> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 40)</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (9:01:30)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.29</a> Commemoration of the <b>seventy-fifth anniversary of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights</b> and the <b>thirtieth anniversary of the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action</b></p>	<p><b>Submitted by:</b> Viet Nam, Austria, Bangladesh, Belgium, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, Chile, Costa Rica, Fiji, India, Panama, Romania, South Africa, Spain</p> <p><b>Co-sponsors:</b> Armenia,* Austria,* Bangladesh, Belgium, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil,* Bulgaria,* Chile, Costa Rica, Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czechia, Ecuador,* Estonia,* Fiji,* Finland, France, Germany, Greece,* Guatemala,* India, Ireland,* Italy,* Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mexico, Monaco,* Montenegro, Panama,* Paraguay, Peru,* Philippines,* Portugal,* Romania,</p>	<p>Welcomes the <b>seventy-fifth anniversary of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights</b> and the <b>thirtieth anniversary of the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action</b>, and stresses the importance of the mandates of the Human Rights Council, the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights and all other United Nations human rights mechanisms with regard to the promotion and protection of the effective enjoyment by all of the human rights and fundamental freedoms enshrined in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action;</p> <p>Urges States to redouble their <b>efforts</b> in fulfilling their duty to promote and protect all human rights and fundamental freedoms and to implement the provisions enshrined in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action;</p> <p>Calls upon States to <b>exercise mutual respect</b> and understanding, to promote tolerance, inclusion, unity and</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Viet Nam 54 additional co-sponsors</p> <p><b>General Comments:</b></p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (1 784 800 USD for total mandate period)</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b></p> <p><b>Adopted without a vote.</b></p> <p><b>Voting history:</b> New Initiative.</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV</a></p>

	<i>Samoa, * Slovakia, * Slovenia, * South Africa, Spain, * Türkiye* and Viet Nam</i>	respect for diversity and to pursue dialogue and cooperation in implementing the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action, ensuring all human rights for all.	
<a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.34</a> Human rights of migrants: mandate of Special Rapporteur on the <b>human rights of migrants</b>	<i>Submitted by: Mexico</i>  <i>Co-sponsors: Albania, * Australia, * Brazil, * Chile, Colombia, * Costa Rica, Ecuador, * El Salvador, * Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Guatemala, * Iceland, * Ireland, * Israel, * Luxembourg, Marshall Islands, * Mexico, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), * Norway, * Paraguay, Peru, * Portugal, * Spain, * Switzerland, * Türkiye, * Ukraine and United States of America</i>	Decides to extend, for a period of <b>three years</b> , effective from the end of its fifty-third session, the mandate of Special Rapporteur on the human rights of migrants, with the following functions: [...]; Requests the Special Rapporteur, in carrying out the mandate, to take into consideration relevant human rights instruments of the United Nations to <b>promote and protect the human rights of migrants</b> ; Also requests the Special Rapporteur, in carrying out the mandate, to request, receive and exchange information on <b>violations</b> of the human rights of migrants from States, treaty bodies, specialized agencies, special rapporteurs for various human rights questions and from intergovernmental organizations, other competent organizations of the United Nations system and non-governmental organizations, including migrants' organizations, and to respond effectively to such information; Further requests the Special Rapporteur, as part of his or her activities, to continue his or her <b>programme of visits</b> , which contribute to improving the protection afforded to the human rights of migrants and to the broad and full implementation of all aspects of the mandate.	<b>Introduced by:</b> Mexico <i>54 additional co-sponsors</i> <b>General Comments:</b> None <b>PBIs:</b> Yes (764 700 USD for the mandate period) <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> None <b>Adopted without a vote.</b>  <b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 43)  <a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (9:19:02)</a>
<a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.37</a> <b>The negative impact of the non-repatriation of funds of illicit origin to the countries of origin on the enjoyment of human rights, and the</b>	<i>Submitted by: Côte d'Ivoire (on behalf of the African Group)</i>  <i>Co-sponsors: Côte d'Ivoire (on behalf of the African Group) and Ecuador*</i>	Welcoming <b>General Assembly resolution 77/244 of 30 December 2022</b> on beginning intergovernmental discussions on ways to strengthen the inclusiveness and effectiveness of international tax cooperation through the evaluation of additional options, including the possibility of developing an international tax cooperation framework or instrument that is developed and agreed upon through a United Nations intergovernmental process, taking into full consideration existing international and multilateral arrangements,	<b>Introduced by:</b> Côte d'Ivoire <i>3 additional co-sponsors</i> <b>General Comments:</b> U.S. <b>PBIs:</b> Yes (237 000 USD for the total period) <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> Finland, Mexico, France <b>Adopted with 32 votes in favor.</b>  <b>For: 32</b> Algeria, Argentina, Bangladesh, Benin, Bolivia, Cameroon, Chile, China, Costa Rica,

<p><b>importance of improving international cooperation</b></p>		<p>Acknowledging that illicit financial flows and their <b>interlinkages with the growing debt crises, particularly in developing countries</b>, have underscored the need for an international <b>tax cooperation framework</b> that takes into full consideration existing international and multilateral arrangements, including international human rights law; Noting the <b>calls to create a public global asset registry containing beneficial ownership information</b> in order to curb illicit financial flows and transfers of untaxed wealth of corporations and individuals, as an important tool to avoid the diversion of crucial resources necessary for States to fulfil their human rights commitments and fight against inequality, as a key component of global tax reform.</p>	<p>Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Eritrea, Gabon, Gambia, Honduras, India, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Morocco, Nepal, Pakistan, Qatar, Senegal, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam</p> <p><b>Against: 13</b> Belgium, Czechia, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Montenegro, Romania, Ukraine, UK, U.S.</p> <p><b>Abstain: 2</b> Mexico, Paraguay</p> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted by vote: 31-14-2 (HRC 46)</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (9:22:16)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.39</a> (Orally Revised) <b>Human rights, democracy and the rule of law</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Romania, Morocco, Norway, Peru, Republic of Korea, Tunisia</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania, * Austria, * Bulgaria, * Chile, Costa Rica, Croatia, * Cyprus, * Ecuador, * Estonia, * Finland, Germany, Latvia, * Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mexico, Monaco, * Montenegro, Morocco, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), * North Macedonia, * Norway, * Peru, * Portugal, * Republic of Korea, * Romania, Slovenia, * Spain, * Tunisia* and Ukraine</p>	<p>Reaffirming further the <b>United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and the Paris Agreement</b>, and the objectives and principles contained therein, and emphasizing that parties should, in all climate change related actions, fully respect, promote and consider their respective obligations with regard to human rights, Recalling that the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and the Paris Agreement <b>will be implemented to reflect equity and the principle of common but differentiated responsibilities</b> and respective capabilities, in the light of different national circumstances,</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Romania <i>25 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> Finland (on behalf of the EU), India, U.S., Lithuania, Pakistan</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> None</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> Costa Rica <b>Adopted without a vote.</b></p> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 46)</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (9:39:07)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.40</a> Mandate of Special Rapporteur on the <b>sale, sexual exploitation and</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Uruguay (on behalf of the Group of Latin American and Caribbean States), Sweden (on behalf of the European Union)</p>	<p>Welcomes the work and contributions of the Special Rapporteur on the sale and sexual exploitation of children, including child prostitution, child pornography and other child sexual abuse material;</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Uruguay (on behalf of the GRULAC)</p> <p><b>Amendments: L.55</b> (introduced by Russian Federation)</p> <p><u>No action</u></p>

<p><b>sexual abuse of children</b></p>	<p><i>Co-sponsors: Albania,* Andorra,* Argentina, Armenia,* Australia,* Austria,* Bahamas,* Barbados,* Belgium, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Brazil,* Bulgaria,* Chile, Colombia,* Costa Rica, Croatia,* Cuba, Cyprus,* Czechia, Denmark,* Dominican Republic,* Ecuador,* El Salvador,* Estonia,* Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece,* Guatemala,* Guyana,* Haiti,* Honduras, Hungary,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Israel,* Italy,* Jamaica,* Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta,* Marshall Islands,* Mexico, Monaco,* Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the),* New Zealand,* Nicaragua,* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Panama,* Paraguay, Peru,* Poland,* Portugal,* Romania, Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Trinidad and Tobago,* Tunisia,* Türkiye,* Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay* and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)*</i></p>	<p>Decides to <b>extend the mandate</b> of Special Rapporteur, for a period of three years, [...];</p> <p>Requests all States to <b>cooperate</b> fully with and to assist the Special Rapporteur in the performance of her tasks, providing all requested information and considering favourably her requests for visits and for implementing her recommendations;</p> <p>Also encourages the Special Rapporteur to continue to <b>seek views and contributions</b> from States and other relevant stakeholders, including international organizations, national human rights institutions, civil society and children.</p>	<p><i>11 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments: None</b></p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (1 626 700 for the mandate period)</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> None</p> <p><u>Adopted without a vote.</u></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 43)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: center;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (02:45:12)</a></p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Explanations of vote and General comments after the vote (Item 3)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>Côte d’Ivoire</b> on L.37</li> <li>● <b>Nepal</b> on L.39 (importance of the focus on climate change), and on L.7</li> <li>● <b>Maldives</b> on L.15, dissociating with some para.</li> <li>● <b>U.S.</b> on its position of the Agenda Item 3</li> <li>● <b>U.K.</b> on L. 11</li> <li>● <b>Chile</b> on L.18, voting in favour</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: right;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (02:51:33)</a></p>			

Item 4 – Human rights situations that require the Council’s attention			
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.19</a> Situation of human rights in <b>Myanmar</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Sweden (on behalf of the European Union)</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Andorra,* Austria,* Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Bulgaria,* Canada,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czechia, Denmark,* Estonia,* Finland, France, Germany, Greece,* Guatemala,* Hungary,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Italy,* Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta,* Marshall Islands,* Monaco,* Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the),* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Poland,* Portugal,* Republic of Moldova,* Romania, San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Switzerland,* Türkiye,* Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America</p>	<p>Calls upon all States to respect their international commitments and all relevant United Nations resolutions and to <b>cease the illicit transfer and diversion of arms, munitions and other military equipment to Myanmar</b>, in order to prevent further violations of international humanitarian law and violations and abuses of human rights, as well as to refrain, in accordance with applicable national procedures and international norms and standards, from the export, sale or transfer of surveillance goods and technologies and less-lethal weapons when they assess that there are reasonable grounds to suspect that such goods, technologies or weapons might be used to violate or abuse human rights, including in the context of assemblies;</p> <p>Condemns in the strongest terms the <b>military coup</b> carried out in Myanmar [...], which constitutes an unacceptable [...] halt in the democratic transition of Myanmar and a serious threat against the respect for and protection of human rights, the rule of law and good governance and democratic principles;</p> <p>Reiterates its full <b>support</b> for the people of Myanmar and their aspirations for democracy and civilian government;</p> <p><b>Condemns the deliberate, widespread, indiscriminate and disproportionate use of force against civilians</b>, [...];</p> <p>Calls upon the Myanmar armed forces to <b>cease</b> the arbitrary and unlawful arrest and detention of children, to release all children detained in interrogation centres and prisons immediately and unconditionally and to ensure their rehabilitation and reintegration into their families and communities.</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Sweden (on behalf of the EU) <i>8 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> United States, United Kingdom</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (358 500 USD for the mandate period)</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> China</p> <p><a href="#">Adopted without a vote</a></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted as orally revised without a vote (HRC-SS 29)</p> </div> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (05:32:20)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.41/Rev.1</a> Situation of human rights in <b>Ukraine stemming from the Russian aggression</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Ukraine</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Andorra,* Australia,* Austria,* Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Bulgaria,* Canada,* Costa Rica,</p>	<p>Expresses concern at the impact of the conflict on increased <b>food insecurity globally, in particular in the least developed countries</b>, as Ukraine and the region are one of the world’s most important areas for grain and agricultural exports, when millions of people are facing famine or the immediate risk of</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Ukraine <i>7 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> Finland (on behalf of the EU), Costa Rica, United Kingdom, Germany, France, Lithuania, U.S.</p>

	<p> <i>Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czechia, Denmark,* Ecuador,* Estonia,* Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece,* Guatemala,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Italy,* Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta,* Monaco,* Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the),* New Zealand,* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Poland,* Portugal,* Republic of Moldova,* Romania, San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Türkiye,* Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America and Uruguay*</i> </p>	<p>famine or are experiencing severe food insecurity in several regions of the world, as well as on energy security, and underlines <b>the importance of a stable and strengthened Initiative on the Safe Transportation of Grain and Food stuffs from Ukrainian Ports and other relevant initiatives;</b></p> <p>Expressing grave concern at the conclusions of the Commission of Inquiry, reflected in its report, (A/HRC/52/62.) that a wide range of violations of international human rights law and violations of international humanitarian law, <b>many of which amount to war crimes</b>, have been committed in Ukraine since 24 February 2022</p> <p><b>Requests the Commission of Inquiry to provide an oral update to the Human Rights Council at its fifty-fourth session</b>, to be followed by an interactive dialogue, <b>to submit a comprehensive report to the Council at its fifty-fifth session</b>, to be followed by an interactive dialogue, and to <b>submit a report to the General Assembly at its seventy-eighth session</b>, to be followed by an interactive dialogue.</p>	<p><b>Country Concerned:</b> Russian Federation - <u>did not make a statement</u></p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (5 011 100 USD for total requirements)</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> China, Argentina, Eritrea, India, South Africa, Cuba</p> <p><b>Adopted with 28 votes in favor.</b></p> <p><b>For: 28</b> Argentina, Belgium, Benin, Chile, Costa Rica, Czechia, Côte d'Ivoire, Finland, France, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mexico, Montenegro, Nepal, Paraguay, Qatar, Romania, Somalia, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, UK, U.S.</p> <p><b>Against: 2</b> China, Eritrea</p> <p><b>Abstained: 17</b> Algeria, Bangladesh, Bolivia, Cameroon, Cuba, Gabon, Honduras, India, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Morocco, Pakistan, Senegal, South Africa, Sudan, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam</p> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted by vote: 32-2-13 (HRC 49)</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (05:43:33)</a></p>
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<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.3</a> Situation of human rights in the <b>Islamic Republic of Iran</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Iceland, North Macedonia, Republic of Moldova, United Kingdom of Great, Germany, Luxembourg</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Andorra,* Australia,* Austria,* Belgium, Bulgaria,* Canada,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czechia, Denmark,* Estonia,* Finland, France,, Greece,* Guatemala,* Ireland,* Israel,* Italy,* Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania, Malta,* Marshall Islands,* Monaco,* Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the),* New Zealand,* Norway,* Portugal,* Romania, San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Ukraine, and United States of America</p>	<p>Strongly <b>deplores the widespread, repeated and persistent violations of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran</b>, and calls upon the Islamic Republic of Iran to address systematic impunity by establishing a system of accountability in line with international law, including constitutional, legislative and administrative reforms, and to ensure the complete independence of the judiciary and effective remedies for victims;</p> <p>Calls upon the Islamic Republic of Iran to <b>address</b> widespread and systematic discrimination and violence based on gender, ethnicity, religion or belief or political opinion, among other status, enshrined in laws, [...];</p> <p>Expresses deep concern at the reported surge in the <b>number of executions</b>, [...];</p> <p>Decides to extend the mandate of Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran for a <b>further period of one year</b>, [...].</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Iceland <i>7 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> Finland (on behalf of the EU), Costa Rica, United States of America</p> <p><b>Country concerned:</b> Iran</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (427 300 USD)</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> Germany, Luxembourg, Pakistan, South Africa, China, Cuba</p> <p><b><u>Adopted with 23 votes in favor.</u></b></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>For: 23</b> Argentina, Belgium, Benin, Chile, Costa Rica, Czechia, Finland, France, Germany, Honduras, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malawi, Maldives, Mexico, Montenegro, Morocco, Paraguay, Romania, Somalia, Ukraine, UK, U.S.</p> <p><b>Against: 8</b> Bangladesh, Bolivia, China, Cuba, Eritrea, Viet Nam, Pakistan, Kazakhstan</p> <p><b>Abstained: 16</b> Algeria, Cameroon, Côte d’Ivoire, Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, India, Kyrgyzstan, Malaysia, Nepal, Qatar, Senegal South Africa, Sudan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 5px;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted by vote: 19-12-16 (HRC 49)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (03:05:25)</a></p>
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<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.9</a> Situation of human rights in the <b>Democratic People's Republic of Korea</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Sweden (on behalf of the European Union)</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Andorra,* Australia,* Austria,* Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Bulgaria,* Canada,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czechia, Denmark,* Estonia,* Finland, France, Germany, Greece,* Guatemala,* Hungary,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Israel,* Italy,* Japan,* Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta,* Marshall Islands,* Monaco,* Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the),* New Zealand,* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Poland,* Portugal,* Republic of Korea,* Republic of Moldova,* Romania, San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden*, Switzerland,* Türkiye,* Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and United States</p>	<p>Condemns in the strongest terms the <b>long-standing and ongoing systematic, widespread and gross human rights violations and other human rights abuses</b> committed in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and expresses again its grave concern at the detailed findings made by the commission of inquiry in its report, in the ongoing monitoring and documentation work of the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights and the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and the developments since then, including: [...];</p> <p>Urges the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to <b>acknowledge its crimes, abuses and human rights violations, in and outside of the country</b>, and to take immediately all steps necessary to end all such crimes, abuses and violations through, [...]: [...];</p> <p>Decides to extend the mandate of Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, in accordance with Human Rights Council resolution 37/28, <b>for a period of one year</b>;</p> <p>Requests the Office of the High Commissioner to continue to organize a series of <b>consultations and outreach activities with victims</b>, affected communities and other relevant stakeholders with a view to ensuring a victim-centred approach to accountability and to including their views in avenues for accountability.</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Sweden <i>6 additional co-sponsors</i> <b>General Comments:</b> UK <b>Country concerned:</b> DPRK <b>PBIs:</b> Yes (254 900 USD for the mandate period) <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> China, Cuba, Eritrea</p> <p><b>Adopted without a vote.</b></p> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 46)</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (03:30:50)</a></p>
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<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.14</a></p> <p>Situation of human rights in <b>Belarus</b> in the run-up to the 2020 presidential election and in its aftermath</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Sweden (on behalf of the European Union)</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Andorra,* Australia,* Austria,* Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Bulgaria,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czechia, Denmark,* Estonia,* Finland, France, Germany, Greece,* Hungary,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Italy,* Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta,* Marshall Islands,* Monaco,* Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the),* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Poland,* Portugal,* Romania, Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Switzerland,* Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America</p>	<p>Expresses deep concern at the further <b>deterioration of the situation of human rights in Belarus</b> in the aftermath of the presidential election held on 9 August 2020 and the continued impunity and lack of accountability for human rights violations committed in Belarus since 1 May 2020; Condemns in this respect the continuing <b>systematic denial of human rights and fundamental freedoms</b>,[...];</p> <p>Expresses continued grave concern at reports of systematic and widespread <b>acts of torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment of, and sexual and gender-based violence against</b> [...];</p> <p>Calls upon the Belarusian authorities to <b>allow adequate medical assistance and proper treatment</b> for all detained persons who are in urgent need of medical attention and those with severe health conditions, and to ensure the access of all detainees to lawyers, food parcels, visits by family members, information on medical procedures and information about their “criminal” cases, [...];</p> <p>Calls upon the Belarusian authorities to <b>ensure free, fair and inclusive elections, to enter into a genuine national dialogue with the political opposition and civil society</b>, and to guarantee the independence of the judiciary and of the legal profession in order to restore and maintain the rule of law, democracy and compliance with human rights law,[...];</p> <p>Decides to extend, for a <b>period of one year</b>, the mandate of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, with the assistance of the three appointed independent experts and special procedure mandate holders, until the fifty-fifth session of the Human Rights Council.</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Sweden</p> <p><i>7 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> France, Ukraine, UK</p> <p><b>Country concerned:</b> Belarus</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (3 278 200 USD for the mandate period)</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> China, Cuba</p> <p><a href="#">Adopted with 21 votes in favor.</a></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>For: 21</b> Argentina, Belgium, Benin, Chile, Costa Rica, Czechia, Finland, France, Gambia, Germany, Honduras, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malawi, Mexico, Montenegro, Paraguay, Romania, Ukraine, UK, U.S.</p> <p><b>Against: 5</b> Viet Nam, Bolivia, China, Cuba, Eritrea</p> <p><b>Abstained: 21</b> Algeria, Bangladesh, Cameroon, Côte d’Ivoire, Gabon, Georgia, India, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Malaysia, Maldives, Morocco, Nepal, Pakistan, Qatar, Senegal, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted by vote: 22-6-19 (HRC 49)</p> </div> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (03:46:27)</a></p>
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<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.16</a> Situation of human rights in the <b>Syrian Arab Republic</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by: United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, France, Germany, Italy, Jordan, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Qatar, Türkiye, United States of America</i></p> <p><i>Co-sponsors: Albania,* Andorra,* Australia,* Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Bulgaria,* Canada,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czechia, Denmark,* Estonia,* Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Guatemala,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Israel,* Italy,* Jordan,* Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta,* Marshall Islands,* Monaco,* Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the),* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Qatar, Republic of Moldova,* Romania,* San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Türkiye,* Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America</i></p>	<p>Expresses grave concern that the <b>crisis in the Syrian Arab Republic continues and that the conflict</b> has been marked by consistent patterns of gross violations and abuses of international human rights law and violations of international humanitarian law, strongly condemns all violations and abuses and the ongoing human rights situation, demands that all parties to the conflict immediately comply with their respective obligations under international humanitarian law and international human rights law, and emphasizes the need to ensure that all those responsible for such violations and abuses are held to account;</p> <p>Calls upon all parties, in particular the Syrian authorities, to maintain <b>rapid, unhindered, safe and sustainable humanitarian access</b> and to ensure that humanitarian assistance reaches its intended recipients, in this regard calls for the vital continuation of cross-border operations at Bab al-Salam and Ra’i, in addition to Bab al-Hawa, for delivering humanitarian aid and assisting vulnerable Syrians and survivors of the earthquakes, and calls upon all parties to facilitate immediate, rapid, unhindered and sustained humanitarian access, including cross-line access, to all parts of the Syrian Arab Republic;</p> <p>Deeply deplores the fact that the civilian population continues to bear the brunt of the conflict and that civilians, and objects indispensable to their survival, continue to be the targets of deliberate and indiscriminate attacks, including with prohibited weapons and munitions, by all parties to the conflict, notably by the Syrian regime and its State and nonState allies;</p> <p>Expresses grave concern in this regard at the continued violence, including <b>air strikes and the use of cluster munitions</b>, and the resulting civilian deaths and casualties, including children, and the destruction of civilian infrastructure, [...].</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> UK <i>7 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> Finland (on behalf of the EU), Qatar, U.S., France,</p> <p><b>Country concerned:</b> Syrian Arab Republic</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (6 887 600 USD total requirements)</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> Cuba, China, Argentina</p> <p><b>Adopted with 26 votes in favor.</b></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>For: 26</b> Argentina, Belgium, Benin, Chile, Costa Rica, Côte d’Ivoire, Czechia, Finland, France, Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Honduras, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malawi, Mexico, Montenegro, Morocco, Paraguay, Qatar, Romania, Ukraine, UK, U.S.</p> <p><b>Against: 5</b> Algeria, Bolivia, China, Cuba, Eritrea</p> <p><b>Abstained: 16</b> Bangladesh, Cameroon, India, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Malaysia, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, Senegal, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted by vote: 25-6-16 (HRC 51)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right; margin-top: 10px;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (04:04:19)</a></p>
<p><b>Explanations of vote and General comments after the vote (Item 4)</b></p> <p>● <b>Bolivia</b></p>			

- Malaysia

[Link to the meeting on UN WebTV \(06:19:20\)](#)

Item 7 – Human rights situation in Palestine and other occupied Arab territories

[A/HRC/52/L.31](#)

Human rights in the occupied **Syrian Golan**

*Submitted by: Pakistan (on behalf of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation, except Albania)*

*Co-sponsors: Chile, Pakistan,\* Syrian Arab Republic\*\* and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)\*\**

Deplores the continuing settlement policies and practices in the **occupied Syrian Golan**, including the plans announced at the end of 2021 to establish and expand illegal settlements and to double the numbers of the settlers in the occupied Syrian Golan within the coming years, and demands that Israel, the occupying Power, immediately cease all settlement-related plans and activities in the occupied Syrian Golan;  
Calls upon Israel, the occupying Power, to **cease** changing the physical character, demographic composition, institutional structure and legal status of the occupied Syrian Golan, and emphasizes that the displaced persons of the population of the occupied Syrian Golan must be allowed to return to their homes and to recover their property;  
Demands that Israel **stop its repressive measures** against the Syrian citizens in the occupied Syrian Golan and release immediately the Syrian detainees in Israeli prisons;  
Deplores the practices of the Israeli occupation authorities **affecting the human rights** of the Syrian citizens in the occupied Syrian Golan, [...].

**Introduced by:** *Pakistan*

*7 additional co-sponsors*

**General Comments:** Syrian Arab Republic

**Country concerned:** Israel

**PBIs:** none

**Explanation of vote before the vote:**

Germany, China, United States, Finland (on behalf of the EU)

**Adopted with 31 votes in favor.**

**For: 31** Algeria, Argentina, Bangladesh, Benin, Bolivia, Chile, China, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Eritrea, Gabon, Gambia, India, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Malaysia, Maldives, Mexico, Morocco, Nepal, Pakistan, Paraguay, Qatar, Senegal, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam  
**Against: 14** Belgium, Georgia, Germany, France, Czechia, Finland, UK, U.S., Romania, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malawi, Montenegro, Ukraine  
**Abstained: 2** Cameroon, Honduras

**Voting history:** Adopted by vote. 25-5-16 (HRC 40)

[Link to the meeting on UN WebTV \(06:23:50\)](#)

<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.32</a> Right of the <b>Palestinian people</b> to <b>self-determination</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by: Pakistan (on behalf of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation, except Albania)</i> <i>Co-sponsors: Chile, Peru,* Switzerland* and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)*</i></p>	<p>Calls upon all States to ensure their obligations of <b>non-recognition, non-aid or assistance with regard to the serious breaches of peremptory norms of international law by Israel</b>, in particular of the prohibition of the acquisition of territory by force, in order to ensure the exercise of the right to self-determination, and also calls upon them to cooperate further to bring, through lawful means, an end to these serious breaches and a reversal of the illegal policies and practices of Israel; Reaffirms the <b>inalienable, permanent and unqualified right of the Palestinian people to self-determination</b>, including their right to live in freedom, justice and dignity and the right to their independent State of Palestine; Also reaffirms the need to achieve a just, comprehensive and lasting peaceful solution to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict [...]; Calls upon Israel, the occupying Power, to <b>immediately end its occupation of the Occupied Palestinian Territory</b>, including East Jerusalem, and to reverse and redress any impediments to the political independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of Palestine, and reaffirms its support for the solution of two States, Palestine and Israel, living side by side in peace and security.</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> <i>Pakistan (on behalf of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation, except Albania)</i> <i>16 additional co-sponsors</i> <b>General Comments:</b> None <b>Country Concerned:</b> Palestine <b>PBIs:</b> none <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> U.S. <b><u>Adopted with 41 votes in favor.</u></b></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>For: 41</b> Algeria, Argentina, Bangladesh, Belgium, Benin, Bolivia, China, Chile, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Eritrea, Finland, France, Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Honduras, India, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Luxembourg, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mexico, Morocco, Montenegro, Nepal, Pakistan, Paraguay, Qatar, Senegal, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam <b>Against: 3</b> UK, U.S., Czechia <b>Abstained: 3</b> Cameroon, Lithuania, Romania</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted by vote (identical): 41-3-3 (HRC 49) <a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (06:43:25)</a></p> </div>
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.42</a> <b>Israeli settlements</b> in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and</p>	<p><i>Submitted by: Pakistan (on behalf of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation, except Albania)</i></p>	<p>Affirming that the Israeli settlement policies and practices in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, <b>seriously endanger the viability of the two-State solution</b>, undermining the physical possibility of its realization and entrenching a one-State reality of unequal rights, and <b>constitute an attempted acquisition of sovereignty over</b></p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> <i>Pakistan (on behalf of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation, except Albania)</i> <i>14 additional co-sponsors</i> <b>General Comments:</b> Syrian Arab Republic <b>Country concerned:</b> Israel</p>

<p>in the <b>occupied Syrian Golan</b></p>	<p><i>Co-sponsors: Chile, Syrian Arab Republic* and State of Palestine*</i></p>	<p><b>territory</b> through the denial of the right of self-determination of the Palestinian people; Condemns the <b>continuing settlement and related activities by Israel</b>,[...]; Expresses its <b>grave concern at and calls for the cessation of:</b> (a) The conduct of <b>economic activities</b> in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, for the benefit of the settlement enterprise and associated activities; [...]; Urges all States and international organizations to ensure that they are <b>not taking actions that either recognize, aid or assist the expansion of settlements or the construction of the wall in the Occupied Palestinian Territory</b>, [...].</p>	<p><b>PBIs:</b> none <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> UK, China <b>Adopted with 38 votes in favor.</b></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>For: 38</b> Algeria, Argentina, Bangladesh, Belgium, Benin, Bolivia, Chile, China, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Eritrea, France, Finland, Morocco, Montenegro, Mexico, Maldives, Malaysia, Luxembourg, Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan, India, Honduras, Germany, Gambia, Gabon, Nepal, Pakistan, Paraguay, Qatar, Senegal, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam <b>Against: 4</b> Czechia, Malawi, UK, U.S. <b>Abstained: 5</b> Cameroon, Georgia, Lithuania, Romania, Ukraine</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted by vote: 38-4-5 (HRC 49)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (06:56:14)</a></p>
<p><b>Explanations of vote and General comments after the vote (Item 7)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>China on</b> all resolutions, in favor of a two state solution</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: right;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (07:05:39)</a></p>			

<p>Item 9 – Racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related forms of intolerance: follow-up to and implementation of the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action</p>			
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.13</a> <b>Mandate of the Intergovernmental Working Group</b> on the Effective Implementation of</p>	<p><i>Submitted by: Côte d'Ivoire (on behalf of the Group of African States)</i> <i>Co-sponsors: Brazil,* Chile, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire,** Cuba, Ecuador,* Paraguay, Türkiye:*</i></p>	<p>Decides to <b>renew</b> the mandate of the Intergovernmental Working Group on the Effective Implementation of the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action for a further period of three years; Requests the Secretary-General and the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights to provide the Working</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Côte d'Ivoire <i>3 additional co-sponsors</i> <b>General Comments:</b> Costa Rica <b>PBIs:</b> Yes (950 000 USD for the mandate period) <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> U.S., Finland (on behalf of the EU), UK, France, China</p>

<p>the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action</p>		<p>Group with all the <b>human resources, technical and financial assistance</b> necessary for the effective implementation of its mandate; Requests the Chair of the Working Group to submit an <b>annual report</b> on its sessions to the Human Rights Council.</p>	<p><b>Adopted with 45 votes in favor.</b></p> <p><b>For: 45</b> Algeria, Argentina, Bangladesh, Belgium, Benin, Bolivia, Chile, China, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Eritrea, France, Finland, Morocco, Montenegro, Mexico, Maldives, Malaysia, Luxembourg, Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan, India, Honduras, Germany, Gambia, Gabon, Nepal, Pakistan, Paraguay, Qatar, Senegal, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Czechia, Malawi, Cameroon, Georgia, Lithuania, Romania, Ukraine</p> <p><b>Against: 2</b> UK, U.S</p> <p><b>Abstained: 0</b></p> <p><b>Voting history:</b> 46-1-0 (HRC 34)</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (07:16:07)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.12</a> <b>Mandate of Special Rapporteur</b> on contemporary forms of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Côte d'Ivoire (on behalf of the Group of African States)</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Austria,* Belgium, Brazil,* Chile, Côte d'Ivoire,** Cuba, Denmark,* Ecuador,* Finland, Ireland,* Italy,* Luxembourg, Norway*, Paraguay, Peru,* Portugal,* Spain,* Sweden* and Türkiye:*</p>	<p>Decides to <b>renew the mandate of Special Rapporteur</b> on contemporary forms of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance for a further period of three years, in accordance with the terms of reference contained in Human Rights Council resolution 7/34; Also requests the Special Rapporteur to continue to participate in <b>relevant international dialogues and policy forums</b> relating to the fight against racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related forms of intolerance, and the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, [...]; Further requests all States to cooperate with the Special Rapporteur in the discharge of his or her mandate.</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Côte d'Ivoire <i>22 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> Costa Rica, U.S., UK, Lithuania</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (1 281 000 USD for total period)</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> None</p> <p><b>Adopted without a vote.</b></p> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote (HRC 43)</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (07:07:24)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.30</a> Combating intolerance, negative</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Pakistan (on behalf of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation)</p>	<p>Requests the <b>High Commissioner</b> to prepare and <b>submit to the Human Rights Council at its fifty-fifth session a comprehensive follow-up report</b> with elaborated conclusions</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Pakistan <i>4 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> Finland (on behalf of the EU)</p>

<p>stereotyping and stigmatization of, and discrimination, incitement to violence and violence against, persons based on <b>religion or belief</b></p>	<p><i>Co-sponsors: Paraguay and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)*</i></p>	<p>based upon information provided by States on the efforts and measures taken for the implementation of the action plan outlined in paragraphs 7 and 8 above, and views on potential follow-up measures for further improvement of the implementation of that plan;</p> <p>Expresses deep concern at the continued serious instances of derogatory stereotyping, negative profiling and stigmatization of persons on the basis of their religion or belief, and programmes and agendas pursued by extremist organizations and groups aimed at creating and perpetuating negative stereotypes about religious groups, in particular when condoned by Governments;</p> <p>Encourages States to <b>consider providing updates on efforts made</b> in this regard as part of their ongoing reporting to the Office of the High Commissioner;</p> <p>Calls upon States to <b>adopt measures and policies</b> to promote full respect for and protection of places of worship and religious sites, cemeteries and shrines, and to take measures in cases where they are vulnerable to vandalism or destruction.</p>	<p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (23 400 USD)  <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> China  <i>Adopted without a vote.</i></p> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 49)</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (07:33:17)</a></p>
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**Explanations of vote and General comments after the vote (Item 9)**

- **Bolivia** reaffirmed commitments on combating racism and racial discriminations
- **South Africa** on L.12, supporting the SR on his new mandate; on L.13

[Link to the meeting on UN WebTV \(07:42:05\)](#)

<p><b>Item 10 – Technical assistance and capacity-building</b></p>			
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.33</a>            Technical assistance and capacity-building to improve human rights in <b>Libya</b></p>	<p><i>Submitted by: Côte d'Ivoire (on behalf of the Group of African States)</i></p> <p><i>Co-sponsors: Côte d'Ivoire,* Iceland,** Italy,** Malta,** Türkiye** and Yemen**</i></p>	<p>Requests the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, in close consultation with the Libyan authorities, to <b>provide technical assistance and capacity-building to Libya</b>, with a view to <b>improving further the situation of human rights</b> in Libya, [...], prevent violations thereof and ensure accountability for violations and abuses of human rights, in accordance with a national plan, [...];</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Côte d'Ivoire            56 additional co-sponsors  <b>General Comments:</b> Finland (on behalf of the EU)  <b>Country Concerned:</b> Libya  <b>PBIs:</b> Yes (1 808 400 USD for the mandate period)  <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> None  <i>Adopted without a vote.</i></p> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 43)</p>



		Invites the Office of the High Commissioner to work closely with the Libyan authorities, the United Nations Support Mission in Libya, the African Union and all other relevant regional and international organizations.	<a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (08:27:13)</a>
<a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.17/Rev.1</a> Assistance technique et renforcement des capacités visant à améliorer la situation des droits de l'homme en Haïti, en lien avec la demande des autorités haïtiennes d'une action internationale coordonnée et ciblée	<i>Submitted by: Haiti*</i>  <i>Co-sponsors: Haiti*</i>	Affirms the importance of <b>eradicating armed gangs</b> in Haiti and their adverse impact on the realization and enjoyment of human rights by the people of Haiti; Notes the <b>efforts</b> made by the Government of Haiti to restore security in the country, [...]; Calls on the Government of Haiti to continue <b>to implement the recommendations</b> made and accepted during the last Universal Periodic Review cycle, as well as the recommendations of other United Nations bodies, in particular those related to the dismantling of armed gangs; Requests the Office of the High Commissioner to <b>cooperate with the Government of Haiti in the area of human rights</b> by providing technical assistance and capacity-building support to the Haitian judiciary and security forces to enable them to pursue their strategies for eradicating armed gangs.	<b>Introduced by:</b> Haiti <i>26 additional co-sponsors</i> <b>General Comments:</b> Costa Rica, Finland (on behalf of the EU), UK, France <b>PBIs:</b> Yes (604 200 USD for the mandate period) <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> Argentina, Cuba <b>Adopted without a vote.</b> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"><b>Voting history:</b> New Initiative.</div> <a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (07:47:21)</a>
<a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.28</a> <b>Cooperation with Georgia</b>	<i>Submitted by: Georgia</i>  <i>Co-sponsors: Albania,* Andorra,* Australia,* Austria,* Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Bulgaria,* Costa Rica, Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czechia, Denmark,* Estonia,* Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Italy,* Latvia,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta,* Marshall Islands,* Monaco,* Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the),* North Macedonia,* Portugal,*</i>	Condemning the <b>ongoing illegal military presence of the Russian Federation</b> in Abkhazia, Georgia and the Tskhinvali region/South Ossetia, Georgia, [...]; Noting with concern the <b>grave situation of human rights</b> in both Georgian regions, particularly owing to growing violations and restrictions on <b>humanitarian access</b> ; Expressing serious concern further over the arbitrary detentions and kidnappings, including of women, children and older persons [...]; Expressing serious concern that violations and abuses of human rights and fundamental freedoms of persons living therein create an additional threat of further displacement; Requests the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights to <b>continue to provide technical assistance</b> through the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights in Tbilisi;	<b>Introduced by:</b> Georgia <i>12 additional co-sponsors</i> <b>General Comments:</b> Costa Rica, Finland (on behalf of the EU), UK, U.S., Ukraine <b>PBIs:</b> Yes (23 400 USD total requirements) <b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> Eritrea, Lithuania <b>Adopted with 22 votes in favor.</b> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"><b>For: 22</b> Belgium, Chile, Costa Rica, Czechia, Finland, France, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Honduras, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malawi, Maldives, Mexico, Montenegro, Paraguay, Romania, Senegal, Ukraine, UK, U.S. <b>Against: 4</b> Bolivia, Cuba, China, Eritrea <b>Abstained: 21</b> Algeria, Argentina, Bangladesh, Benin, Côte d'Ivoire, Gabon, India, Kazakhstan,</div>

	<p><i>Romania, Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Sweden,* Türkiye,* Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America</i></p>	<p><b>Demands that immediate and unimpeded access be given to the Office of the High Commissioner and international and regional human rights mechanisms to Abkhazia, Georgia and the Tskhinvali region/South Ossetia, Georgia.</b></p>	<p>kyrgyzstan, Malaysia, Morocco, Nepal, Pakistan, Qatar, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam</p> <p><b>Voting history:</b> 19-8-19 (HRC 46)</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (08:07:36)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.35</a> Assistance technique et renforcement des capacités dans le domaine des droits de l'homme au <b>Mali</b></p>	<p><i><u>Submitted by:</u> Côte d'Ivoire (on behalf of African Group)</i></p> <p><i><u>Co-sponsors:</u> Côte d'Ivoire* and Türkiye:**</i></p>	<p>Strongly condemns the <b>violations and abuses of human rights and violations of international humanitarian law, violations and abuses of children's rights</b>, in particular the recruitment and use of children in violation of international law, and extrajudicial and summary executions, enforced disappearances, arbitrary arrests and detention, acts of torture and mistreatment of persons in detention, killing and maiming, and attacks on schools and hospitals;</p> <p>Also strongly condemns human rights violations, which include <b>violations and abuses of women's rights</b>, including sexual and gender-based violence, and welcomes the adoption of the National Programme to End Gender-based Violence and the establishment of a framework for reflection on gender-based violence in May 2022;</p> <p>Recalls in this regard that all perpetrators of such acts must be held accountable before the competent courts, at both the national and the international level;</p> <p>Calls upon all parties to <b>respect human rights and to ensure strict compliance with international human rights law and international humanitarian law;</b></p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Côte d'Ivoire <i>4 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> Finland (on behalf of the EU), UK, U.S.</p> <p><b>Country Concerned:</b> Mali</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (418 400 USD for the mandate period)</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> None <i>Adopted without a vote.</i></p> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 43)</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (08:34:07)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">A/HRC/52/L.36</a> Technical assistance and capacity-building for <b>South Sudan</b></p>	<p><i><u>Submitted by:</u> Côte d'Ivoire (on behalf of the Group of African States)</i></p> <p><i><u>Co-sponsors:</u> Côte d'Ivoire</i></p>	<p>Welcomes the recent steps taken by the Government of South Sudan towards <b>finalizing governance structures in South Sudan</b>, including by reconstituting the transitional National Legislative Assembly, [...];</p> <p>Recognizes the <b>political will</b> of the Government of South Sudan in promoting and protecting human rights and its wish for tangible progress and for the prevention of further human rights violations and abuses, by establishing in Juba a court to try cases of gender-based violence and military mobile courts to prosecute offences committed against civilians by members of the organized forces while on duty;</p>	<p><b>Introduced by:</b> Côte d'Ivoire <i>2 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p><b>General Comments:</b> U.S., China</p> <p><b>Country Concerned:</b> South Sudan</p> <p><b>PBIs:</b> Yes (730 700 USD for the mandate period)</p> <p><b>Explanation of vote before the vote:</b> None <i>Adopted without a vote.</i></p> <p><b>Voting history:</b> Adopted without a vote. (HRC 46)</p> <p><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (08:44:30)</a></p>

		<p>Notes however the <b>challenges facing the Government of South Sudan</b> in this regard, and requests the international community to provide technical assistance to and support for the Government in its efforts to prevent and to investigate violations of international humanitarian and human rights law;</p> <p>Requests the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, in cooperation with the Government of South Sudan and relevant mechanisms of the African Union, <b>to step up technical assistance provided to the Government of South Sudan to urgently assist South Sudan in addressing human rights challenges in the post-conflict transition, [...]</b>.</p>	
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Explanations of vote and General comments after the vote (Item 10)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>None</b></li> </ul> <p style="text-align: right;"><a href="#">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV (08:51:27)</a></p>			