



HUMAN RIGHTS COUNCIL - 46th SESSION

ACTION ON DRAFT RESOLUTIONS (23-24 March 2021)¹

Draft Resolution	Main Sponsors	Expected United Nations follow-up (not exhaustive)	Action on Draft Resolution
Item 2 – Annual report of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights and reports of the Office of the High Commissioner and the Secretary-General			
A/HRC/46/L.1/Rev.1 Promoting reconciliation, accountability and human rights in Sri Lanka	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Canada,*² Germany, Malawi, Montenegro,* North Macedonia*, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (United Kingdom)</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Australia,* Austria, Belgium,* Bulgaria, Canada,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia,* Finland,* France, Germany, Greece,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Italy, Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania,* Luxembourg,* Malawi, Malta,* Marshall Islands, Montenegro,* Netherlands, New Zealand,* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Poland, Portugal,* Romania,* San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Switzerland,* United Kingdom, United States of America (United States)*</p>	<p>Requests the Office of the High Commissioner (OHCHR) to enhance its monitoring and reporting on the situation of human rights in Sri Lanka, including on progress in reconciliation and accountability, and to present an oral update to the Human Rights Council (HRC) at its 48th session, and a written update at its 49th session and a comprehensive report that includes further options for advancing accountability at its 51st session, both to be discussed in the context of an interactive dialogue.</p>	<p>Introduced by: United Kingdom <i>1 additional co-sponsor.</i></p> <p>General Comments: Austria (<i>on behalf of the European Union (EU) member states that are members of the Council</i>³), Philippines</p> <p>Country Concerned: Sri Lanka*</p> <p>Programme Budget Implications (PBIs): Yes</p> <p>Explanation of vote before the vote: China (<u>called for a vote</u>), Japan, Pakistan (<u>called for a vote</u>), Venezuela, Russian Federation, Cuba, India, Brazil, Bolivia</p> <p><i>Concerns raised:</i> PBIs amounting to 2.8 million dollars, non-cooperation of country concerned</p> <p>Adopted with 22 votes in favour:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>For: 22 Argentina, Armenia, Austria, Bahamas, Brazil, Bulgaria, Côte d'Ivoire, Czech Republic, Denmark, Fiji, France, Germany, Italy, Malawi, Marshall Islands, Mexico, Netherlands, Poland, Republic of Korea, Ukraine, United Kingdom, Uruguay.</p> <p>Against: 11 Bangladesh, Bolivia, China, Cuba, Eritrea, Pakistan, Philippines, Russian Federation, Somalia, Uzbekistan, Venezuela</p> <p>Abstained: 14 Bahrain, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Gabon, India, Indonesia, Japan, Libya, Mauritania, Namibia, Nepal, Senegal, Sudan, Togo.</p> </div>

¹ All meetings were chaired by H.E. Nazhat KHAN, President of the Human Rights Council, 15th Cycle.

² Here and later, marked by an asterisk “ * ” are those states that are not members of the UN Human Rights Council.

³ Here and later, the general comment has been agreed by the European Union as a whole.

			<p>Voting History: Consensus (HRC40)</p> <p><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.8 Promotion and protection of human rights in Nicaragua</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Brazil, Canada,* Chile,* Colombia,* Costa Rica,* Ecuador,* Paraguay,* Peru*</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Australia,* Austria, Belgium,* Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada,* Chile,* Colombia,* Costa Rica,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czech Republic, Ecuador,* Estonia,* Finland,* France, Georgia,* Germany, Greece,* Hungary,* Ireland,* Italy, Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania,* Luxembourg,* Malta,* Monaco,* Montenegro,* Netherlands, North Macedonia,* Norway,* Paraguay,* Peru,* Portugal,* Romania,* Slovakia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Switzerland,* Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States*</p>	<p>Requests the High Commissioner to enhance and broaden monitoring by the OHCHR and to continue to report on the situation of human rights in Nicaragua, including by preparing a comprehensive written report that assesses progress and challenges regarding that situation, and to present it to the Human Rights Council (HRC) at its 49th session, to be followed by an interactive dialogue, and to present an oral update on the situation of human rights to the Council at its 47th and 48th sessions.</p> <p>Also requests the High Commissioner to monitor closely the situation of human rights in Nicaragua in the context of the electoral process, and to present to the HRC, before the end of 2021, an interim oral update with recommendations, to be followed by an interactive dialogue.</p> <p>Requests that the OHCHR be provided with the resources necessary to fulfil its technical cooperation and human rights monitoring and reporting mandates.</p>	<p>Introduced by: Colombia* <i>8 additional co-sponsors.</i></p> <p>General Comments: Austria (<i>on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council</i>)</p> <p>Country Concerned: Nicaragua*</p> <p>PBIs: Yes</p> <p>Explanation of vote before the vote: Venezuela (<i>called for a vote</i>), Cuba, Mexico, Russian Federation, Argentina, Czech Republic, United Kingdom</p> <p><i>Concerns raised: the proposal is selective and politicized; the country concerned rejects it categorically</i></p> <p>Adopted with 20 votes in favour:</p> <p>For: 20 Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Brazil, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, Fiji, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Marshall Islands, Mexico, Netherlands, Poland, Republic of Korea, Ukraine, United Kingdom, Uruguay</p> <p>Against: 8 Bolivia, China, Cuba, Eritrea, Philippines, Russian Federation, Somalia, Venezuela</p> <p>Abstained: 18 Armenia, Bangladesh, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire, Gabon, India, Indonesia, Libya, Malawi, Mauritania, Namibia, Nepal, Pakistan, Senegal, Sudan, Togo, Uzbekistan</p> <p>Voting History: 24-4-19⁴ (HRC43)</p> <p><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.31 Human rights situation in the Occupied Palestinian Territory,</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Pakistan (<i>on behalf of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC)</i>)</p>	<p>Requests the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights to report on the implementation of the present resolution to the Human Rights</p>	<p>Introduced by: Pakistan (<i>on behalf of the OIC</i>) <i>8 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p>General Comments: Austria (<i>on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council</i>),</p>

⁴ Here and later on, the vote results are represented as (YES – NO – ABSTAINED).

<p>including East Jerusalem, and the obligation to ensure accountability and justice</p>	<p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Chile, * Pakistan (on behalf of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation), Venezuela, State of Palestine*</p>	<p>Council at its 49th session, to be followed by an interactive dialogue.</p>	<p>Country Concerned: Israel*, State of Palestine*</p> <p>PBIs: None</p> <p>Explanation of vote before the vote: Brazil (called for a vote), United Kingdom, Uruguay, Japan,</p> <p><i>Concerns raised:</i> the draft remains unbalanced, partial and biased, with distorted understanding of the situation on the ground.</p> <p>Adopted with 32 votes in favour:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>For: 32 Argentina, Armenia, Bangladesh, Bolivia, Burkina Faso, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Denmark, Eritrea, Fiji, France, Gabon, Germany, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Libya, Mauritania, Mexico, Namibia, Netherlands, Pakistan, Poland, Republic of Korea, Russian Federation, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Venezuela</p> <p>Against: 6 Austria, Brazil, Bulgaria, Cameroon, Malawi, Togo</p> <p>Abstained: 8 Bahamas, Czech Republic, India, Marshall Islands, Nepal, Philippines, Ukraine, United Kingdom</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>Voting History: 22-8-17 (HRC43 – previously adopted under Item 7)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV</i></p>
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Explanations of vote and General comments after the vote (Item 2)

- **Indonesia:** on [A/HRC/46/L.1/Rev.1](#) (human rights in Sri Lanka);
- **Republic of Korea:** on [A/HRC/46/L.1/Rev.1](#) (human rights in Sri Lanka);
- **Nepal:** on [A/HRC/46/L.1/Rev.1](#) (human rights in Sri Lanka)

Link to the meeting on [UN WebTV](#)

Item 3 – Promotion and protection of all human rights, civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights, including the right to development			
<p>A/HRC/46/L.2 Human rights, democracy and the rule of law</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Morocco,* Norway,* Peru,* Republic of Korea, Romania,* Tunisia*</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Australia,* Austria, Belgium,* Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Bulgaria, Chile,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czech Republic, Denmark, Ecuador,* Estonia,* Fiji, Finland,* France, Germany, Greece,* Ireland,* Israel,* Italy, Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania,* Luxembourg,* Maldives,* Malta,* Mexico, Monaco,* Montenegro,* Morocco,* Netherlands, New Zealand,* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Paraguay,* Peru,* Poland, Portugal,* Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova (Moldova),* Romania,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Tunisia,* Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States,* Uruguay</p>	<p>Decides that the theme of the 4th session of the Forum, to be held in 2022, will be “<i>Strengthening democracies to build back better: challenges and opportunities</i>”.</p> <p>Decides that participation in the 4th session of the Forum will be in accordance with the modalities set out by the Human Rights Council in its resolutions 28/14, 34/41 and 40/9.</p> <p>Requests the Secretary-General and the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights to continue to provide the Forum, at its 4th session, with all the necessary services and facilities, including interpretation in all official languages of the United Nations (UN).</p>	<p>Introduced by: Romania* (<i>on behalf of a Core-Group Countries</i>) 17 additional co-sponsors General Comments: Philippines PBIs: None Explanation of vote before the vote: None Adopted without a vote.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>Periodicity: Biennial Voting History: Consensus (HRC40)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right; margin-top: 10px;"><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.4 The negative impact of unilateral coercive measures on the enjoyment of human rights</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Azerbaijan* (<i>on behalf of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries (NAM), except Colombia and Peru</i>)</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Azerbaijan (<i>on behalf of the NAM</i>),* China, State of Palestine*</p>	<p>Decides to give due consideration to the issue of the negative impact of unilateral coercive measures (UCMs) on human rights in its task concerning the implementation of the <i>right to development</i>.</p> <p>Requests the Special Rapporteur (SR) on the negative impact of UCMs on the enjoyment of human rights to continue her work on identifying and proposing concrete measures to ensure the removal of UCMs affecting the enjoyment of human rights of victims and to focus on the resources and compensation necessary to promote accountability and reparations for victims in her next reports to the HRC, at its 48th session, and to the General Assembly (GA), at its 76th session.</p> <p>Requests the Secretary-General to provide the assistance necessary to the SR to fulfil her mandate</p>	<p>Introduced by: Azerbaijan (<i>on behalf of the NAM</i>)* 1 additional co-sponsor General Comments: Russian Federation (asked for their position to be recorded), China, Venezuela, Uruguay, Cuba PBIs: None Explanation of vote before the vote: Mexico, Austria (<i>on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council</i>) (called for a vote), Armenia (<i>disassociated from preambular paragraph 18 (PP18)</i>), United Kingdom, Brazil Concerns raised: <i>not all countries were part of the discussion process. Human Rights Council is not an appropriate forum to discuss this issue. Sanctions are not intrinsically unlawful in nature.</i> Adopted with 30 votes in favour:</p>

		<p>effectively, in particular by placing adequate human and material resources at her disposal. Requests the High Commissioner, in discharging her functions relating to the promotion, realization and protection of the right to development and bearing in mind the continuing impact of UCMs on the population of least developed and developing countries, to give priority to the present resolution in her annual report.</p> <p>Also requests the High Commissioner, and urges relevant special procedures of the HRC and the treaty bodies, to pay attention, [...], to the situation of persons whose rights have been violated as the result of UCMs.</p> <p>Requests the Secretary-General to provide the assistance necessary to the High Commissioner to fulfil her mandate effectively, in particular by placing adequate human and material resources at her disposal.</p>	<p>For: 30 Argentina, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bolivia, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Eritrea, Fiji, Gabon, India, Indonesia, Libya, Malawi, Mauritania, Namibia, Nepal, Pakistan, Philippines, Russian Federation, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan, Togo, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Venezuela</p> <p>Against: 15 Austria, Brazil, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Marshall Islands, Netherlands, Poland, Republic of Korea, Ukraine, United Kingdom</p> <p>Abstained: 2 Armenia, Mexico</p> <hr/> <p>Periodicity: Annual</p> <p>Voting History: 25-16-6 (HRC43)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.5 Freedom of religion or belief</p>	<p><i>Submitted by: Portugal* (on behalf of the European Union)</i></p> <p><i>Co-sponsors: Albania,* Argentina, Armenia, Australia,* Austria, Belgium,* Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Bulgaria, Canada,* Chile,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czech Republic, Denmark, Ecuador,* Estonia,* Fiji, Finland,* France, Georgia,* Germany, Greece,* Hungary,* Ireland,* Israel,* Italy, Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania,* Luxembourg,* Malta,* Monaco,* Montenegro,* Netherlands, North Macedonia,* Norway,* Paraguay,* Peru,* Philippines, Poland, Portugal,* Romania,* San Marino,* Serbia,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Turkey,* Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States*, Uruguay</i></p>	<p>Requests the Secretary-General and the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights to provide the Special Rapporteur with all the human, technical and financial assistance necessary for the effective fulfilment of the mandate.</p> <p>Requests the Special Rapporteur to report annually to the Human Rights Council and to the General Assembly in accordance with their respective programmes of work.</p> <p>Decides to remain seized of this question under the same agenda item and to continue its consideration of measures to implement the Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Intolerance and of Discrimination Based on Religion or Belief.</p>	<p>Introduced by: Portugal* (on behalf of the EU) <i>12 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p>General Comments: Cuba</p> <p>PBIs: None</p> <p>Explanation of vote before the vote: None</p> <p>Adopted without a vote.</p> <hr/> <p>Periodicity: Annual</p> <p>Voting History: Consensus (HRC43)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p>

<p>A/HRC/46/L.6/Rev.1 Human rights and the environment</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Costa Rica,* Maldives,* Morocco,* Slovenia,* Switzerland* <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Australia,* Austria, Belgium,* Bhutan,* Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Bulgaria, Chile,* Costa Rica,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czech Republic, Fiji, France, Germany, Greece,* Haiti,* Hungary,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Italy, Liechtenstein,* Luxembourg,* Maldives,* Malta,* Mexico, Monaco,* Montenegro,* Morocco,* Nepal, Netherlands, North Macedonia,* Paraguay,* Peru,* Portugal,* Qatar,* Romania,* San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Somalia, Spain,* Switzerland,* Ukraine, Uruguay</p>	<p>Decides to renew the mandate of the Special Rapporteur (SR) on the issue of human rights obligations relating to the enjoyment of a safe, clean, healthy and sustainable environment for a period of three years. Requests the SR, in fulfilling the mandate [...] to submit an annual report, including conclusions and recommendations, to the Human Rights Council (HRC) and to the General Assembly. Requests the High Commissioner to ensure that the SR receives the resources necessary to enable him or her to discharge the mandate fully. Requests the SR, in collaboration with the OHCHR: (a) To convene, prior to the 52nd session of the HRC, an expert seminar on the role of human rights and environmental conservation in the prevention of future pandemics; [...]; (d) To submit to the HRC, at its 52nd session, a summary report on the above-mentioned seminar, including any recommendations stemming therefrom, for consideration of further follow-up action.</p>	<p>Introduced by: Costa Rica* <i>Comment on the revised version:</i> to reach the consensus, the language on environmental defenders and zoonotic pandemics had to be removed. 20 additional co-sponsors General Comments: Indonesia, Germany PBIs: Yes Explanation of vote before the vote: None Adopted without a vote.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>Voting History: Consensus (HRC37)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.10 Effects of foreign debt and other related international financial obligations of States on the full enjoyment of all human rights, particularly economic, social and cultural rights</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Cuba <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Belarus,* Cuba, Egypt,* Fiji, Namibia, Philippines, Venezuela</p>	<p>Requests the Independent Expert to continue to report regularly to the Human Rights Council and the General Assembly in accordance with their programmes of work. Requests the Secretary-General to provide the Independent Expert with all necessary assistance, in particular all the staff and resources required to carry out her functions.</p>	<p>Introduced by: Cuba 16 additional co-sponsors General Comments: None PBIs: None Explanation of vote before the vote: United Kingdom (<i>called for a vote</i>), Austria (<i>on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council</i>) <i>Concerns raised:</i> The resolution falls out of the scope of the topics of the Council. The Council is not the right forum for discussing foreign debt. Adopted with 28 votes in favour:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>For: 28 Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bolivia, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Eritrea, Fiji, Gabon, India, Indonesia, Libya, Malawi, Namibia, Nepal, Pakistan, Philippines, Russian</p> </div>

			<p>Federation, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan, Togo, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Venezuela</p> <p><i>Mauritania intended to vote Yes, but was not able to do so due to the technical reasons.</i></p> <p>Against: 14 Austria, Brazil, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Poland, Republic of Korea, Ukraine, United Kingdom</p> <p>Abstained: 4 Armenia, Bahamas, Marshall Islands, Mexico</p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.11 The right to food <i>(as orally revised)</i></p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Cuba <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Belarus,* China, Cuba, Ecuador,* Egypt,* Fiji, Haiti,* Iran,* Mexico, Namibia, Nepal, Paraguay,* Peru,* Philippines, Syrian Arab Republic (Syria),* Turkey*, Venezuela</p>	<p><i>Looking forward to the contribution of the Food Systems Summit, to be held in 2021, to the realization of the right to food.</i></p> <p>Requests the Special Rapporteur (SR) to participate in relevant international dialogues and policy forums relating to the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, paying particular attention to SDG 2 [...].</p> <p>Requests the Secretary-General and the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights to continue to provide all the human and financial resources necessary for the effective fulfilment of the mandate of the Special Rapporteur.</p> <p>Requests the Special Rapporteur to report annually on the implementation of the mandate to the Human Rights Council and the General Assembly in accordance with their programmes of work.</p>	<p>Periodicity: Annual Voting History: 26-15-6 (HRC43)</p> <p><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p> <p>Introduced by: Cuba Oral Revision: OP12 to read “ensure ecosystems preservation and sustainable use” (add “sustainable use”) – <i>also in PP18</i> <i>27 additional co-sponsors</i> General Comments: None PBIs: None Explanation of vote before the vote: United Kingdom, Austria (<i>on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council</i>) <i>Concerns raised:</i> “community of the shared future” <i>is not agreed language.</i> Adopted without a vote.</p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.12 Mandate of the Special Rapporteur in the field of cultural rights</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Cuba <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Austria, Belarus,* Chile,* China, Cuba, Cyprus,* Ecuador,* Egypt,* Fiji, Greece,* Luxembourg,* Mexico, Paraguay,* Philippines, Portugal,* Spain,* Syria*, Venezuela</p>	<p>Decides to renew, for a period of three years, the mandate of Special Rapporteur in the field of cultural rights, to enable the mandate holder to continue to work in accordance with the mandate established by the Human Rights Council in its resolution 10/23 of 26 March 2009.</p>	<p>Periodicity: Annual Voting History: Consensus (HRC43)</p> <p><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p> <p>Introduced by: Cuba <i>27 additional co-sponsors</i> General Comments: None PBIs: Yes (activities are perennial in nature; no additional resources are required) Explanation of vote before the vote: None</p>

			<p>Adopted without a vote.</p> <p>Periodicity: Triannual Voting History: Consensus (HRC37)</p> <p><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.13 Question of the realization in all countries of economic, social and cultural rights</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Portugal* <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Argentina, Austria, Belgium,* Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Bulgaria, Chile,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Ecuador,* Fiji, Finland,* France, Germany, Greece,* Ireland,* Lithuania,* Luxembourg,* Malta,* Mexico, Montenegro,* North Macedonia,* Paraguay,* Peru,* Portugal,* Romania,* San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Sweden,* Ukraine, United States*</p>	<p>Requests the Secretary-General to prepare and submit to the Human Rights Council, at its 49th session, a report on the question of the realization in all countries of economic, social and cultural rights under agenda item 3, with a special focus on the importance of robust and efficient public policies and of adequately resourced and fully functioning services for the protection of economic, social and cultural rights to address the negative impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and to contribute to recovery efforts.</p> <p>Decides to convene a panel discussion, during its 49th session, under agenda item 3, to discuss the conclusions and recommendations made by the Secretary-General in his report [...], including practical examples and good practices, and requests the OHCHR to invite States and relevant international organizations, treaty bodies and special procedures, and civil society to participate in the panel discussion.</p>	<p>Introduced by: Portugal* (<i>on behalf of a Group of Countries</i>) <i>31 additional co-sponsors</i> General Comments: None PBIs: None Explanation of vote before the vote: United Kingdom, China</p> <p>Adopted without a vote.</p> <p>Periodicity: Biennial Voting History: Consensus (HRC40)</p> <p><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.14 The negative impact of the non-repatriation of funds of illicit origin to the countries of origin on the enjoyment of human rights, and the importance of improving international cooperation</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Cameroon (<i>on behalf of the Group of African States</i>) <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Cameroon (<i>on behalf of the Group of African States</i>), Ecuador,* Libya (<i>on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of Arab States</i>), State of Palestine*</p>	<p>Requests the Independent Expert on the effects of foreign debt and other related international financial obligations of States on the full enjoyment of all human rights, particularly economic, social and cultural rights to conduct a new study, in connection with the previous relevant studies conducted by the mandate holder and the Advisory Committee, on a <i>proposed non-binding set of practical guidelines for efficient asset recovery aiming at curbing the illicit transfer of funds</i> and mitigating its negative effects on the enjoyment of human rights with a view to help requesting and requested States to strengthen their cooperation in</p>	<p>Introduced by: Cameroon (<i>on behalf of the Group of African States</i>) <i>3 additional co-sponsors</i> General Comments: Libya, Cuba, Russian Federation, Mauritania (<i>aligns itself with the statement delivered by Cameroon</i>), Sudan, Pakistan PBIs: Yes Explanation of vote before the vote: Mexico, Japan (<i>called for a vote</i>), United Kingdom, Austria (<i>on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council</i>),</p>

		<p>this regard, and to present the study to the Human Rights Council (HRC) at its 52nd session.</p> <p>Requests the Secretary-General and the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights to provide all the assistance, including financial resources, necessary to allow the Independent Expert to carry out the mandate set out in the present resolution, and calls upon all relevant stakeholders, [...] to cooperate fully with the Independent Expert in this regard.</p> <p>Decides to convene, before its 50th session, a one-day intersessional seminar on the <i>negative impact of the non-repatriation of funds of illicit origin to the countries of origin on the enjoyment of human rights</i>, to discuss challenges and best practices in this regard and to make recommendations, with the participation of States, the Advisory Committee and other relevant stakeholders.</p> <p>Requests the High Commissioner to present a report on the seminar to the HRC at its 51st session.</p> <p>Requests the Secretary-General to bring the present resolution to the attention of all States Members of the United Nations and forums dealing with the issue of the repatriation of funds of illicit origin within the UN system for consideration and necessary action and coordination as appropriate, particularly within the context of the Conference of the States Parties to the UN Convention against Corruption and the UN Conference on Trade and Development.</p>	<p><i>Concerns raised:</i> The topics are at odds with the mandate and the expertise of the Human Rights Council. Need for more balance when dealing with topics such as recovering the assets, fighting corruption and promoting human rights. Need to address the root causes of corruption and the specific human rights concerns.</p> <p>Adopted with 31 votes in favour:</p> <p>For: 31 Argentina, Armenia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bolivia, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Eritrea, Fiji, Gabon, India, Indonesia, Libya, Malawi, Mauritania, Namibia, Nepal, Pakistan, Philippines, Russian Federation, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan, Togo, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Venezuela</p> <p>Against: 14 Austria, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Marshall Islands, Netherlands, Poland, Republic of Korea, Ukraine, United Kingdom</p> <p>Abstained: 2 Bahamas, Mexico</p> <p>Periodicity: Biennial</p> <p>Voting History: 31-2-14 (HRC40)</p> <p><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.15 Mandate of the Independent Expert on the enjoyment of human rights by persons with albinism</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Cameroon (on behalf of the Group of African States) <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Belgium,* Bulgaria, Cameroon (on behalf of the Group of African States), Chile,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Denmark, Ecuador,* Fiji, France, Germany, Greece,* Ireland,* Israel,* Italy, Luxembourg,* Malta,* Montenegro,* Netherlands, Norway,*</p>	<p>Decides to extend the mandate of the Independent Expert (IE) on the enjoyment of human rights by persons with albinism for a period of three years, on the same terms as provided by the HRC in its resolution 28/6 of 26 March 2015.</p> <p>Requests the IE to integrate a gender perspective throughout the work of the mandate and to pay specific attention to the challenges and needs of women and girls in order to address the multiple</p>	<p>Introduced by: Cameroon (on behalf of the Group of African States) <i>12 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p>General Comments: None</p> <p>PBIs: Yes</p> <p>Explanation of vote before the vote: None</p> <p>Adopted without a vote.</p> <p>Periodicity: Triannual</p>

	<p>Portugal,* Romania,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Turkey*, United States*</p>	<p>and aggravated forms of discrimination faced by women and girls with albinism. Requests the Secretary-General and the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights to provide the Independent Expert with all the human and financial resources necessary for the effective fulfilment of her mandate.</p>	<p>Voting History: Consensus (HRC37)</p> <p>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.22 Promoting mutually beneficial cooperation in the field of human rights</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> China <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Belarus,* China, Cuba, Egypt,* Iran,* Syria*, Venezuela</p>	<p>Decides to convene at its 49th session a meeting under item 3 of its agenda, with a duration of two hours, to be presided over by the President of the Human Rights Council, on the theme of <i>enhancing technical cooperation and capacity-building in promoting and protecting the human rights of persons in vulnerable and marginalized situations in recovery efforts during and after the COVID-19 pandemic</i>, with the participation of States, international organizations and other stakeholders, to share information on good practices and experience, and encourages all stakeholders to take this opportunity to facilitate technical cooperation. Requests the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights to provide all necessary resources for the services and facilities for the above-mentioned meeting, to prepare a summary report on the meeting and to submit it to the Human Rights Council at its 52nd session.</p>	<p>Introduced by: China <i>10 additional co-sponsors</i> General Comments: Cuba, Russian Federation, Brazil, Eritrea PBIs: Yes Explanation of vote before the vote: Austria (<i>on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council</i>) (<u>called for a vote</u>), United Kingdom, India, Japan, Mexico <i>Concerns raised:</i> focus on the relations between states (<i>vs. between states and individuals</i>), duplicating resolution, no added value; the language is not universally accepted. Adopted with 26 votes in favour:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>For: 26 Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bolivia, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, China, Côte d’Ivoire, Cuba, Eritrea, Gabon, Indonesia, Mauritania, Mexico, Namibia, Nepal, Pakistan, Philippines, Russian Federation, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan, Togo, Uruguay, Venezuela</p> <p>Against: 15 Austria, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, France, Germany, India, Italy, Japan, Marshall Islands, Netherlands, Poland, Republic of Korea, Ukraine, United Kingdom</p> <p>Abstained: 6 Armenia, Bahamas, Fiji, Libya, Malawi, Uzbekistan.</p> </div> <p>Periodicity: Annual Voting History: 23-16-8 (HRC43)</p> <p>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</p>

<p>A/HRC/46/L.23 High-level panel discussion on the occasion of the tenth anniversary of the Voluntary Technical Assistance Trust Fund to support the Participation of Least Developed Countries and Small Island Developing States in the Work of the Human Rights Council</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> <i>Australia,* Bahamas, Barbados,* Burkina Faso, Djibouti,* Ethiopia,* Guyana,* Luxembourg,* Maldives,* Mauritius,* Morocco,* Netherlands, Norway,* Pakistan, Peru,* Poland, Portugal,* Senegal, Singapore,* Sudan, Switzerland,* Togo, Turkey,* Vanuatu*</i> <i>Co-sponsors:</i> <i>Australia,* Austria, Bahamas, Barbados,* Belgium,* Burkina Faso, Canada,* Croatia,* Czech Republic, Denmark, Djibouti,* Ecuador,* Ethiopia,* Fiji, Finland,* France, Georgia,* Germany, Guyana,* Haiti,* Ireland,* Israel,* Italy, Latvia,* Lithuania,* Luxembourg,* Maldives,* Malta,* Marshall Islands, Mauritius,* Mexico, Montenegro,* Morocco,* Netherlands, Norway,* Pakistan, Paraguay,* Peru,* Philippines, Poland, Portugal,* Romania,* Senegal, Singapore,* Slovenia,* Somalia, Spain,* Sudan, Sweden,* Switzerland,* Togo, Turkey,* United Kingdom, Vanuatu</i></p>	<p>Decides to convene, during the high-level segment of its 49th session, a high-level panel discussion on the occasion of the 10th anniversary of the Voluntary Technical Assistance Trust Fund to Support the Participation of Least Developed Countries (LDCs) and Small Island Developing States (SIDSs) in the Work of the Human Rights Council (HRC) focused on the benefits of universal and meaningful participation of all States Members of the United Nations in the work of the Human Rights Council, and that the discussion shall be fully accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests the OHCHR to organize the panel discussion, and to liaise with States and other stakeholders with a view to ensuring their participation in it, while taking into account geographical representation. Also requests the OHCHR to prepare a report on the panel discussion in the form of a summary and to submit it to the HRC at its 50th session. Requests the OHCHR, through the Trust Fund, to secure the participation of Member States that do not have a permanent resident mission in Geneva so as to achieve universal participation of all States Members of the UN at the 49th session of the HRC, including in the high-level panel discussion.</p>	<p>Introduced by: Switzerland* <i>63 additional co-sponsors</i> General Comments: Philippines, Indonesia, India, Cuba, United Kingdom PBIs: Yes Explanation of vote before the vote: None Adopted without a vote. <i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.25/Rev.1 Ensuring equitable, affordable, timely and universal access for all countries to vaccines in response to the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) pandemic (<i>as orally revised</i>)</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> <i>Azerbaijan (on behalf of the NAM),* Ecuador*</i> <i>Co-sponsors:</i> <i>Azerbaijan (on behalf of the NAM),* Ecuador,* Paraguay,* Turkey,* State of Palestine*</i></p>	<p>Requests the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights, in consultation with States, UN agencies, funds and programmes, in particular the WHO, the special procedures of the Human Rights Council, the treaty bodies, civil society organizations and other stakeholders, to prepare a report on the human rights implications of the lack of affordable, timely, equitable and universal access and distribution of COVID-19 vaccines and the deepening inequalities between States, including the related vulnerabilities and challenges and the impact on the right of everyone to the enjoyment</p>	<p>Introduced by: Azerbaijan (<i>on behalf of the NAM</i>),* Ecuador* Oral revision: OP8 added and reads “Recognizing that the availability of vaccines, medicines, health technologies and health therapies is an essential dimension of the right of everyone to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health” <i>12 additional co-sponsors</i></p>

		<p>of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health, for submission to the HRC, at its 49th session, and to provide an oral update thereon to the Council at its 48th session.</p> <p>Decides to hold, at its 49th session, a half-day panel discussion on the matter and requests the OHCHR to make the discussion fully accessible to persons with disabilities.</p>	<p>General Comments: Mexico, Uruguay, Philippines, India, Austria (<i>on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council</i>), China</p> <p>PBIs: Yes</p> <p>Explanation of vote before the vote: United Kingdom, Armenia (disassociated from PP12)</p> <p>Adopted without a vote.</p> <p>Periodicity: NEW initiative</p> <p><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.27 Torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment: the roles and responsibilities of police and other law enforcement officials</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Denmark <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Argentina,* Armenia, Australia,* Austria, Belgium,* Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Bulgaria, Canada,* Chile,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czech Republic, Denmark, Ecuador,* Egypt,* Estonia,* Fiji, Finland,* France, Georgia,* Germany, Greece,* Hungary,* Ireland,* Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania,* Luxembourg,* Malta,* Mexico, Montenegro,* Netherlands, New Zealand,* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Paraguay,* Peru,* Poland, Portugal,* Romania,* San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Switzerland,* Turkey,* Ukraine, United, United States,* Uruguay</p>	<p><i>The draft resolution focuses on risks and obstacles in combating and preventing the use of torture and ill-treatment. It also place emphasis on the tremendous effort that police and law enforcement officials put into serving their communities as well as on their dependence on building public confidence.</i></p> <p>Welcomes the work of the Special Rapporteur on torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment, and takes note with appreciation of his latest report (A/HRC/46/26).</p> <p>Invites the Special Rapporteur on torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment and other relevant special procedures, within their respective mandates, to take the present resolution into account in their future work.</p>	<p>Introduced by: Denmark <i>12 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p>General Comments: Russian Federation (<i>concerns about OP7, OP21</i>)</p> <p>PBIs: None</p> <p>Explanation of vote before the vote: None</p> <p>Adopted without a vote.</p> <p>Periodicity: Triannual Voting History: Consensus (HRC37)</p> <p><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.28 Mandate of the Special Rapporteur on the right to privacy</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Austria, Brazil, Germany, Liechtenstein,* Mexico <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Austria, Belgium,* Bosnia and Herzegovina,* Brazil, Bulgaria, Chile,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czech Republic, Denmark, Ecuador,* Estonia,* Finland,* France, Georgia,* Germany, Greece,* Hungary,* Ireland,* Israel,* Italy, Latvia,*</p>	<p>Decides to extend the mandate of the Special Rapporteur (SR) on the right to privacy for a period of three years, whose tasks will include: (a) To gather relevant information [...], and to make recommendations to ensure its promotion and protection, including in connection with the challenges arising from new and emerging technologies; (b) To seek, receive and respond to information, while avoiding duplication [...]; (c) To</p>	<p>Introduced by: Germany, Brazil <i>14 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p>General Comments: Philippines</p> <p>PBIs: Yes (activities are perennial in nature; no additional resources are required)</p> <p>Explanation of vote before the vote: None</p> <p>Adopted without a vote.</p> <p>Periodicity: Biennial Voting History: Consensus (HRC37)</p>

	<p> <i>Liechtenstein,* Lithuania,* Luxembourg,* Malta,* Mexico, Monaco,* Montenegro,* Netherlands, North Macedonia,* Norway,* Paraguay,* Peru,* Poland, Portugal,* Romania,* San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Switzerland,* Ukraine, Uruguay</i> </p>	<p> identify possible obstacles to the promotion and protection of the right to privacy and to identify, exchange and promote principles and best practices at the national, regional and international levels and to submit proposals and recommendations to the Human Rights Council (HRC) in that regard, including with a view to particular challenges arising in the digital age and during the design, development and deployment of new and emerging technologies; [...]; (g) To report on alleged violations, wherever they may occur [...], including in connection with the challenges arising from new and emerging technologies, and to draw the attention of the HRC and the UN High Commissioner to situations of particularly serious concern; (h) To submit an annual report to the HRC and to the General Assembly; (i) To cooperate with other special procedure mandate holders and the Envoy of the Secretary-General on Technology, in accordance with their mandates. </p> <p> Requests the Secretary-General and the UN High Commissioner to provide the SR with all the human and financial resources necessary for the effective fulfilment of the mandate. </p>	<p> Link to the meeting on UN WebTV </p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Explanations of vote and General comments after the vote (Item 3)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Brazil: on A/HRC/46/L.6/Rev.1 (right to environment); - Nepal: on A/HRC/46/L.25/Rev.1 (access to vaccine), A/HRC/46/L.6/Rev.1 (right to environment), A/HRC/46/L.11 (right to food), A/HRC/46/L.23 (Voluntary Technical Assistance Trust Fund); - Cameroon (on behalf of the African Group): A/HRC/46/L.14 (funds of illicit origin); - India on the need to focus on the universally agreed language; - Bolivia: on A/HRC/46/L.11 (right to food), A/HRC/46/L.10 (effects of foreign debt), A/HRC/46/L.25/Rev.1 (access to vaccine). <p style="text-align: right;">Link to the meeting on UN WebTV</p>			

Item 4 – Human rights situations that require the Council’s attention

[A/HRC/46/L.7](#)

Situation of human rights in the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea

Submitted by: Portugal* (on behalf of the European Union)

Co-sponsors: Albania,* Australia,* Austria, Belgium,* Bulgaria, Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia,* Finland,* France, Germany, Greece,* Hungary,* Ireland,* Israel,* Italy, Japan, Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania,* Luxembourg,* Malta,* Monaco,* Montenegro,* Netherlands, New Zealand,* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Poland, Portugal,* Romania,* San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Switzerland,* Turkey,* Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States*

Decides to continue to strengthen, for a period of **two years**, the capacity of the OHCHR, including its field-based structure in Seoul, to allow the implementation of relevant recommendations made by the group of independent experts on accountability in its report [...].

Requests the High Commissioner to provide an **oral update** on the progress made in this regard to the Human Rights Council at its **49th session** and to submit a **full report** on the implementation of the recommendations to the Council at its **52nd session**.

Decides to **extend the mandate** of the Special Rapporteur (SR) on the situation of human rights in the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea (DPRK), [...], for a period of **one year**.

Requests the High Commissioner to include **additional options** for strengthening, institutionalizing and further advancing work on accountability in the DPRK, in the report to be submitted to the HRC at its **52nd session**.

Requests the OHCHR to organize a **series of consultations and outreach activities** with victims, affected communities and other relevant stakeholders, with a view to including their views into avenues for accountability.

Encourages the field-based structure of the OHCHR in Seoul to continue its endeavours, welcomes its **regular reports** to the HRC, and invites the High Commissioner to provide the Council with **regular updates** [...].

Requests the OHCHR to report on its follow-up efforts in the regular annual report of the Secretary-General submitted to the General Assembly [...].

Requests the SR to submit **regular reports** to the HRC and to the General Assembly on the implementation of his mandate, including on the follow-up efforts made in the implementation of the recommendations of the commission of inquiry.

Requests the Secretary-General to provide the SR and the OHCHR with regard to the field-based structure with sufficient resources and the support necessary to carry out the mandate effectively, including to support the information and evidence

Introduced by: Portugal* (on behalf of the EU)

7 additional co-sponsors

General Comments: United Kingdom

Country Concerned: Democratic People’s Republic of Korea

PBIs: Yes

Explanation of vote before the vote: Cuba (disassociated itself from the consensus), China (disassociated itself), Russian Federation (disassociated itself from the consensus), Venezuela (disassociated itself from the consensus)

Adopted without a vote.

Voting History: Consensus (HRC43)

Link to the meeting on [UN WebTV](#).

		repository, and to ensure that the mandate holder receives the support of the OHCHR. Decides to transmit all reports of the SR to all relevant bodies of the United Nations and to the Secretary-General for appropriate action.	
A/HRC/46/L.9 Situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Iceland,* North Macedonia,* Moldova,* United Kingdom</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Australia,* Austria, Belgium,* Bulgaria, Canada,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia,* Finland,* France, Germany, Greece,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Israel,* Italy, Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania,* Luxembourg,* Malta,* Moldova,* Montenegro,* Netherlands, New Zealand,* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Poland, Portugal,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States*</p>	Decides to extend the mandate of the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran for a further period of one year , and requests the Special Rapporteur to submit a report on the implementation of the mandate to the Human Rights Council at its 49th session and to the General Assembly at its 76th session . Requests the Secretary-General to provide the Special Rapporteur with the resources necessary to fulfil the mandate.	<p>Introduced by: Iceland* <i>3 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p>General Comments: Austria (<i>on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council</i>)</p> <p>Country Concerned: Iran</p> <p>PBIs: Yes (activities are perennial in nature; no additional resources are required)</p> <p>Explanation of vote before the vote: Brazil, Venezuela, Pakistan (<i>called for a vote</i>), China, Russian Federation, Cuba</p> <p>Adopted with 21 votes in favour:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>For: 21 Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, Eritrea, Fiji, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Malawi, Marshall Islands, Mexico, Netherlands, Poland, Republic of Korea, Ukraine, United Kingdom</p> <p>Against: 12 Armenia, Bangladesh, Bolivia, China, Cuba, India, Indonesia, Pakistan, Philippines, Russian Federation, Uzbekistan, Venezuela</p> <p>Abstained: 14 Brazil, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire, Gabon, Libya, Mauritania, Namibia, Nepal, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan, Togo, Uruguay</p> </div> <p>Voting History: 22-8-15 (HRC43)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV</i></p>
A/HRC/46/L.19	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Portugal* (<i>on behalf of the European Union</i>)</p>	Requests the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights, with assistance from relevant experts and special procedure	<p>Introduced by: Portugal* (<i>on behalf of the EU</i>)</p>

<p>Situation of human rights in Belarus in the run-up to the 2020 presidential election and in its aftermath</p>	<p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Australia,* Austria, Belgium,* Bulgaria, Canada,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia,* Finland,* France, Germany, Greece,* Hungary,* Ireland,* Italy, Japan, Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania,* Luxembourg,* Malta,* Marshall Islands, Monaco,* Montenegro,* Netherlands, North Macedonia,* Norway,* Poland, Portugal,* Romania,* San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Switzerland,* Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States*</p>	<p>mandate holders: (a) To monitor and report on the situation of human rights, to carry out a comprehensive examination of all alleged human rights violations committed in Belarus since 1 May 2020, including the possible gender dimensions of such violations, to establish the facts and circumstances surrounding the alleged violations, and to collect, consolidate, preserve and analyse information and evidence with a view to contributing to accountability for perpetrators and justice for victims and, where possible, to identify those responsible; (b) To make general recommendations on improving respect for and the protection of human rights, and to provide guidance on access to justice and accountability, as appropriate; (c) To engage with the Belarusian authorities and all stakeholders, in particular Belarusian, regional and international civil society, international human rights organizations, UN agencies, the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe and relevant States with a view to exchanging information, as appropriate, and providing support for national, regional and international efforts to promote accountability for human rights violations in Belarus.</p> <p>Requests the immediate operationalization of the mandate.</p> <p>Requests the OHCHR to present an interim oral update to the HRC at its 48th session, and a comprehensive written report at its 49th session, both to be followed by an interactive dialogue.</p> <p>Requests the Secretary-General to provide the OHCHR with full administrative, technical and logistical support and the resources necessary to enable it to carry out its mandate.</p>	<p>View of the co-sponsors on the amendments: Austria (<i>on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council</i>): The EU had held four informal consultations and had engaged in a transparent discussion. The EU rejected all amendments and <u>called for a vote</u> on each of them.</p> <p><i>4 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p>General Comments on L.19 and all its amendments (L.32-L.45): United Kingdom, Uruguay, Japan</p> <p>Country Concerned: Belarus</p> <p>PBIs: Yes</p> <p>Statement by OHCHR⁵: Presentation of financial implications of the written amendments, especially L.43</p> <p>Explanation of vote before the vote: Cuba, Russian Federation (<u>called for a vote</u>), Venezuela, China (<u>supported a call for a vote</u>)</p> <p>Adopted with 20 votes in favour:</p> <p>For: 20 Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Brazil, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark,, Fiji, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Marshall Islands, Mexico, Netherlands, Poland, Republic of Korea, Ukraine, United Kingdom, Uruguay</p> <p>Against: 7 Bolivia, China, Cuba, Eritrea, Philippines, Russian Federation, Venezuela</p> <p>Abstained: 20 Armenia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire, Gabon, India, Indonesia, Libya, Malawi, Mauritania, Namibia, Nepal, Pakistan, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan, Togo, Uzbekistan</p>
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⁵ Delivered by Mr Kyle Ward

			<p>Voting History: NEW initiative.</p> <p><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV</i></p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.32 1st amendment to draft resolution A/HRC/46/L.19</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Belarus* <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Belarus,* China, Russian Federation</p>	<p><i>Delete paragraph 2.</i></p>	<p>Introduced by: Belarus*</p> <p>Explanation of the amendments (L.32-L.37): Categorically rejects the consideration of the situation of Belarus under Item 4. The purpose of the amendments L.32-L.37 is not to look for balance, but to demonstrate the unfunded language of the text itself. The resolution interferes with the independent mandate of the High Commissioner. The amendments are interconnected with the ones introduced by Russian Federation and China. L.19 is destructive and inappropriate.</p> <p>Explanation of vote before the vote: United Kingdom (on amendments L.32-L.37) Rejected with 20 votes against (7 in favour, 20 abstentions)⁶</p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.33 2nd amendment to draft resolution A/HRC/46/L.19</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Belarus* <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Belarus,* China, Russian Federation</p>	<p><i>Delete paragraph 3.</i></p>	<p>Rejected with 19 votes against (7 in favour, 21 abstentions)</p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.34 3rd amendment to draft resolution A/HRC/46/L.19</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Belarus* <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Belarus,* China, Russian Federation</p>	<p><i>Delete paragraph 4.</i></p>	<p>Rejected with 19 votes against (7 in favour, 21 abstentions)</p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.35</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Belarus* <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Belarus,* China, Russian Federation</p>	<p><i>Delete paragraph 5.</i></p>	<p>Rejected with 19 votes against (7 in favour, 21 abstentions)</p>

⁶ See Appendix 2 for Voting results

4 th amendment to draft resolution A/HRC/46/L.19			
A/HRC/46/L.36 5 th amendment to draft resolution A/HRC/46/L.19	<i>Submitted by: Belarus*</i> <i>Co-sponsors: Belarus,* China, Russian Federation</i>	<i>Paragraph 10 should read</i> “10. Stresses the need for accountability for alleged human rights violations, which is critical for the prevention of further violations, and regrets the lack of information regarding open cases on thousands of complaints filed by alleged victims of torture or other ill-treatment.”	<i>Rejected with 19 votes against (11 in favour, 17 abstentions)</i>
A/HRC/46/L.37 6 th amendment to draft resolution A/HRC/46/L.19	<i>Submitted by: Belarus*</i> <i>Co-sponsors: Belarus,* China, Russian Federation</i>	<i>Paragraph 11 should read</i> “11. Urges the Belarusian authorities to ensure independent, transparent and impartial investigations into all reported human rights violations, including allegations of torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment of detainees and protesters, and to guarantee that victims have access to justice and redress and that perpetrators are held fully accountable.”	<i>Rejected with 20 votes against (8 in favour, 19 abstentions)</i>
A/HRC/46/L.38 7 th amendment to draft resolution A/HRC/46/L.19	<i>Submitted by: Russian Federation</i> <i>Co-sponsors: Belarus,* China, Russian Federation</i>	<i>The title should read</i> “Situation of human rights in Belarus”	Introduced by: Russian Federation Explanation of the amendments (L.38-L.44): <i>The sponsors refused to adopt any amendments during the consultations. The European Union was not willing to seek balance in the text. The draft resolution should be of a more well-balanced character and present a better picture of the situation in Belarus.</i> Explanation of vote before the vote: United Kingdom (on amendments L.38-L.44) <i>Rejected with 20 votes against (10 in favour, 17 abstentions)</i>
A/HRC/46/L.39 8 th amendment to draft resolution A/HRC/46/L.19	<i>Submitted by: Russian Federation</i> <i>Co-sponsors: Belarus,* China, Russian Federation</i>	<i>The fifth preambular paragraph should read</i> “Taking note of the interim oral update presented by the High Commissioner to the Human Rights Council on 4 December 2020 and the subsequent report of the High Commissioner on the situation of human rights in Belarus in the context of the	<i>Rejected with 19 votes against (11 in favour, 17 abstentions)</i>

		2020 presidential election and the recommendations and conclusions contained therein, including the recommendation that the Government of Belarus ensure that independent, impartial, prompt, thorough, effective, credible and transparent investigations are conducted into all allegations of human rights violations in the context of peaceful protests, including those involving loss of life and injuries, and torture or ill-treatment, and that perpetrators are brought to justice and adequately held to account”	
A/HRC/46/L.40 9 th amendment to draft resolution A/HRC/46/L.19	<i>Submitted by: Russian Federation</i> <i>Co-sponsors: Belarus,* China, Russian Federation</i>	<i>Paragraph 1 should read</i> “1. Expresses concern about reports on the situation of human rights in Belarus”	Rejected with 20 votes against (8 in favour, 19 abstentions)
A/HRC/46/L.41 10 th amendment to draft resolution A/HRC/46/L.19	<i>Submitted by: Russian Federation</i> <i>Co-sponsors: Belarus,* China, Russian Federation</i>	<i>Paragraph 6 should read</i> “6. Calls upon the Belarusian authorities to cease using excessive force against demonstrators, and to stop carrying out arrests, detentions and imprisonment of persons for exercising their human rights in violation of the law, and urges the Belarusian authorities to immediately and unconditionally release all prisoners, journalists and other media workers, human rights defenders, members of strike committees, students and those detained in the lead-up to, during and after the presidential election for exercising their human rights and fundamental freedoms in violation of the law;”	Rejected with 19 votes against (8 in favour, 20 abstentions)
A/HRC/46/L.42 11 th amendment to draft resolution A/HRC/46/L.19	<i>Submitted by: Russian Federation</i> <i>Co-sponsors: Belarus,* China, Russian Federation</i>	<i>Paragraph 7 should read</i> “7. Also calls upon the Belarusian authorities to ensure free and fair elections and to enter into a genuine dialogue with civil society in order to further ensure the rule of law, democracy and respect for human rights law and standards, and to that end to continue to engage meaningfully with the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe;”	Rejected with 20 votes against (8 in favour, 19 abstentions)
A/HRC/46/L.43 12 th amendment to draft resolution A/HRC/46/L.19	<i>Submitted by: Russian Federation</i> <i>Co-sponsors: Belarus,* China, Russian Federation</i>	<i>Paragraph 13 should read</i> “13. Requests the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, with assistance from relevant special procedure mandate holders: (a) To monitor and report on the situation of human rights, to carry out a comprehensive examination of all alleged human	Rejected with 19 votes against (11 in favour, 17 abstentions)

		<p>rights violations committed in Belarus since 1 May 2020, including the possible gender dimensions of such violations, and to establish the facts and circumstances surrounding the alleged violations;</p> <p>(b) To make general recommendations on improving respect for and the protection of human rights, and to provide guidance on access to justice and accountability, as appropriate;</p> <p>(c) To engage with Belarusian authorities, Belarusian civil society and, where appropriate, international human rights organizations, United Nations agencies and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe, with a view to exchanging information;”</p>	
<p>A/HRC/46/L.44 13th amendment to draft resolution A/HRC/46/L.19</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Russian Federation <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Belarus,* China, Russian Federation</p>	<p><u>Delete paragraph 15.</u></p>	<p>Rejected with 19 votes against (10 in favour, 18 abstentions)</p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.45 14th amendment to draft resolution A/HRC/46/L.19</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> China <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Belarus,* China, Russian Federation</p>	<p><u>After the sixth preambular paragraph, insert a new preambular paragraph reading</u> “Expressing its grave concern at the negative impact of unilateral coercive measures on human rights, development, international relations, trade, investment and cooperation, and highlighting the need to monitor and report human rights violations associated with unilateral coercive measures, to promote accountability to deter future violations and to provide redress for victims,”</p>	<p>Introduced by: China Explanation of the amendment: Some of co-sponsors of L.19 use human rights as pretext to carry-out UCMs against other countries, including Belarus, undermining the principles of the UN Charter and international law. Explanation of vote before the vote: Austria (<i>on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council</i>), Argentina, United Kingdom (supported by Australia, Canada, United States), Cuba Rejected with 18 votes against (12 in favour, 17 abstentions)</p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.21/Rev.1 Situation of human rights in Myanmar</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Portugal* (<i>on behalf of the European Union</i>) <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Australia,* Austria, Belgium,* Bulgaria, Canada,* Chile,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Czech Republic, Denmark,</p>	<p>Decides to extend the mandate of the Special Rapporteur (SR) on the situation of human rights in Myanmar for a further period of one year, requests the SR to present an oral progress report to the Human Rights Council (HRC) at its 47th and 48th sessions and to submit a written report to the Third Committee of the General Assembly at its 76th session and to</p>	<p>Introduced by: Portugal* (<i>on behalf of the EU</i>) 3 additional co-sponsors General Comments: Bangladesh, Indonesia</p>

	<p> <i>Ecuador,* Estonia,* Finland,* France, Germany, Greece,* Hungary,* Iceland,* Ireland,* Italy, Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania,* Luxembourg,* Malawi, Malta,* Monaco,* Montenegro,* Netherlands, New Zealand,* North Macedonia,* Norway,* Poland, Portugal,* Romania,* San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Somalia, Spain,* Sweden,* Switzerland,* Turkey,* Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States*</i> </p>	<p> the Council at its 49th session, each to be followed by an interactive dialogue, in accordance with its annual programme of work, and invites the SR to continue to monitor the situation of human rights and to measure progress in the implementation of recommendations. </p> <p> Recommends that the General Assembly submit the report of the SR to the relevant UN bodies for their consideration and appropriate action, taking into account the relevant conclusions and recommendations. </p> <p> Requests the SR, supported by additional human rights experts, to assess the situation of human rights since 1 February 2021 and to monitor the implementation of the present resolution, including by seeking an urgent visit to Myanmar, and to provide an oral update in his interactive dialogues with the HRC at its 47th and 48th sessions, and to make recommendations on additional steps necessary to address the current crisis. </p> <p> Requests the SR to undertake thematic research with a view to monitoring the implementation of the recommendations made by the independent international fact-finding mission (IIFFM) on Myanmar, and to provide detailed updates on the issues covered by the mission in its reports and conference room papers. </p> <p> Requests the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights (HC) to monitor and assess the overall human rights situation in Myanmar, with a particular focus on accountability regarding alleged violations of international human rights law and international humanitarian law, as well as rule of law and security sector reform since 1 February 2021, with the support of specialist experts and in complementarity to the work of the Independent Investigative Mechanism for Myanmar (IIMM) and the reports of the SR, including in monitoring the implementation of the recommendations made by the IIFFM in its reports and conference room papers, and recommendations contained in the reports of the High Commissioner on the situation of human rights of Rohingya Muslims and other minorities in Myanmar, and to provide to the HRC an oral update at its 47th session, a written update at its 48th session </p>	<p> Country Concerned: Myanmar PBIs: Yes Explanation of vote before the vote: China (disassociated itself from the draft resolution), Venezuela (disassociated itself from consensus), Pakistan, Russian Federation (disassociated itself from consensus), Japan, Eritrea (disassociated from paragraphs that refer to the ICC) </p> <p> <u>Adopted without a vote.</u> </p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p> Voting History: 37-2-8 (HRC43) </p> </div> <p> Link to the meeting on UN WebTV </p>
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		<p>and a comprehensive report at its 49th session, each to be followed by an interactive dialogue.</p> <p>Requests the OHCHR, with the support of experts, to prepare a detailed assessment of the progress made and remaining challenges with regard to the recommendations of the IIFFM in its conference room paper on the economic interests of the military and to present updates in its regular reporting to the HRC and a comprehensive report with its findings and recommendations to the Council at its 51st session, to followed by an interactive dialogue.</p> <p>Requests the Secretary-General to provide the SR, the HC and the IIMM with the increased assistance, resources and expertise necessary to enable them to discharge their mandates fully.</p>	
<p>A/HRC/46/L.24 Situation of human rights in the Syrian Arab Republic</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> France, Germany, Italy, Jordan,* Kuwait,* Netherlands, Qatar,* Turkey,* United Kingdom</p> <p><i>Co-sponsors:</i> Australia,* Belgium,* Bulgaria, Canada,* Croatia,* Czechia, Denmark, Ecuador,* Estonia,* Finland,* France, Georgia,* Germany, Ireland,* Israel,* Italy, Jordan,* Kuwait,* Latvia,* Liechtenstein,* Lithuania,* Luxembourg,* Malta,* Monaco,* Montenegro,* Netherlands, New Zealand,* North Macedonia,* Qatar,* Romania,* San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Somalia, Spain,* Sweden,* Turkey,* Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States*</p>	<p>Requests the OHCHR to resume its work to establish the extent of civilian casualties in the Syrian Arab Republic, in cooperation with civil society, in order to fully assess the number of people killed as a result of 10 years of conflict, and to report on progress through an oral update to the Human Rights Council (HRC) at its 48th session.</p> <p>Decides to extend the mandate of the Commission of Inquiry (Col) for a period of one year.</p> <p>Requests the Col to provide an oral update to the HRC during the interactive dialogue at its 47th session and to present an updated written report during an interactive dialogue at the 48th and 49th sessions of the Council.</p> <p>Decides to transmit all reports and oral updates of the Col to all relevant bodies of the United Nations, recommends that the General Assembly submit the reports to the Security Council for appropriate action, expresses its appreciation to the Commission for its briefings provided to members of the Security Council and General Assembly, and recommends the continuation of such briefings.</p>	<p>Introduced by: United Kingdom <i>13 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p>General Comments: Austria (<i>on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council</i>)</p> <p>Country Concerned: Syrian Arab Republic</p> <p>PBIs: Yes</p> <p>Explanation of vote before the vote: Russian Federation (<i>called for a vote</i>), Armenia, Brazil, China, Venezuela, Argentina, Mexico, Cuba</p> <p>Adopted with 27 votes in favour:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>For: 27 Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Brazil, Bulgaria, Côte d'Ivoire, Czech Republic, Denmark, Fiji, France, Gabon, Germany, Italy, Japan, Libya, Malawi, Marshall Islands, Mexico, Netherlands, Philippines, Poland, Republic of Korea, Somalia, Togo, Ukraine, United Kingdom, Uruguay</p> <p>Against: 6 Armenia, Bolivia, China, Cuba, Russian Federation, Venezuela</p> <p>Abstained: 14 Bahrain, Bangladesh, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Eritrea, India, Indonesia,</p> </div>

			<p>Mauritania, Namibia, Nepal, Pakistan, Senegal, Sudan, Uzbekistan</p> <p>Voting History: 27-1-19 (HRC45)</p> <p><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV</i></p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.29/Rev.1 Situation of human rights in South Sudan <i>(as orally revised)</i></p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Albania,* Norway,* United Kingdom, United States* <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Albania,* Australia,* Austria, Canada,* Czechia, Denmark, Estonia,* Finland,* Germany, Iceland,* Ireland,* Italy, Liechtenstein,* Montenegro,* Netherlands, New Zealand,* Norway,* Romania,* Slovakia,* Spain,* Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States*</p>	<p>Requests the OHCHR to facilitate ongoing consultations between the Government of South Sudan, the Commission on Human Rights in South Sudan (the Commission), the Intergovernmental Authority on Development and the African Union (AU) on progress made concerning the implementation of the above transition plan [see the text of draft], once developed.</p> <p>Decides to extend the mandate of the Commission on Human Rights in South Sudan, composed of three members, for a period of one year, renewable as authorized by the Human Rights Council (HRC), with the following mandate: (a) To monitor and report on the situation of human rights in South Sudan, and to make recommendations to prevent deterioration of the situation with a view to its improvement; (b) To determine and report the facts and circumstances of, to collect and preserve evidence of, and to clarify responsibility for alleged violations and abuses of human rights and related crimes, including sexual and gender-based violence and ethnic violence, with a view to ending impunity and providing accountability, and to make such information available also to all transitional justice mechanisms, including those to be established pursuant to chapter V of the Revitalized Agreement, including the hybrid court for South Sudan, once established in cooperation with the AU; (c) To provide guidance on transitional justice, including accountability, reconciliation and healing, as appropriate, and to make recommendations on technical assistance to the Government of South Sudan to support accountability, reconciliation and healing; (d) To engage with the Government of South Sudan, international and regional mechanisms, including the United Nations, the UN Mission in South Sudan and the AU, including by building upon the work of the AU Commission of Inquiry on</p>	<p>Introduced by: United Kingdom Oral revision: PP8 “to inform future consideration by the Human Rights Council of the situation of South Sudan under agenda item 10” (“by the Human Rights Council” added). <i>4 additional co-sponsors</i> General Comments: Austria (<i>on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council</i>) Country Concerned: <i>did not take the floor</i> PBIs: None Explanation of vote before the vote: Cameroon (<i>on behalf of the African Group</i>) (<i>called for a vote</i>), Eritrea, China, Uruguay, Sudan, Netherlands, Denmark, Venezuela Concerns raised: <i>Non-cooperation of the country delegation on this draft. An alternative resolution was tabled under Agenda Item 10 – which leads to duplication.</i> Adopted with 20 votes in favour:</p> <p>For: 20 Argentina, Armenia, Austria, Bahamas, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, Fiji, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Marshall Islands, Mexico, Netherlands, Poland, Republic of Korea, Ukraine, United Kingdom, Uruguay Against: 16 Bahrain, Bolivia, Cameroon, China, Côte d’Ivoire, Cuba, Eritrea, Gabon, Libya, Mauritania, Pakistan, Philippines,</p>

		<p>South Sudan and African Commission on Human and Peoples' Rights, the Intergovernmental Authority on Development, [...], with a view to promoting accountability for human rights violations and abuses committed by all parties; (e) To make recommendations on technical assistance and capacity-building, [...]; (f) To make recommendations on technical assistance and capacity-building for implementation of chapter V of the Revitalized Agreement; (g) To make recommendations on a follow-up process for the provision of technical assistance and capacity-building to South Sudan. Requests the Commission on Human Rights in South Sudan to convene two workshops on transitional justice, [...]. Requests the OHCHR to provide all the administrative, technical and logistical support necessary to enable the Commission to carry out its mandate, including computer software to support the Commission's evidence collection function.</p> <p>Also requests the OHCHR to provide the Government of South Sudan with technical assistance [...].</p> <p>Requests the Secretary-General to provide the OHCHR with all the resources necessary [...].</p> <p>Requests the Commission on Human Rights in South Sudan to present an oral update to the HRC at its 48th session, [...], during an enhanced interactive dialogue, with the participation of representatives of the AU, and to present a comprehensive written report to the Council at its 49th session during an interactive dialogue.</p> <p>Also requests the Commission to submit its report and recommendations to the HRC and then to share them with the AU and all relevant organs of the UN, including the UN Mission in South Sudan.</p>	<p>Russian Federation, Somalia, Sudan, Venezuela</p> <p>Abstained: 11 Bangladesh, Brazil, Burkina Faso, India, Indonesia, Malawi, Namibia, Nepal, Senegal, Togo, Uzbekistan</p> <p>Voting History: Consensus (HRC43)</p> <p><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV</i></p>
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Explanations of vote and General comments after the vote (Item 4)

- **Russian Federation:** on financial implications of the resolutions adopted under Item 4;
- **Philippines:** disassociated from resolution [A/HRC/46/L.21/Rev.1](#) (situation of human rights in Myanmar); the importance of PBIs;
- **Uruguay:** [A/HRC/46/L.9](#) (situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran)

Link to the meeting on [UN WebTV](#)

Item 7 – Human rights situation in Palestine and other occupied Arab territories			
<p>A/HRC/46/L.16 Human rights in the occupied Syrian Golan</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Pakistan (on behalf of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation) <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Chile, * Pakistan (on behalf of the OIC), State of Palestine*</p>	<p>Requests the Secretary-General to bring the present resolution to the attention of all Governments, the competent United Nations organs, specialized agencies, international and regional intergovernmental organizations and international humanitarian organizations, to disseminate it as widely as possible and to report on this matter to the Human Rights Council at its 49th session. Decides to continue its consideration of the human rights violations in the occupied Syrian Golan at its 49th session.</p>	<p>Introduced by: Pakistan (on behalf of the OIC) <i>3 additional co-sponsors</i> General Comments: None Countries Concerned: Israel (on L.16, L.18 and L.30), Syria PBIs: None Explanation of vote before the vote: Uruguay, Brazil, Austria (on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council), Germany (<u>called for a vote</u>), United Kingdom Adopted with 26 votes in favour:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>For: 26 Argentina, Armenia, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bolivia, Burkina Faso, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Eritrea, Gabon, India, Indonesia, Libya, Mauritania, Mexico, Namibia, Nepal, Pakistan, Russian Federation, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan, Uzbekistan, Venezuela Against: 18 Austria, Brazil, Bulgaria, Cameroon, Czech Republic, Denmark, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Malawi, Marshall Islands, Netherlands, Poland, Republic of Korea, Togo, Ukraine, United Kingdom Abstained: 3 Fiji, Philippines, Uruguay</p> </div> <p>Voting History: 27-17-4 (HRC43)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV</i></p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.18 Right of the Palestinian people to self-determination</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Pakistan (on behalf of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation) <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Australia, * Canada, * Fiji, Pakistan, * Paraguay, * Uruguay, State of Palestine*, Chile, * Pakistan, State of Palestine*</p>	<p>Calls upon all States to ensure their obligations of non-recognition, non-aid or assistance with regard to the serious breaches of peremptory norms of international law by Israel, in particular of the prohibition of the acquisition of territory by force, in order to ensure the exercise of the right to self-determination, and also calls upon them to cooperate further to bring, through lawful means, an end to these serious breaches and a reversal of Israel's illegal policies and practices.</p>	<p>Introduced by: Pakistan (on behalf of the OIC) <i>12 additional co-sponsors</i> General Comments: None Country Concerned: State of Palestine (on L.18 and L.30) PBIs: None Explanation of vote before the vote: United Kingdom (<u>called for a vote</u>), Czech Republic (on L.16, L.18, L.30) Adopted with 42 votes in favour:</p>

		<p>Urges all States to adopt measures as required to promote the realization of the right to self-determination of the Palestinian people, and to render assistance to the United Nations in carrying out the responsibilities entrusted to it by the Charter regarding the implementation of this right.</p>	<p>For: 42 Argentina, Armenia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Denmark, Eritrea, Fiji, France, Gabon, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Libya, Mauritania, Mexico, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands, Pakistan, Philippines, Poland, Republic of Korea, Russian Federation, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan, Togo, Ukraine, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Venezuela</p> <p>Against: 3 Czech Republic, Marshall Islands, United Kingdom</p> <p>Abstained: 2 Cameroon, Malawi</p> <p>Voting History: 43-2-2 (HRC43)</p> <p><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV</i></p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.30 Israeli settlements in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and in the occupied Syrian Golan</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Pakistan (on behalf of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation) <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Chile,* Pakistan (on behalf of the OIC), Venezuela, State of Palestine*</p>	<p>Calls upon the relevant United Nations bodies to take all necessary measures and actions within their mandates to ensure full respect for and compliance with Human Rights Council resolution 17/4 of 16 June 2011, on the Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights and other relevant international laws and standards, and to ensure the implementation of the United Nations “Protect, Respect and Remedy” Framework, which provides a global standard for upholding human rights in relation to business activities that are connected with Israeli settlements in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem.</p> <p>Requests the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights to report on the implementation of the provisions of the present resolution to the Human Rights Council at its 49th session.</p>	<p>Introduced by: Pakistan (on behalf of the OIC) <i>8 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p>General Comments: None</p> <p>PBIs: None</p> <p>Explanation of vote before the vote: United Kingdom (called for a vote)</p> <p>Adopted with 36 votes in favour:</p> <p>For: 36 Argentina, Armenia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bolivia, Burkina Faso, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Denmark, Eritrea, Fiji, France, Gabon, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Libya, Mauritania, Mexico, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands, Pakistan, Philippines, Poland, Republic of Korea, Russian Federation, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Venezuela</p> <p>Against: 3 Czech Republic, Marshall Islands, United Kingdom</p> <p>Abstained: 8 Austria, Bahamas, Brazil, Bulgaria, Cameroon, Malawi, Togo, Ukraine</p> <p>Voting History: 36-2-9 (HRC43)</p> <p><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV</i></p>

Item 9 – Racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related forms of intolerance, follow-up and implementation of the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action			
<p>A/HRC/46/L.3 Combating intolerance, negative stereotyping and stigmatization of, and discrimination, incitement to violence and violence against, persons based on religion or belief</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Pakistan (on behalf of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation) <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Australia,* Canada,* Fiji, Pakistan,* Paraguay,* Uruguay, State of Palestine*</p>	<p>Requests the High Commissioner to prepare and submit to the Human Rights Council at its 49th session a comprehensive follow-up report with elaborated conclusions based upon information provided by States on the efforts and measures taken for the implementation of the action plan outlined in paragraphs 7 and 8 of the resolution, and views on potential follow-up measures for further improvement of the implementation of that plan.</p>	<p>Introduced by: Pakistan (on behalf of the OIC) 3 additional co-sponsors General Comments: None PBIs: None Explanation of vote before the vote: Armenia Adopted without a vote.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>Periodicity: Annual Voting History: Consensus (HRC43)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p>
<p>Explanations of vote and General comments after the vote (Item 9)</p>			
<p>- Russian Federation: traditionally joins consensus. Need for a dialogue between representatives of different religions, without politicization.</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV</i></p>			

Item 10 – Technical assistance and capacity-building			
<p>A/HRC/46/L.17 Technical assistance and capacity-building for Mali in the field of human rights (Assistance technique et renforcement des capacités dans le domaine des droits de l'homme au Mali)</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Cameroon (on behalf of the Group of African States) <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Belgium,* Bulgaria, Cameroon,* Canada,* Croatia,* Czech Republic, Estonia,* Finland,* France, Germany, Greece,* Ireland, Italy, Latvia,* Lithuania,* Luxembourg,* Malta,* Netherlands, Romania,* Slovakia,* Spain,* Sweden*, United Kingdom</p>	<p>Decides to extend the mandate of the Independent Expert (IE) on the situation of human rights in Mali for a period of one year in order to permit him to evaluate the situation of human rights in Mali and to assist the Malian transitional authorities in their efforts to promote, protect and fulfil human rights and to strengthen the rule of law.</p> <p>Requests the IE, within the framework of his mandate, to work closely with all entities of the UN, the African Union, the Economic Community of West African States, the Group of Five for the Sahel and its member States, neighbouring States and all other international organizations concerned, and with Malian civil society.</p> <p>Requests the IE to submit a report to the Human Rights Council at its 49th session.</p> <p>Decides to hold a dialogue at its 49th session, in the presence of the IE and representatives of the Transitional Government of Mali, to assess the changes in the situation of human rights in the country, with a particular focus on the issue of space for civil society and human rights defenders.</p> <p>Requests the OHCHR to continue to provide the technical assistance requested by the Transitional Government of Mali in order to strengthen the capacity of the National Human Rights Commission of Mali.</p>	<p>Introduced by: Cameroon (on behalf of the African Group) 17 additional co-sponsors General Comments: Austria (on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council) Country Concerned: did not take the floor PBIs: Yes (activities are perennial in nature; no additional resources are required) Adopted without a vote.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> <p>Voting History: Consensus (HRC43)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p>
<p>A/HRC/46/L.20 Technical assistance and capacity-building for South Sudan</p>	<p><i>Submitted by:</i> Cameroon (on behalf of the Group of African States) <i>Co-sponsors:</i> Cameroon (on behalf of the Group of African States)</p>	<p>Requests the OHCHR, in cooperation with the Government of South Sudan and relevant mechanisms of the African Union (AU), to urgently assist South Sudan to address human rights challenges in the post-conflict transition, by: (a) Monitoring and reporting on the situation of human rights, and to make recommendations to prevent any deterioration in the situation with a view to improving it; (b) Assessing the technical assistance and capacity-building needs of South Sudan [...]; (c) Providing the required technical assistance and capacity-building, particularly with regard to the implementation of the Revitalized Agreement; (d) Providing guidance on transitional justice, including accountability, reconciliation and healing [...]; (e) Engaging with the Government of South Sudan,</p>	<p>Introduced by: Cameroon (on behalf of the African Group) 2 additional co-sponsors General Comments: Austria (on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council) PBIs: Yes Explanation of vote before the vote: Uruguay Adopted without a vote.</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV.</i></p>

		<p>international and regional mechanisms, including the UN, the UN Mission in South Sudan and the African Union, [...], with a view to promoting accountability for human rights violations and abuses committed by all parties; (f) Making recommendations on technical assistance and capacity-building, including for law enforcement institutions, on the promotion and protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms, including on addressing sexual and gender-based violence; (g) Making recommendations on technical assistance and capacity-building for the implementation of chapter V of the Revitalized Agreement; (h) Making recommendations on a follow-up process [...].</p> <p>Requests the OHCHR to provide technical assistance to South Sudan in order to convene two workshops on transitional justice, with the participation of relevant stakeholders.</p> <p>Requests the OHCHR to work collaboratively with the African Commission on Human and Peoples' Rights, including with the Country Rapporteur for South Sudan.</p> <p>Requests the OHCHR to provide the Government of South Sudan with the technical assistance necessary to support the realization of the indicators contained in the present resolution.</p> <p>Requests the Secretary-General to provide all the resources [...].</p> <p>Requests the High Commissioner to present an oral update to the HRC at its 48th session, including on progress made in the provisions described in the present resolution, during an enhanced interactive dialogue, with the participation of representatives of the AU, and to present a comprehensive written report to the Council at its 49th session during an interactive dialogue.</p> <p>Requests the High Commissioner to share the above-mentioned report and the recommendations contained therein with the AU and all relevant organs of the UN, including the UN Mission in South Sudan.</p>	
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<p>A/HRC/46/L.26 Cooperation with Georgia</p>	<p><i>Submitted by: Georgia*</i> <i>Co-sponsors: Australia,* Austria, Belgium,* Bulgaria, Canada,* Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia,* Finland,* France, Georgia,* Germany, Greece,* Hungary,* Ireland,* Italy, Latvia,* Lithuania,* Luxembourg,* Malta,* Marshall Islands, Montenegro,* North Macedonia,* Poland, Portugal,* Republic of Moldova,* Romania,* San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Spain,* Sweden,* Turkey,* Ukraine, United Kingdom</i></p>	<p>Requests the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights to continue to provide technical assistance through the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights in Tbilisi.</p> <p>Demands that immediate and unimpeded access be given to the Office of the High Commissioner and international and regional human rights mechanisms to Abkhazia, Georgia and the Tskhinvali region/South Ossetia, Georgia.</p> <p>Requests the High Commissioner to present to the Human Rights Council, in accordance with its resolution 5/1 of 18 June 2007, an oral update on the follow-up to the present resolution at its 47th session, and to present a written report on developments relating to and the implementation of the present resolution at its 48th session.</p>	<p>Introduced by: Cameroon (<i>on behalf of the African Group</i>) <i>13 additional co-sponsors</i></p> <p>General Comments: Austria (<i>on behalf of the EU member states that are members of the Council</i>), Armenia, United Kingdom</p> <p>Country Concerned: <i>did not take the floor</i></p> <p>PBIs: Yes</p> <p>Explanation of vote before the vote: Eritrea, Russian Federation (<i>asked for a vote</i>), Poland, Brazil, Czech Republic</p> <p>Adopted with 19 votes in favour:</p> <div data-bbox="1563 582 2063 946" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>For: 19 Austria, Bahamas, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, Fiji, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Libya, Malawi, Marshall Islands, Mexico, Netherlands, Poland, Somalia, Ukraine, United Kingdom</p> <p>Against: 8 Bolivia, Cameroon, China, Cuba, Eritrea, Philippines, Russian Federation, Venezuela Abstained: 19, Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Côte d'Ivoire, Gabon, India, Indonesia, Mauritania, Namibia, Nepal, Pakistan, Republic of Korea, Senegal, Sudan, Togo, Uruguay, Uzbekistan</p> </div> <p>Voting History: 20-2-24 (HRC43)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Link to the meeting on UN WebTV</i></p>
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Explanations of vote and General comments after the vote (Item 10)

- **Brazil:** supported resolution [A/HRC/46/L.20](#) (technical assistance and capacity-building for South Sudan);
- **Philippines:** the three resolutions adopted under Item 10 represent a constructive approach, which Philippines fully supports.

Link to the meeting on [UN WebTV](#)

General Comments by Observers on the Decision Adopted during the session

Turkey; United States of America; Belarus; Cambodia; Democratic People's Republic of Korea; Australia; Qatar; Switzerland; Brunei Darussalam; Egypt; Iran; South Sudan

APPENDIX 1: Action Taken on Draft Resolutions submitted during the 46th session of the Human Rights Council

	Item 2				Item 3				Item 4			Item 7			Item 10		
	A/HRC/ME/L.1/Rev.1	A/HRC/ME/L.1	A/HRC/ME/L.11		A/HRC/ME/L.1	A/HRC/ME/L.11	A/HRC/ME/L.11	A/HRC/ME/L.12	A/HRC/ME/L.1	A/HRC/ME/L.11	A/HRC/ME/L.12/Rev.1	A/HRC/ME/L.11	A/HRC/ME/L.11	A/HRC/ME/L.11	A/HRC/ME/L.11		
	Promoting accountability, responsibility and human rights in Sri Lanka	Promotion and protection of human rights in Nicaragua	Human rights situation in the Occupied Palestinian Territories, including East Jerusalem, and the obligation to ensure accountability and justice		The regular impact of unilateral coercive measures on the enjoyment of human rights	Effects of foreign debt and other related international financial obligations of States on the full enjoyment of all human rights, particularly economic, social and cultural rights	The regular impact of the over-regulation of funds of illicit origin in the maintenance of integrity on the enjoyment of human rights, and the importance of improving transparency	Promoting mutually beneficial cooperation in the field of human rights		Situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran	Situation of human rights in Belarus in the run-up to the 2020 presidential election and in its aftermath	Situation of human rights in South Sudan		Human rights in the occupied Syrian Golan	Right of the Palestinian people to self-determination	Israeli settlements in the Occupied Palestinian Territories, including East Jerusalem, and in the occupied Syrian Golan	Cooperation with Georgia ¹ submitted by Georgia
Argentina	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Armenia	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Austria	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Bahamas	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Bahrain	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Bangladesh	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Bolivia	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Brazil	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Bulgaria	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Burkina Faso	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Cameroon	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
China	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Côte d'Ivoire	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Cuba	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Czech Republic	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Denmark	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Eritrea	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Fiji	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
France	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Gabon	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Germany	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
India	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Indonesia	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Italy	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Japan	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Libya	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Malawi	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Marshall Islands	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Mauritania	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Mexico	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Namibia	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Nepal	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Netherlands	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Pakistan	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Philippines	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Poland	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Republic of Korea	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Russian Federation	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Senegal	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Somalia	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Sudan	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Togo	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Ukraine	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
United Kingdom	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Uruguay	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Uzbekistan	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Venezuela	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
	ADOPTED	ADOPTED	ADOPTED	ADOPTED	ADOPTED	ADOPTED	ADOPTED	ADOPTED	ADOPTED	ADOPTED	ADOPTED	ADOPTED	ADOPTED	ADOPTED	ADOPTED	ADOPTED	
<i>Yes</i>	22	20	32	30	29	31	26	21	20	20	26	42	36	19			
<i>No</i>	11	8	6	15	14	14	15	12	7	11	18	3	3	8			
<i>Abstain</i>	14	18	8	2	4	2	6	14	20	16	3	2	8	19			
<i>Not present</i>	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
TOTAL	47	46	46	47	46	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	46	TOTAL		

APPENDIX 2: Action Taken on Written Amendments to Draft Resolution [A/HRC/46/L.19](#)

		A/HRC/46/L.19 Situation of human rights in Belarus in the run-up to the 2020 presidential election and in its aftermath														
		A/HRC/46/L.32	A/HRC/46/L.33	A/HRC/46/L.34	A/HRC/46/L.35	A/HRC/46/L.36	A/HRC/46/L.37	A/HRC/46/L.38	A/HRC/46/L.39	A/HRC/46/L.40	A/HRC/46/L.41	A/HRC/46/L.42	A/HRC/46/L.43	A/HRC/46/L.44	A/HRC/46/L.45	
		1st amendment	2nd amendment	3rd amendment	4th amendment	5th amendment	6th amendment	7th amendment	8th amendment	9th amendment	10th amendment	11th amendment	12th amendment	13th amendment	14th amendment	
Argentina		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Argentina
Armenia		a	a	a	a	y	a	y	y	a	a	a	y	a	a	Armenia
Austria		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Austria
Bahamas		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	Bahamas
Bahrain		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	Bahrain
Bangladesh		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	y	Bangladesh
Bolivia		y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	Bolivia
Brazil		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Brazil
Bulgaria		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Bulgaria
Burkina Faso		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	Burkina Faso
Cameroon		y	a	a	y	y	a	y	y	a	y	y	a	y	y	Cameroon
China		y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	China
Côte d'Ivoire		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	Côte d'Ivoire
Cuba		y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	Cuba
Czech Republic		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Czech Republic
Denmark		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Denmark
Eritrea		y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	Eritrea
Fiji		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Fiji
France		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	France
Gabon		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	Gabon
Germany		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Germany
India		a	a	a	a	y	y	a	y	y	y	a	y	y	y	India
Indonesia		a	y	y	a	y	n	y	y	a	a	y	y	y	y	Indonesia
Italy		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Italy
Japan		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Japan
Libya		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	Libya
Malawi		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	Malawi
Marshall Islands		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Marshall Islands
Mauritania		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	y	Mauritania
Mexico		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Mexico
Namibia		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	Namibia
Nepal		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	Nepal
Netherlands		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Netherlands
Pakistan		a	a	a	a	y	y	y	y	a	a	y	y	y	y	Pakistan
Philippines		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	y	a	a	Philippines
Poland		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Poland
Republic of Korea		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Republic of Korea
Russian Federation		y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	Russian Federation
Senegal		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	Senegal
Somalia		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	Somalia
Sudan		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	Sudan
Togo		n	a	a	a	a	a	n	a	n	a	a	a	a	a	Togo
Ukraine		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Ukraine
United Kingdom		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	United Kingdom
Uruguay		n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	Uruguay
Uzbekistan		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	Uzbekistan
Venezuela		y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	Venezuela
		REJECTED	REJECTED	REJECTED	REJECTED	REJECTED	REJECTED	REJECTED	REJECTED	REJECTED	REJECTED	REJECTED	REJECTED	REJECTED	REJECTED	
	Yes:	7	7	7	7	7	11	8	10	11	8	8	8	11	10	12
	No:	20	19	19	19	19	20	20	20	19	20	19	19	19	19	18
	Abstain:	20	21	21	21	17	19	17	17	19	20	20	17	18	17	
	Did not vote:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	